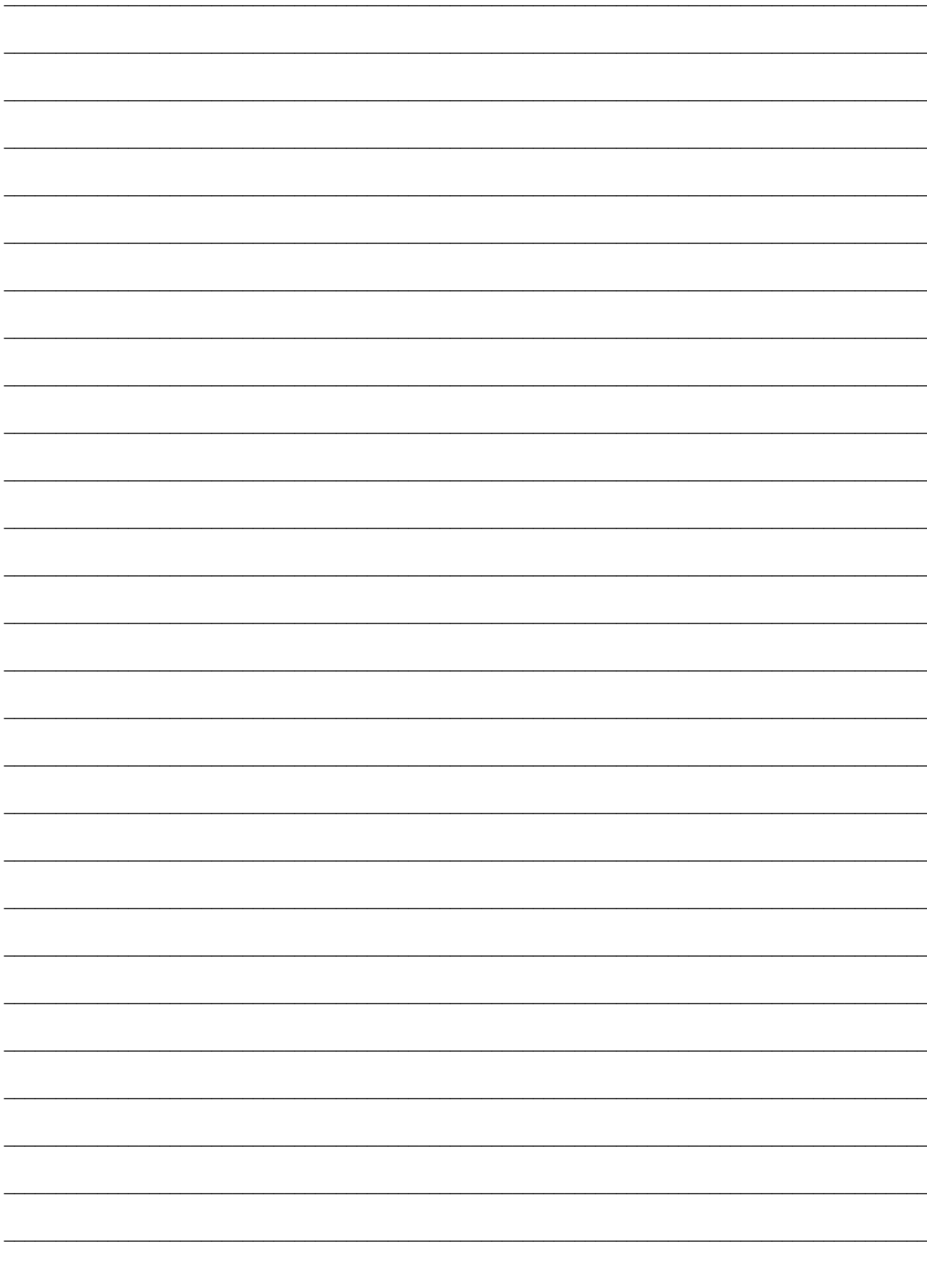

D05

Jean-François Delcamp

guitare classique chitarra classica classical guitar guitarra clásica

Luys de Narváez : Cancion del Imperador - Guardame las vacas - Fantaisies 10 et 12
- Tres diferencias - Hans Neusiedler : Wascha mesa - Alonso Mudarra : Romanesca -
Gallarda - Adrian Le Roy : Branle de Bourgogne n° 2 - Giulio Cesare Barbetta :
Moresca detta le canarie - Santino Garsi da Parma : Ballo del serenissimo Duca -
Anonyme : Bianca fiore - Saltarello - John Dowland : Lady Laiton's almain - Jean
Baptiste Besard : Ballet - Robert Johnson : Alman VII - Gaspar Sanz : 2 Canarios -
Preludio - Pavanas por la D - François Campion : Prélude - Gigue - Santiago de
Murcia : Prélude - Allegro - Johann Sebastian Bach : Menuet Anh. 132 - Prélude BWV
1007 - Giuseppe Antonio Brescianello : Allegro - François de Fossa : Campanella -
Fernando Sor : Etude opus 6 n°5 - Valse opus 13 - Leçon opus 31 n°21 - Exercice
opus 35 n°8 - Leçon opus 60 n°18 - Dionisio Aguado : Egercicio n°10 - Ejercicio n°19 -
Matteo Carcassi : Etudes opus 60 n°1, 3, 16 et 18 - Johann Kaspar Mertz : Ländler
opus 9 n°4 - Ländler opus 12 n°1 - Napoléon Coste : Etudes opus 38 n°1 et 2 - Etude
n°13 - Leçon n°24 - Robert Schumann : Fröhlicher Landmann - Julián Arcas : La
Saltarina - Preludio - Francisco Tárrega : Lágrima - Estudio en forma de Minuetto -
Estudio en mi - 4 Estudios - Antonio Jiménez Manjón : Balada - Salvador Resgrasa :
¿Cómo le va del ojo? - Enrico Aloisi : Estelle - Zequinha de Abreu : Tardes em Lindoia
- Amando sobre o Mar - João Teixeira Guimarães (Pernambuco) : Sons de Carilhões
- Agustín Barrios Mangoré : El Sueño de la Muñequita - Estudio del ligado - Américo
Jacomino (Canhoto) : Arrependida - Jean-François Delcamp : Berceuse - Préludes
n°1 et 2 - Tango - Mordants et trilles - Arpèges - Cejilla - Eteintes des résonances -
Extensions - Gammes - Liaisons - Pierre Tremblay : Contine - Exercices : Eteinte des
résonances - Liaisons - Mordants et trilles - Arpèges - Gammes - Cejilla - Extensions -
Gammes en tierces.



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Jean-François DELCAMP

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Jean-François DELCAMP

☑ Luys de NARVÁEZ (ca. 1500-1555)

DIFERENCIAS SOBRE GUARDAME LAS VACAS

"Los seys libros del Delphin de música de cifra para tañer vihuela" (Valladolid, 1538)

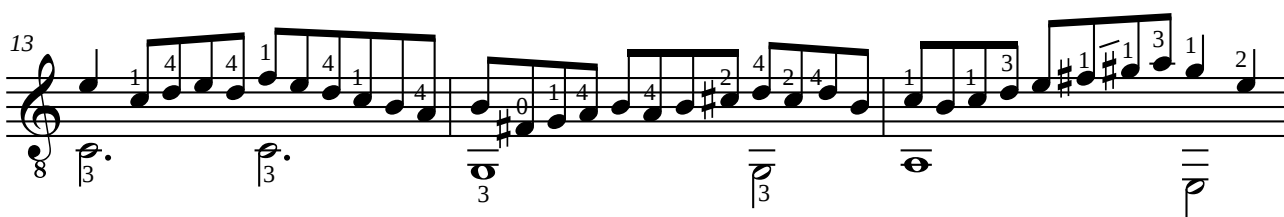
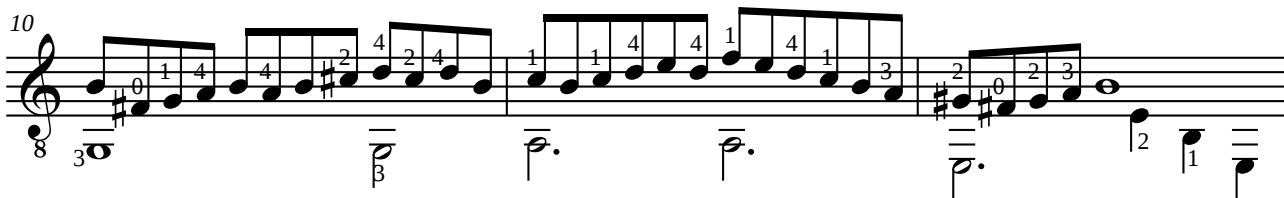
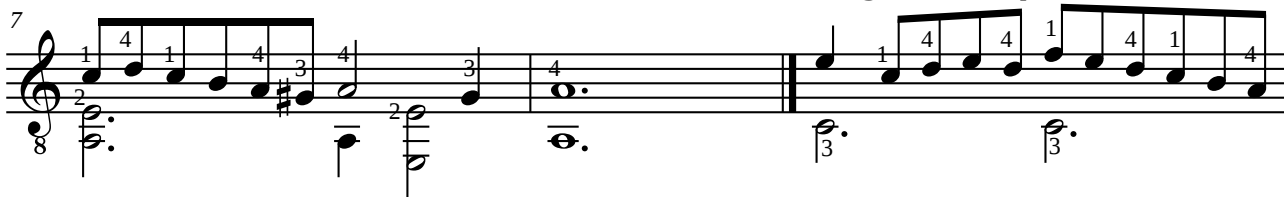
Adaptation pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

③ = FA#

Primera diferencia ♩ = 160



Segunda diferencia



Tercera diferencia

16 19 22 **C III**

Detailed description: This system contains measures 16 through 24. Measure 16 starts with a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp (F#), and a common time signature. It features a melody in the treble and a bass line in the bass. Measures 17-21 continue the melody and bass line with various rhythmic patterns and fingerings. Measure 22 begins a new section marked 'C III' with a repeat sign and a key signature change to one sharp. Measures 23-24 continue this section with a melody and bass line.

Quarta diferencia

25 28 31 34 **C III**

Detailed description: This system contains measures 25 through 36. Measure 25 starts with a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp (F#), and a common time signature. It features a melody in the treble and a bass line in the bass. Measures 26-27 continue the melody and bass line. Measure 28 begins a new section marked 'C III' with a repeat sign and a key signature change to one sharp. Measures 29-36 continue this section with a melody and bass line.

Luys de NARVÁEZ (ca. 1500-1555)

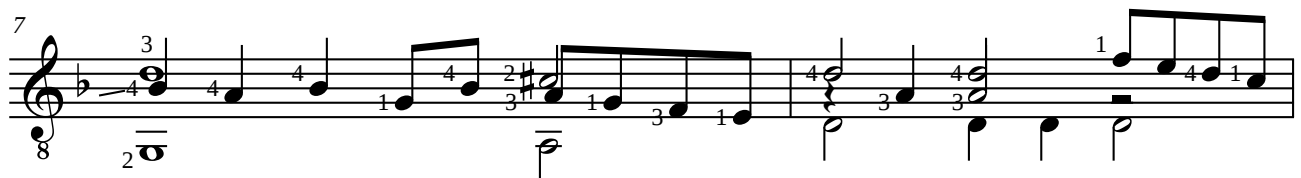
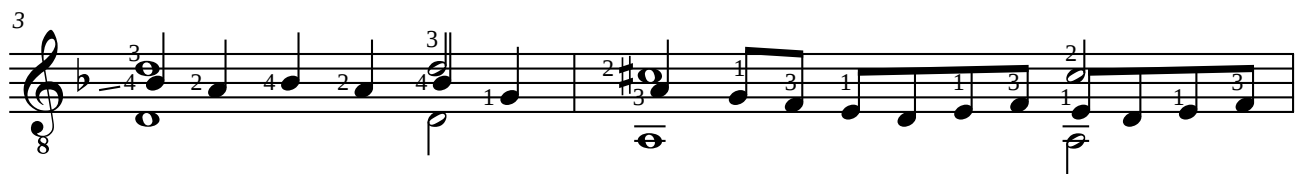
TRES DIFERENCIAS POR OTRA PARTE

"Los seys libros del Delphin de música de cifra para tañer vihuela" (Valladolid, 1538)

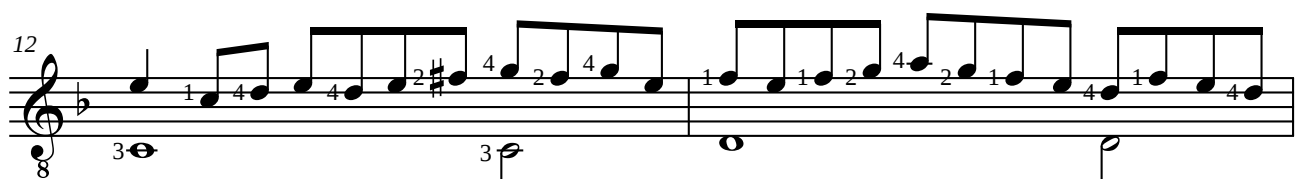
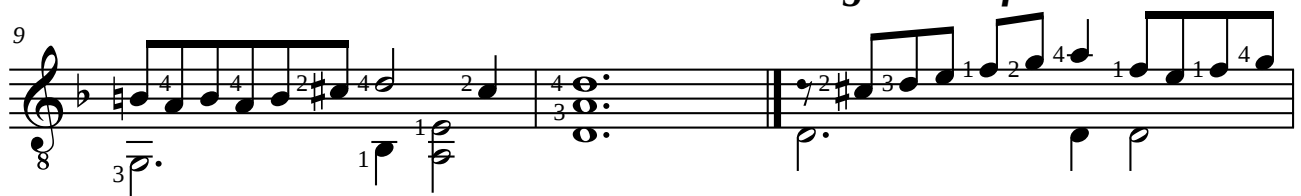
Adaptation pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

③ = FA#

Primera diferencia ♩ = 160



Segunda diferencia



The first system of the musical score is written on a single staff. It begins with a treble clef, a key signature of one flat (B-flat), and a common time signature (C). The melody consists of eighth and quarter notes, with fingerings indicated by numbers 1, 2, 3, and 4. The bass line is represented by a single eighth note (B-flat) and a whole note (B-flat). The system number '14' is written in the upper left corner.

18

Musical score for 'The Rose Tree' (continued). The score is in 3/4 time, key of B-flat major. The melody is written on a treble clef staff, and the bass line is on a bass clef staff. The melody features a series of eighth and sixteenth notes, with some measures containing beamed sixteenth notes. The bass line consists of quarter and eighth notes. The score ends with a double bar line.

Tercera diferencia

[illegible]

The first system of the musical score for 'The Rose Tree' is written on a single staff. It begins with a treble clef, a key signature of one flat (B-flat), and a common time signature (C). The melody consists of several measures, with some notes beamed together. Fingering numbers (1, 2, 3, 4) are placed above the notes to indicate fingerings. The system ends with a double bar line.

[illegible]

Luys de NARVÁEZ (ca. 1500-1555)

FANTASIA X

du deuxième livre de "Los seys libros del Delphin de música de cifra para tañer vihuela" (Valladolid, 1538)

Adaptation pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

③ = FA# ♩ = 132

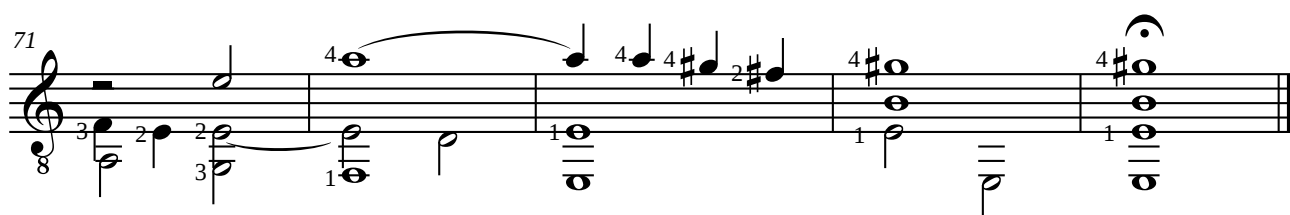
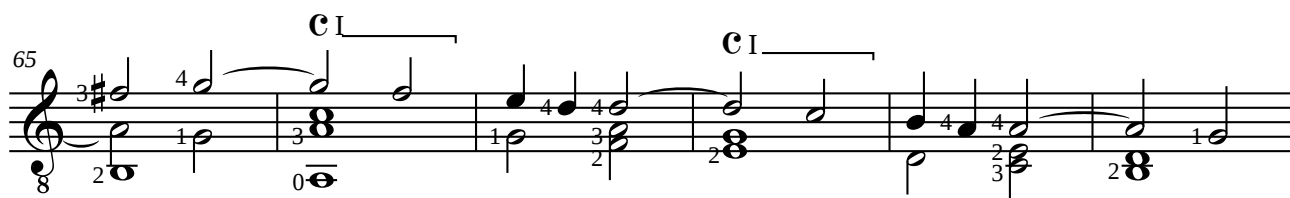
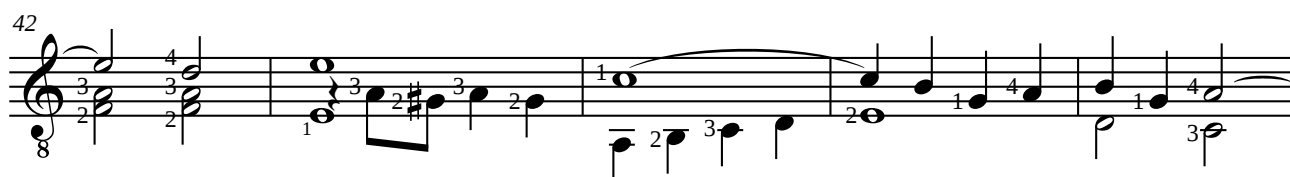
6

12

17

22

27



☑ Luys de NARVÁEZ (ca. 1500-1555)

CANCION DEL IMPERADOR

du troisième livre de "Los seys libros del Delphin de música de cifra para tañer vihuela" (Valladolid, 1538)

Adaptation pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

③ = FA# ♩ = 60

5

9

14

19

24

28

32

C III

37

42

47

52

57

62

66

70

74

Luys de NARVÁEZ (ca. 1500-1555)

FANTASIA XII

du deuxième livre de "Los seys libros del Delphin de música de cifra para tañer vihuela" (Valladolid, 1538)

Adaptation pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

③ = FA#

$\text{♩} = 120$

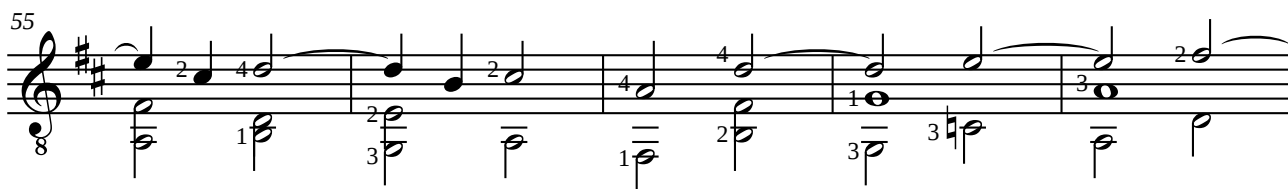
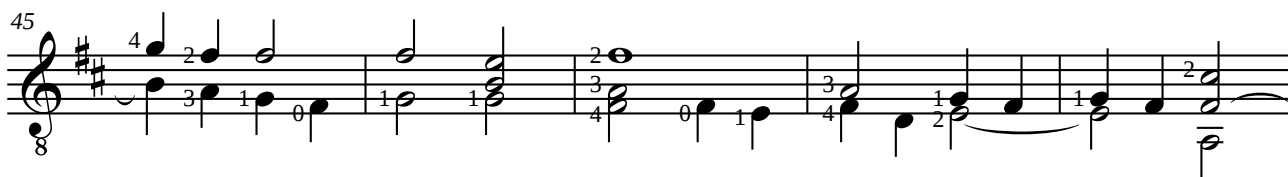
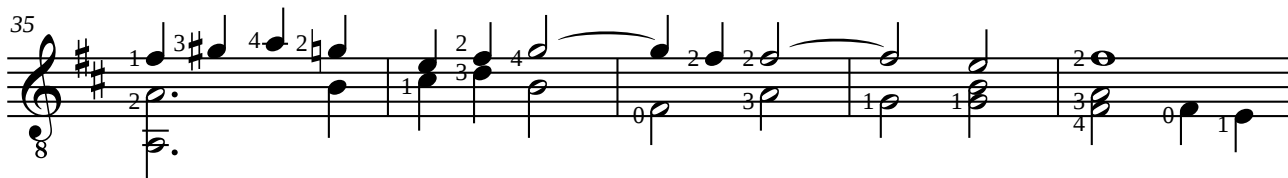
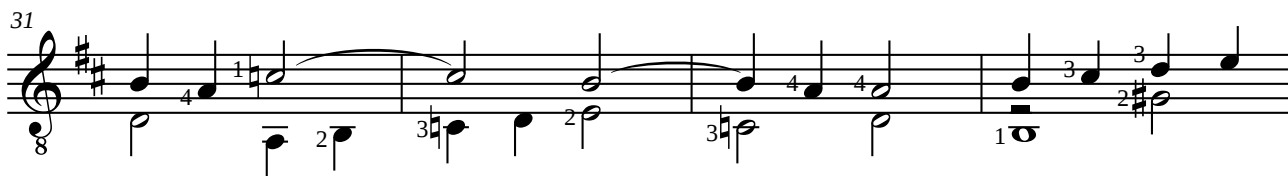
6

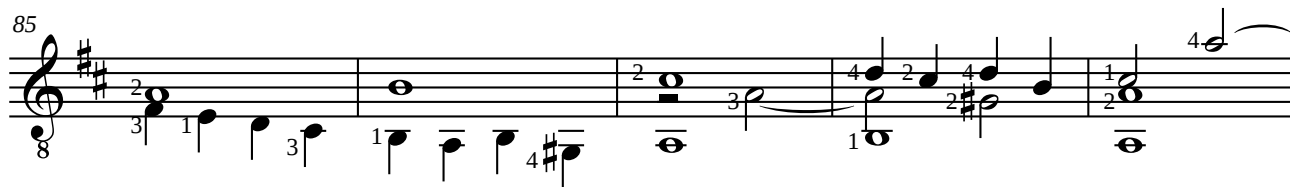
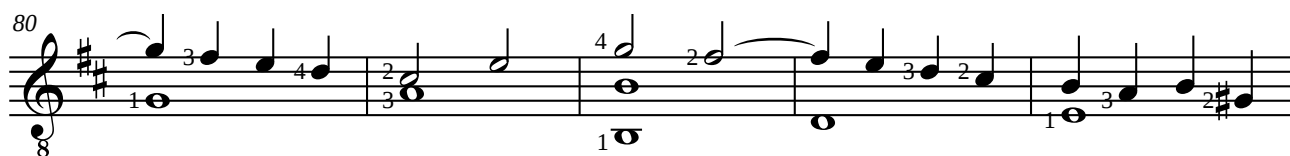
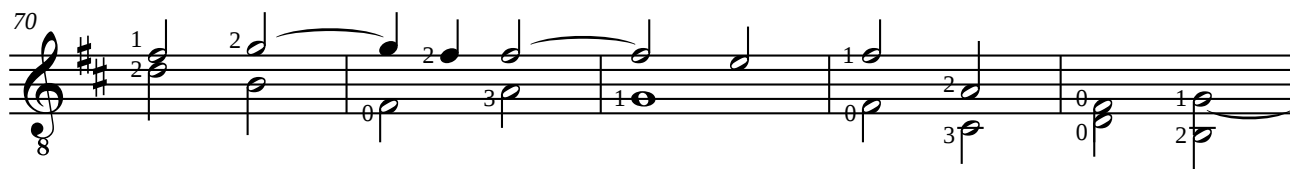
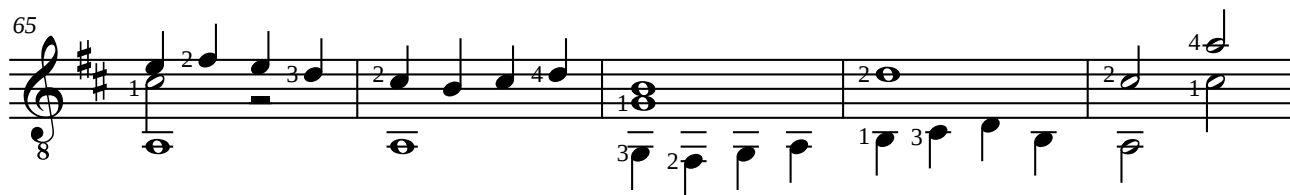
11

16

21

26





Alonso MUDARRA (1510-1580)

GALLARDA

de "Tres libros de musica en cifra para vihuela" (Sevilla, 1546).

Adaptation pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

The image shows the original manuscript of the Gallarda by Alonso Mudarra from his book "Tres libros de musica en cifra para vihuela" (1546). It is written in lute tablature on six-line staves, with letters and numbers indicating fret positions. The piece is in 3/8 time and consists of 24 measures.

③ = FA#

♩ = 120

This block contains the first seven measures of the modern guitar adaptation. The music is written in treble clef with a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a 3/8 time signature. Fingerings are indicated by numbers 1-4. The guitar is tuned to standard tuning (E-A-D-G-B-E).

Measures 8-10 of the modern guitar adaptation. Measure 8 starts with a double bar line and a repeat sign. Measure 10 ends with a double bar line and a repeat sign.

Measures 11-14 of the modern guitar adaptation. Measure 11 starts with a double bar line and a repeat sign. Measure 14 ends with a double bar line and a repeat sign.

Measures 15-18 of the modern guitar adaptation. Measure 15 starts with a double bar line and a repeat sign. Measure 18 ends with a double bar line and a repeat sign.

Measures 19-21 of the modern guitar adaptation. Measure 19 starts with a double bar line and a repeat sign. Measure 21 ends with a double bar line and a repeat sign.

Measures 22-24 of the modern guitar adaptation. Measure 22 starts with a double bar line and a repeat sign. Measure 24 ends with a double bar line and a repeat sign.

☑ Giulio Cesare BARBETTA (ca. 1540-1603)

MORESCA DETTA LE CANARIE

de "Intabolatura di liuto" (Venezia 1585)

Adaptation pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

③ =FA#

$\text{♩} = 63$

6

12

17

22

[illegible]

33

8

1

2

4

4

2

4

2

4

2

4

1

0

1

1

[illegible]

43

Measure 43 of the piece 'The Rose Tree' in G major. The treble clef staff contains a melody starting with a quarter rest, followed by eighth notes G4, A4, B4, and A4, then a quarter note G4. The bass clef staff contains a bass line starting with an eighth note G3, followed by eighth notes A3, B3, and A3, then a quarter note G3. The key signature has one sharp (F#) and the time signature is 4/4.

48

Measures 48-52 of the piece. Measure 48: Treble clef, key signature of three sharps (F#, C#, G#), 8/8 time signature. The melody starts on a whole note G#4, followed by a quarter note F#4, a quarter note E4, and a quarter note D4. The bass line consists of a whole note D3. Measure 49: Treble clef, key signature of three sharps, 8/8 time signature. The melody starts with a quarter rest, followed by a quarter note E4, a quarter note D4, and a quarter note C4. The bass line consists of a whole note D3. Measure 50: Treble clef, key signature of three sharps, 8/8 time signature. The melody starts on a whole note G#4, followed by a quarter note F#4, a quarter note E4, and a quarter note D4. The bass line consists of a whole note D3. Measure 51: Treble clef, key signature of three sharps, 8/8 time signature. The melody starts on a whole note G#4, followed by a quarter note F#4, a quarter note E4, and a quarter note D4. The bass line consists of a whole note D3. Measure 52: Treble clef, key signature of three sharps, 8/8 time signature. The melody starts on a whole note G#4, followed by a quarter note F#4, a quarter note E4, and a quarter note D4. The bass line consists of a whole note D3.

53

Example 53 is a musical score for a single melodic line in treble clef. The key signature consists of three sharps (F#, C#, G#). The melody begins with a series of sixteenth notes, followed by a half note, and then a series of eighth notes. The score includes various ornaments, such as mordents and grace notes, and is marked with fingerings (1, 2, 3, 4) and breath marks (indicated by a vertical line with a horizontal bar). The piece concludes with a final cadence.

[illegible]

John DOWLAND (1563-1626)

LADY LAITON 'S ALMAIN

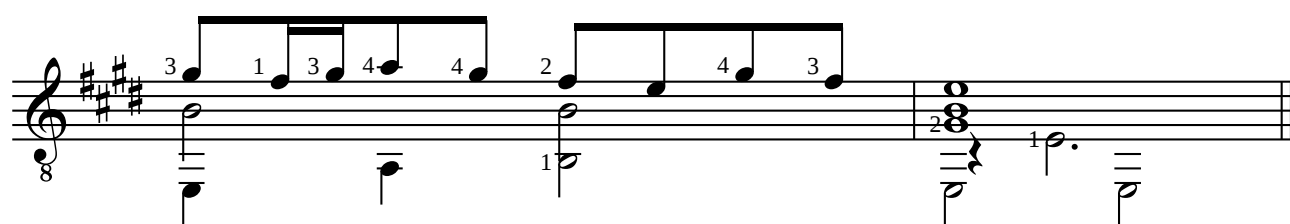
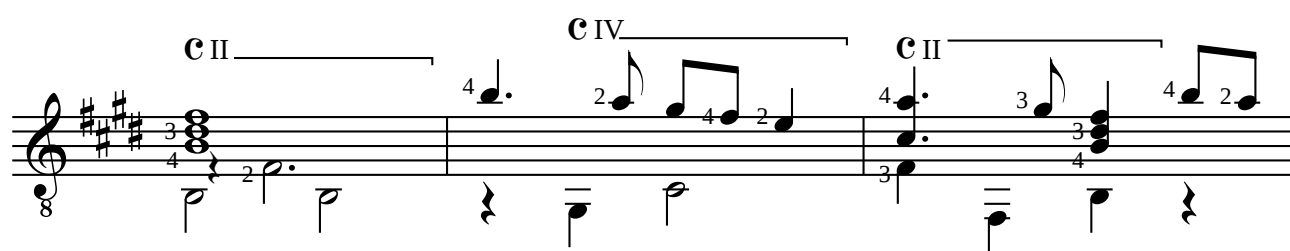
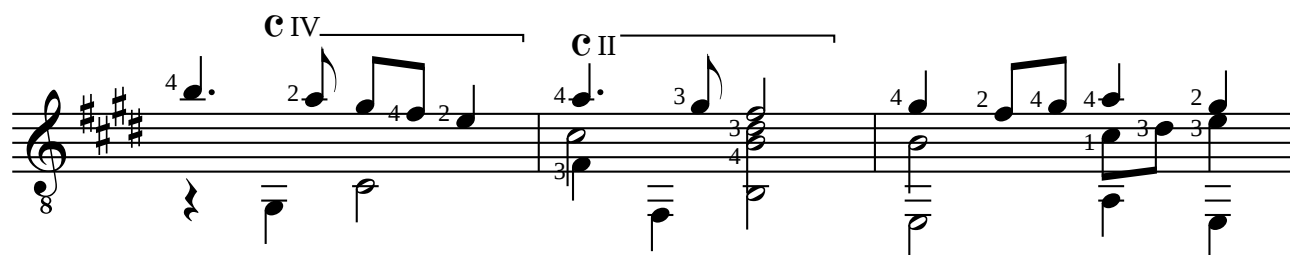
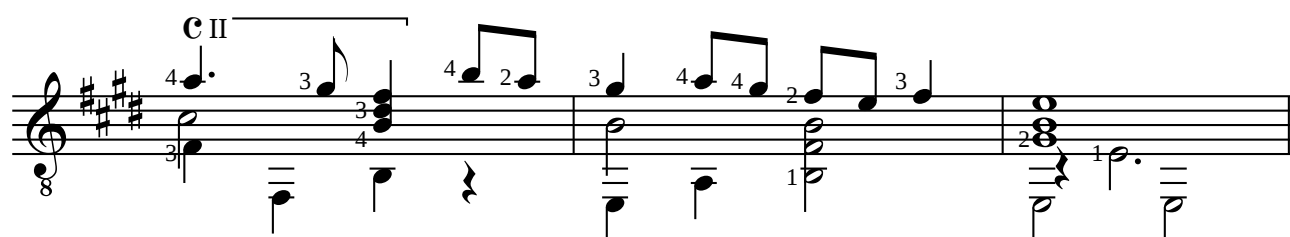
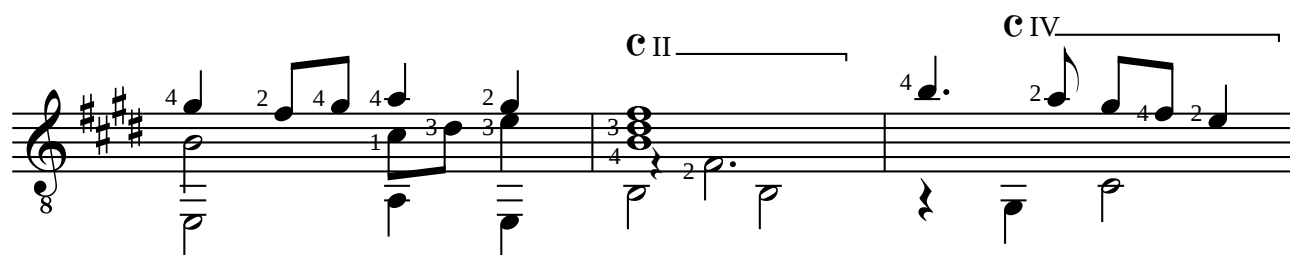
Almain

Adaptation pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

③ =FA# ♩ = 63

C II

C II



Alonso MUDARRA (1510-1580)

ROMANESCA sobre "o guardame las vacas"

de cinco maneras, para vihuela

de "Tres libros de musica en cifra para vihuela" (Sevilla, 1546).

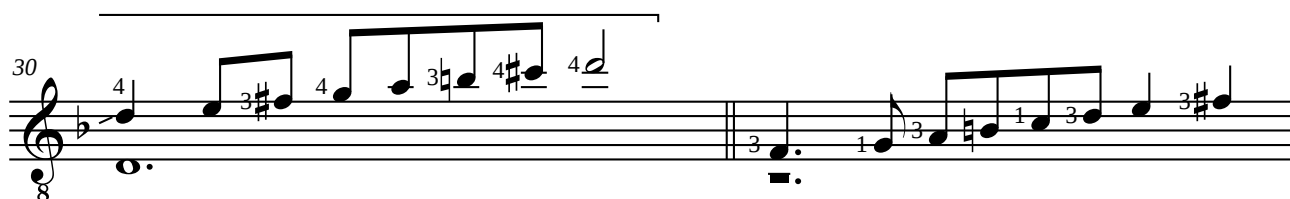
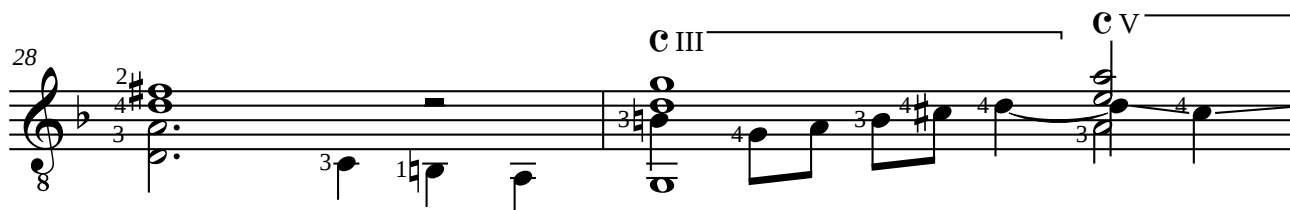
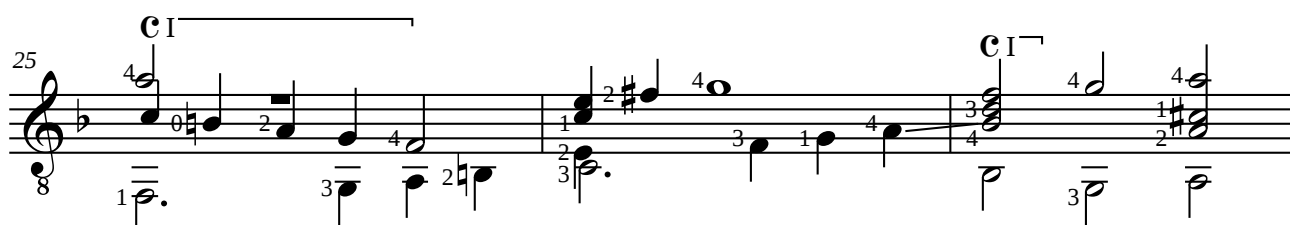
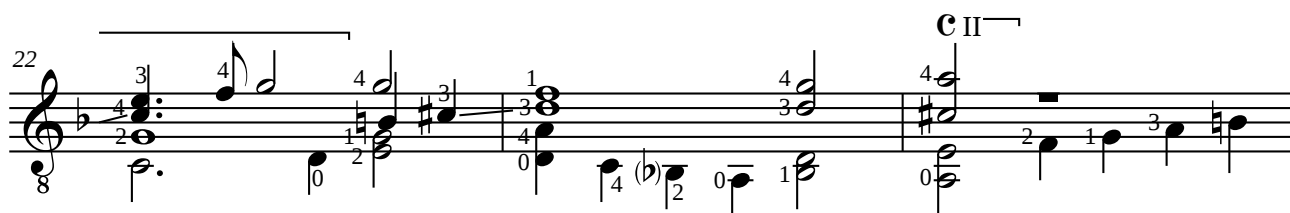
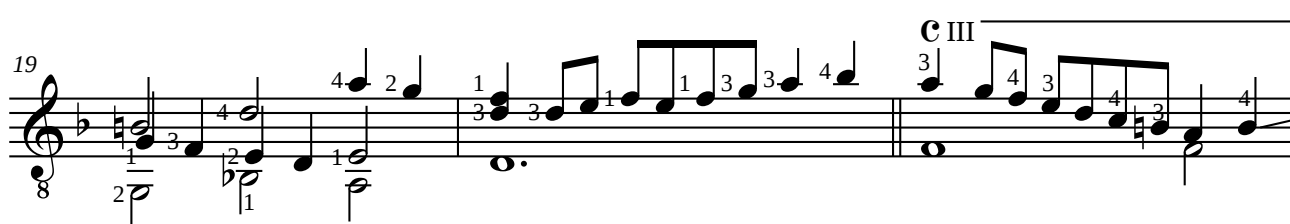
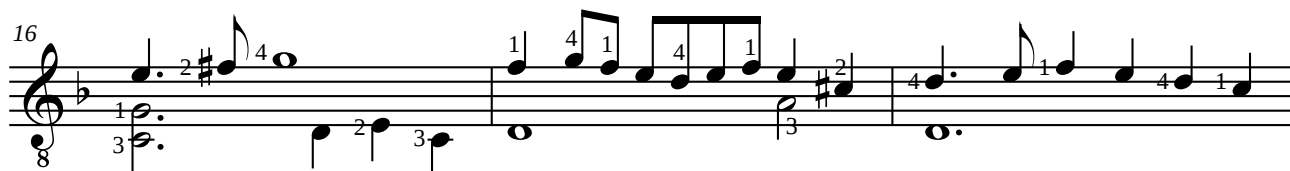
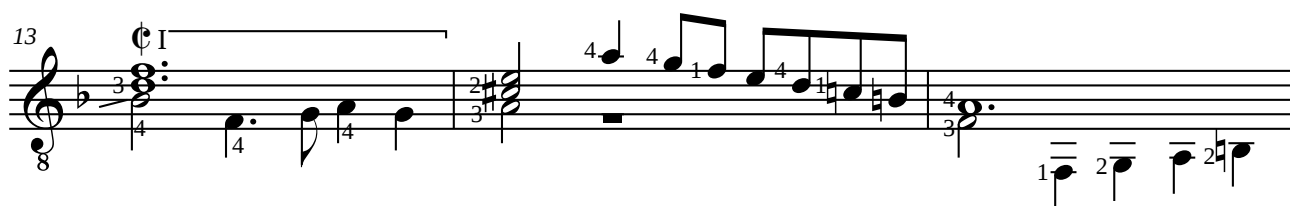
Adaptation pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

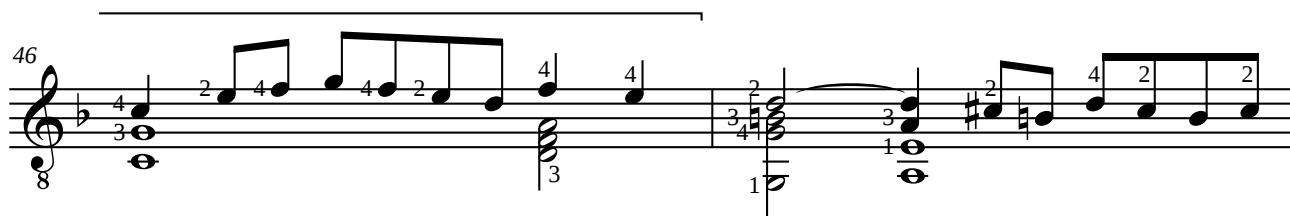
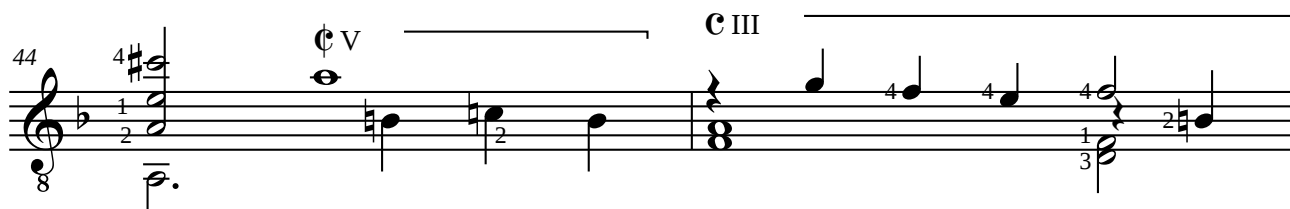
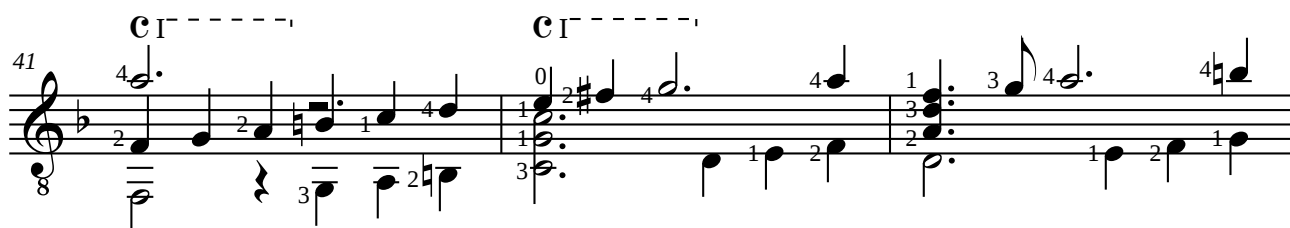
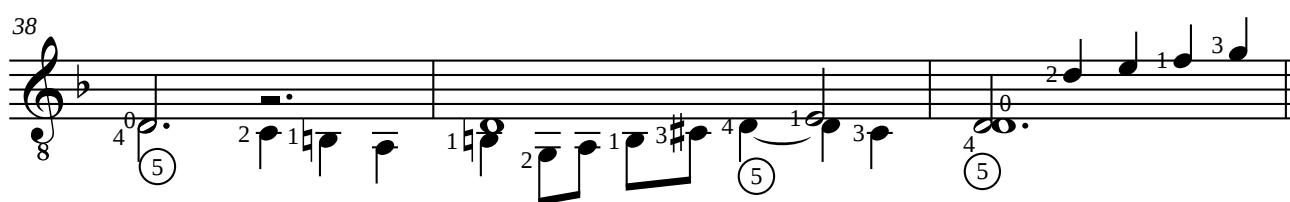
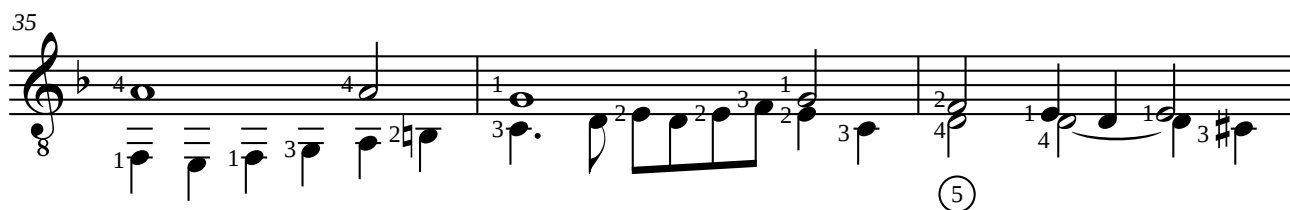
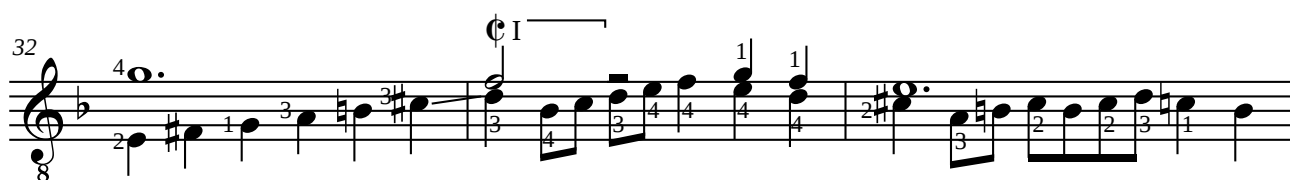
③ = FA# ♩ = 88

4

7

10





Adrian LE ROY (ca. 1520-1598)

SECOND BRANLE DE BOURGONGNE

de "Premier livre de tablature de guitte" Paris 1551, folio 21v

Révision pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp



• = 84

C VII

C VII

Hans NEUSIEDLER (1508-1563)

WASCHA MESA

de "Lautenbuch", Nurenberg

Adaptation pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

The musical score is written for guitar in a single system with six staves. The key signature has one flat (B-flat), and the time signature is common time (C). The tempo is marked as $\text{♩} = 76$. The score includes various musical notations such as eighth notes, quarter notes, and rests, along with fingerings (1, 2, 3, 4) and a capo instruction 'C I' above the 16th measure. The piece is divided into measures, with measure numbers 4, 7, 10, 13, and 16 indicated at the start of their respective staves. The notation includes a variety of rhythmic patterns and melodic lines, with some measures featuring a repeat sign.

19

CI

22

Der hupff auff ♩ = 76

25

31

38

45

52

59

ANONYME

BIANCA FIORE

d'après un manuscrit pour luth transcrit par Oscar Chilesotti (1848-1916)

Adaptation pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

⑥ = RE ♩ = 168 2131 *tr* C II -

5

10

15

21

C II -

ANONYME

SALTARELLO

d'après un manuscrit pour luth transcrit par Oscar Chilesotti (1848-1916)

Adaptation pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

⑥ = RE ♩ = 63

6

12

17

24

30

ar7 ar7 ar5 ar7 ar12

Santino GARSI da PARMA (1542-1603)

BALLO DEL SERENISSIMO DUCA

Adaptation pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

⑥ = RE

♩ = 108

8

8

8

8

8

Jean-Baptiste BESARD (1567-1625)

BALLET

de "Novus Partus" (Augsburg, 1617)

Adaptation pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

⑥ = RE ♩ = 60 C II

Robert JOHNSON (1542-1603)

ALMAN VII

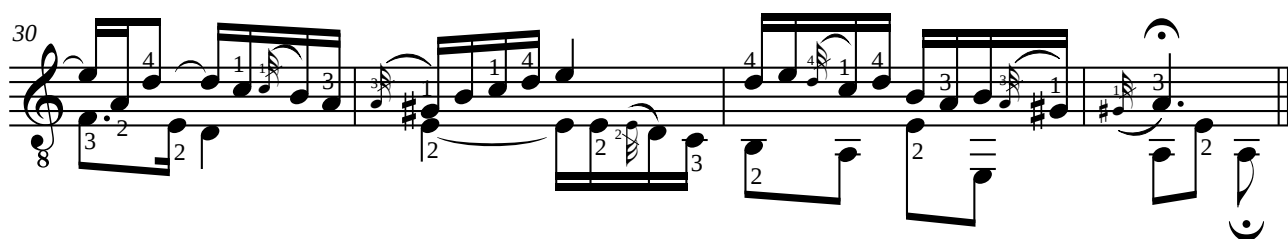
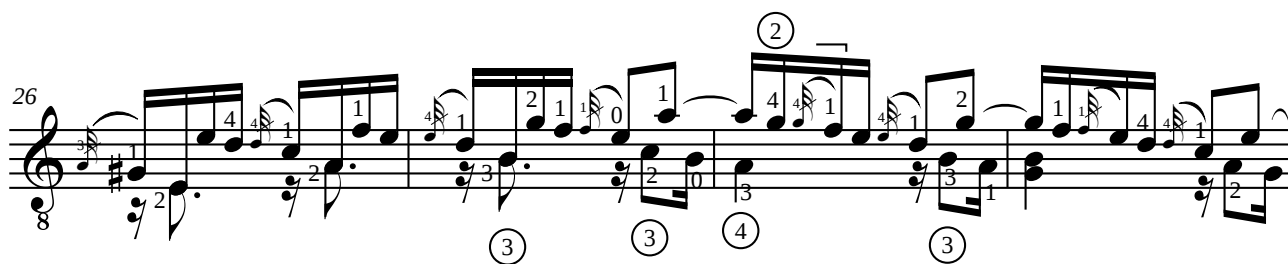
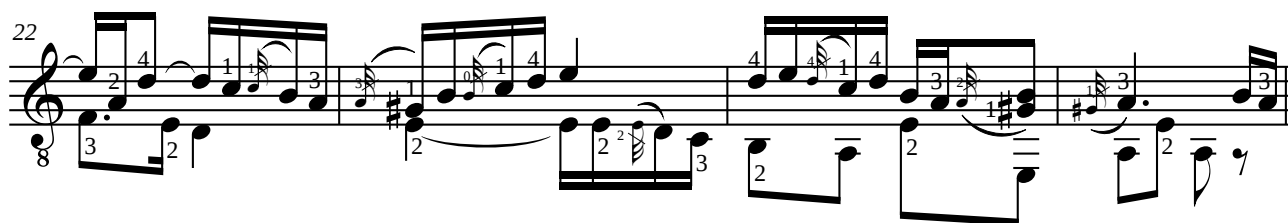
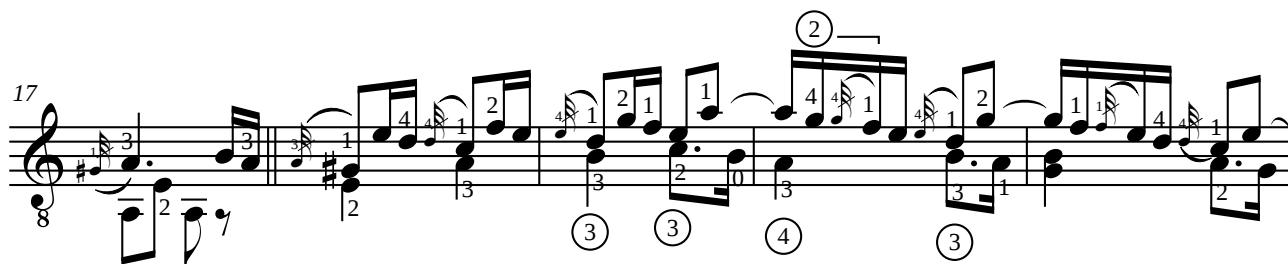
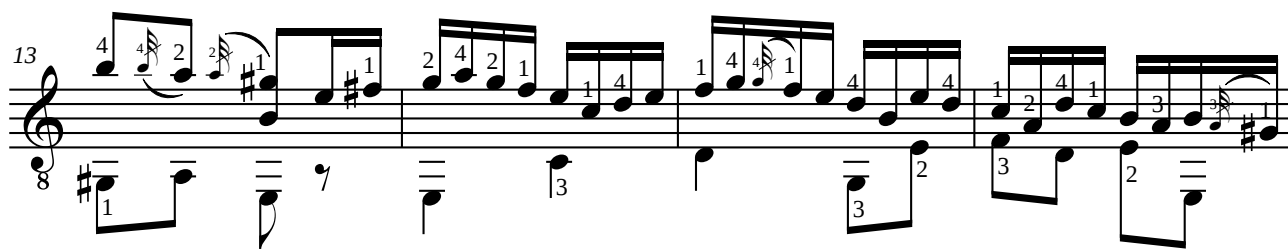
de Ad. Ms. 38539, folio 17 British Museum, London

Révision pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

$\bullet = 60$

5

9



Gaspar SANZ (1640-1710)

PRELUDIO, O CAPRICHIO

ARPEADO POR LA CRUZ

de "Instruccion de musica sobre la guitarra española" (Zaragoza, 1674)

Révision pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp



• = 120

The image displays a musical score for Gaspar Sanz's "Preludio, O Capricho" in G major. The score is written for guitar and consists of eight staves of music. Each staff begins with a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp (F#), and a common time signature (C). The music is primarily composed of eighth and sixteenth notes, often beamed together in groups. Fingerings are indicated by numbers 1 through 4 placed above or below the notes. Circled numbers (1, 2, 3, 4) are placed below the staves, likely indicating specific measures or techniques. The score concludes with a double bar line and a final chord.

☑ Gaspar SANZ (1640-1710)

PAVANAS POR LA D, con Partidas al Aire español

de "Libro segundo, de cifras sobre la guitarra española" (Zaragoza, 1675)

Révision pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp



♩ = 100

A modern guitar transcription of the piece, showing the first five staves of the music. The notation is in treble clef with a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a common time signature (C). The transcription includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and accidentals, along with a large number of figured bass (chordal) figures written below the notes. The transcription is a revision by Jean-François Delcamp, as indicated by the text "Révision pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp" in the header.

This page contains the musical score for "PAVANAS POR LA D" by Gaspar Sanz. The notation includes:

- Staff 1:** Starts with a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp (F#), and a common time signature. It features eighth and sixteenth notes with fingerings (1, 3, 4, 3, 1) and a circled 4 below the staff.
- Staff 2:** Continues the melody with various note values and fingerings, including a circled 2 and a circled 5.
- Staff 3:** Includes a circled 4 and an asterisk (*) marking a specific musical event.
- Staff 4:** Features a first and second ending bracket, with circled numbers 2, 3, and 4 indicating fingerings.
- Staff 5:** Continues the melodic line with circled numbers 2, 3, and 4.
- Staff 6:** Includes a circled 2 and a circled 3.
- Staff 7:** Features a circled 2 and a circled 3.
- Staff 8:** Includes a circled 2 and a circled 3.
- Staff 9:** Features a circled 2 and a circled 3.
- Staff 10:** Concludes the piece with a final double bar line and circled numbers 2 and 3.

☑ Gaspar SANZ (1640-1710)

CANARIOS EN RE MAJEUR

de "Instruccion de musica sobre la guitarra española" (Zaragoza, 1674)

Révision pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

♩ = 112

2030 tr

This musical score is for a piece by Gaspar Sanz, titled 'Canarios en Re Majeur'. It is written for a single melodic line on a treble clef staff with a key signature of two sharps (F# and C#). The time signature is 8/8. The score consists of eight staves of music. The notation includes various rhythmic values such as eighth, sixteenth, and thirty-second notes, as well as rests. Fingerings are indicated by numbers 1 through 4. There are several trill ornaments marked with a double asterisk (✱) above the notes. The piece concludes with a double bar line and repeat dots.

Gaspar SANZ (1640-1710)

CANARIOS EN SOL MAJEUR

de "Libro segundo, de cifras sobre la guitarra española"
(Zaragoza, 1675)

Révision pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

Canarios.

A handwritten musical score for a piece titled 'Canarios'. The score is written on five staves. The first staff begins with a treble clef and a common time signature (C). The music is written in a single melodic line. The notation includes various note values, rests, and fingerings. There are several measures with multiple notes beamed together. The score ends with a double bar line and a key signature change to one sharp (F#). The title 'Canarios.' is written in a decorative, cursive script at the top left. The word 'Canarios.' is also written at the bottom right of the page.

Musical score for "The Rose Tree" in 6/8 time. The tempo is marked as $\bullet = 112$. The key signature has one sharp (F#). The score is written for a single melodic line on a treble clef staff. The melody consists of eighth and quarter notes, with some measures containing triplets. The piece ends with a double bar line and a repeat sign.

A musical score for the song "The Rose Tree". The score is written on a grand staff with a treble clef and a bass clef. The key signature is one sharp (F#), and the time signature is 4/4. The melody is in the treble clef, and the accompaniment is in the bass clef. The melody consists of a series of eighth and sixteenth notes, with some rests. The accompaniment consists of a steady eighth-note pattern in the bass. The score includes a repeat sign at the beginning and end of the melody. The number "6" is written in the top left corner.

17

1020

tr

4 2 3 2 4

8

v

7

This musical score is for Gaspar Sanz's piece 'Canarios en Sol Majeur'. It is written for a single melodic line on a treble clef staff with a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a common time signature (C). The score is divided into measures, with measure numbers 22, 27, 32, 37, 42, 47, 52, and 57 indicated at the beginning of their respective staves. The notation includes various rhythmic values (eighth, sixteenth, and thirty-second notes), rests, and accidentals. Fingerings are indicated by numbers 1-4 above the notes. Ornaments, marked with an 'X' over a note, are present in measures 37, 42, 47, 52, and 57. Trills are marked with 'tr' above notes in measures 42, 47, and 52. Rehearsal marks (double bar lines with dots) are used to divide the piece into sections. The score concludes with a final cadence in measure 60.

François CAMPION (1680-1748)

PRELUDE À 4 TÊMS

en fa # mineur

de "Nouvelles découvertes sur la guitare" (1705)

Révision pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

♩ = 50 ~ 60

③

⑤

⑤

⑤

GIGUE EN RE MAJEUR

Révision pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

François CAMPION : GIGUE EN RE MAJEUR

Santiago De MURCIA (1682-1735)

PRELUDE POR LA E

de "Passacalles y obras" (1732)

Révision pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

$\text{♩} = 63$

The musical score is written for guitar on a single staff in treble clef, with a key signature of one flat (B-flat). The tempo is marked as $\text{♩} = 63$. The score is divided into three systems. The first system contains measures 1 through 3. The second system contains measures 4 through 6. The third system contains measures 7 through 10, ending with a measure marked 2030 and a trill ornament. Fingerings are indicated by numbers 1-4 above the notes. The guitar-specific notation includes a low E string (labeled 8) and various fret numbers (0, 1, 2, 3, 4) below the staff.

11 C V C III C I

3141 tr

Staff 11-15: Treble clef, key of B-flat major. Measure 11: F4, A4, Bb4, C5 (triple), F4, Bb4, C5. Measure 12: F4, A4, Bb4, C5 (triple), F4, Bb4, C5. Measure 13: F4, A4, Bb4, C5 (triple), F4, Bb4, C5. Measure 14: F4, A4, Bb4, C5 (triple), F4, Bb4, C5. Measure 15: F4, A4, Bb4, C5 (triple), F4, Bb4, C5. Fingering: 4, 1, 3, 2, 2, 3, 2, 3, 3, 4, 4, 2, 1, 3, 2, 1.

16 4141 tr 2030 4 4 3

Staff 16-20: Treble clef, key of B-flat major. Measure 16: F4, A4, Bb4, C5 (triple), F4, Bb4, C5. Measure 17: F4, A4, Bb4, C5 (triple), F4, Bb4, C5. Measure 18: F4, A4, Bb4, C5 (triple), F4, Bb4, C5. Measure 19: F4, A4, Bb4, C5 (triple), F4, Bb4, C5. Measure 20: F4, A4, Bb4, C5 (triple), F4, Bb4, C5. Fingering: 4, 1, 3, 2, 2, 3, 2, 3, 3, 4, 4, 2, 1, 3, 2, 1. Circle 3.

21 C V C III

Staff 21-25: Treble clef, key of B-flat major. Measure 21: F4, A4, Bb4, C5 (triple), F4, Bb4, C5. Measure 22: F4, A4, Bb4, C5 (triple), F4, Bb4, C5. Measure 23: F4, A4, Bb4, C5 (triple), F4, Bb4, C5. Measure 24: F4, A4, Bb4, C5 (triple), F4, Bb4, C5. Measure 25: F4, A4, Bb4, C5 (triple), F4, Bb4, C5. Fingering: 4, 1, 3, 2, 2, 3, 2, 3, 3, 4, 4, 2, 1, 3, 2, 1.

26 2020 tr

Staff 26-30: Treble clef, key of B-flat major. Measure 26: F4, A4, Bb4, C5 (triple), F4, Bb4, C5. Measure 27: F4, A4, Bb4, C5 (triple), F4, Bb4, C5. Measure 28: F4, A4, Bb4, C5 (triple), F4, Bb4, C5. Measure 29: F4, A4, Bb4, C5 (triple), F4, Bb4, C5. Measure 30: F4, A4, Bb4, C5 (triple), F4, Bb4, C5. Fingering: 4, 1, 3, 2, 2, 3, 2, 3, 3, 4, 4, 2, 1, 3, 2, 1.

31 1010 tr

Staff 31-35: Treble clef, key of B-flat major. Measure 31: F4, A4, Bb4, C5 (triple), F4, Bb4, C5. Measure 32: F4, A4, Bb4, C5 (triple), F4, Bb4, C5. Measure 33: F4, A4, Bb4, C5 (triple), F4, Bb4, C5. Measure 34: F4, A4, Bb4, C5 (triple), F4, Bb4, C5. Measure 35: F4, A4, Bb4, C5 (triple), F4, Bb4, C5. Fingering: 4, 1, 3, 2, 2, 3, 2, 3, 3, 4, 4, 2, 1, 3, 2, 1.

ALLEGRO

Révision pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

Santiago De MURCIA : ALLEGRO

18

24

29

34

39

44

Johann Sebastian BACH (1685-1750)

MENUET Anh. 132

du livre de musique d'Anna Magdalena Bach (1725)

Adaptation pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

$\bullet = 120$

6

11

17

22

☑ Johann Sebastian BACH (1685-1750)

PRELUDE BWV 1007

de la "Suite pour violoncelle BWV 1007"

Adaptation pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

• = 84

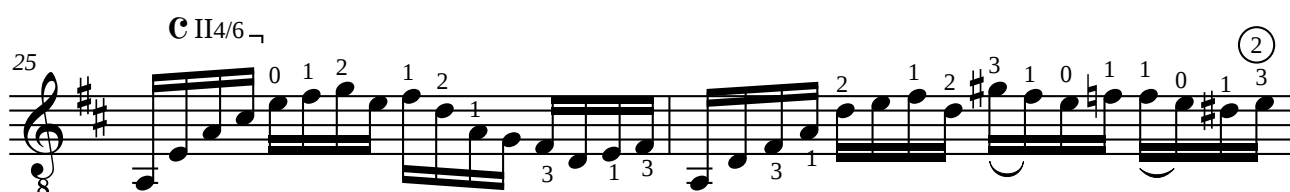
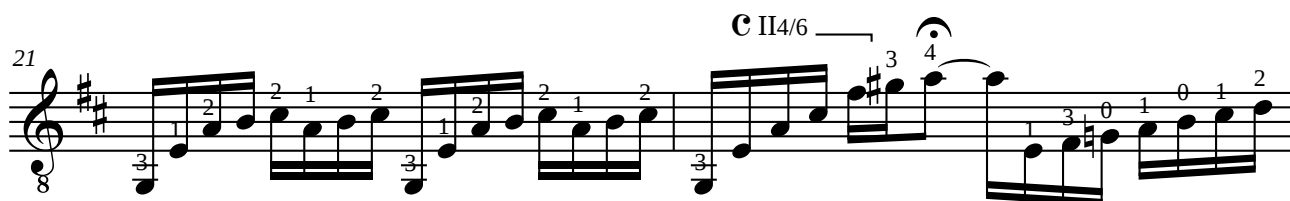
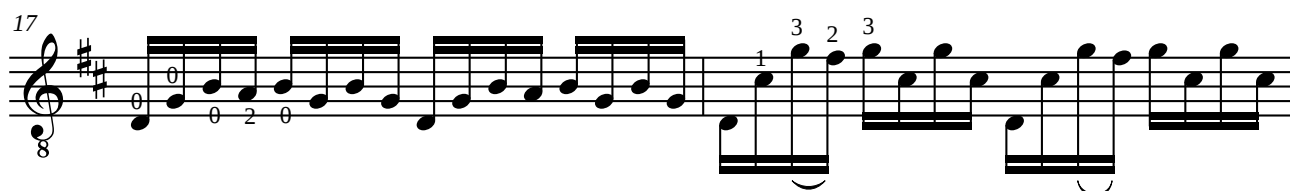
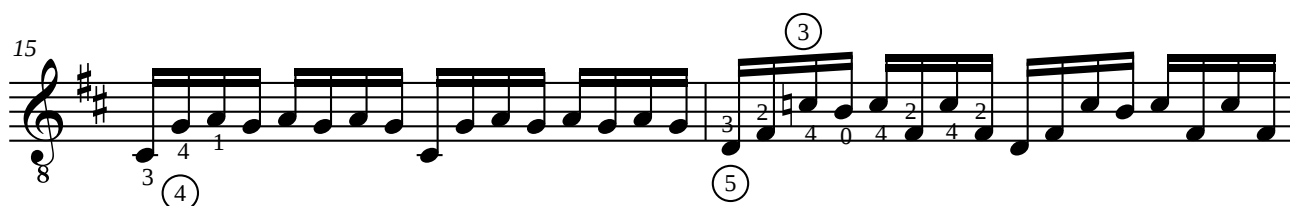
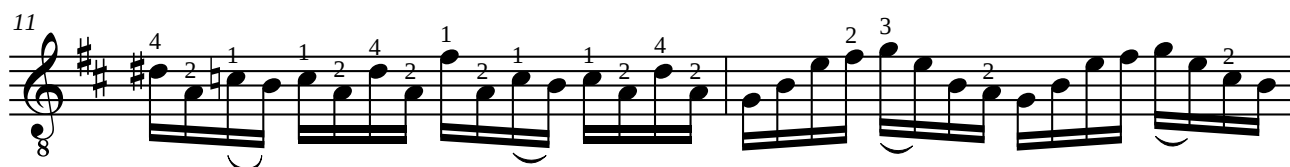
3

5

7

9

C II



27

29

31

33

35

37

39

41

44

C VII4/6

Giuseppe Antonio BRESCIANELLO (1690-1757)

ALLEGRO de la PARTITA VII

de "partite per colascione"

Adaptation pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp



Allegro ♩ = 116

A modern guitar adaptation of the first 9 measures of the piece. The music is written on a single staff in treble clef, with a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a 2/4 time signature. The tempo is marked 'Allegro' with a metronome indication of 116 beats per minute. The notation includes fingerings (1, 2, 3, 4), slurs, and a circled '2' at the end of measure 9.

A continuation of the modern guitar adaptation, showing measures 10 through 13. The notation continues with complex rhythmic patterns, including triplets and sixteenth notes, and includes fingerings and a circled '2' at the end of measure 13.

Adagio ♩ = 116

Allegro ♩ = 116

213

4030

4030

16

21

27

33

38

41

Adagio ♩ = 116

213

1020

Allegro ♩ = 116

1020

213

45

François de FOSSA (1775-1849)

CAMPANELLA

Sobre las Folias de España

Révision pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

♩ = 92

3

5

7

9

1.

2.

-52-

Fernando SOR (1778-1839)

ETUDE V opus 6

en do majeur

Révision pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

Andante ♩ = 116

i m a m

p p

♩ I

3

♩ V

6

♩ V

♩ III

♩ II

9

♩ V

i a i

♩ III

♩ V

12

♩ III

♩ V

15 **C III** **C I**

18 **C III**

21 **C III**

24 **C I**

27 **C I**

30

33

C I C II C III

36

C I C II

39

C III

p

42

C III C I

pp

45

dim

47

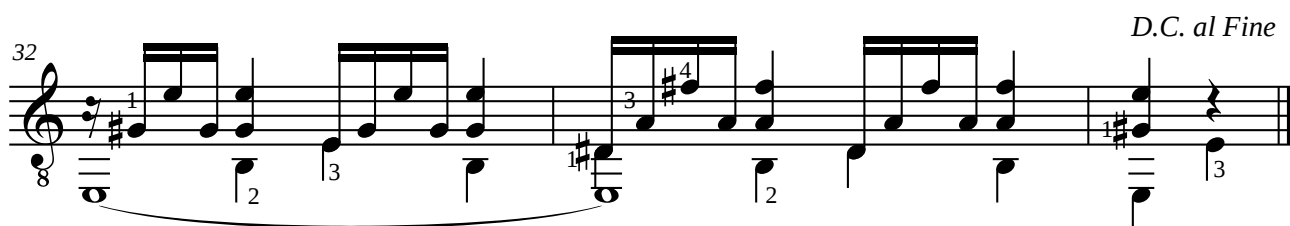
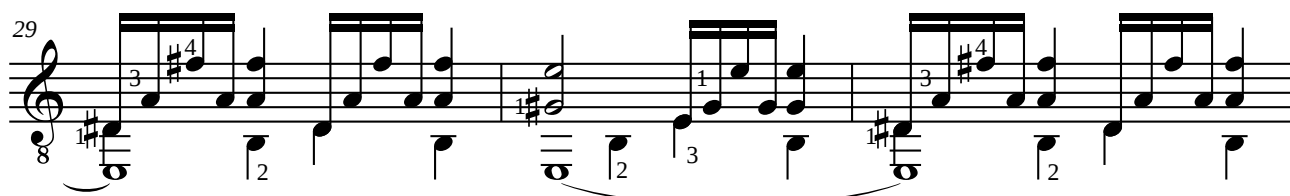
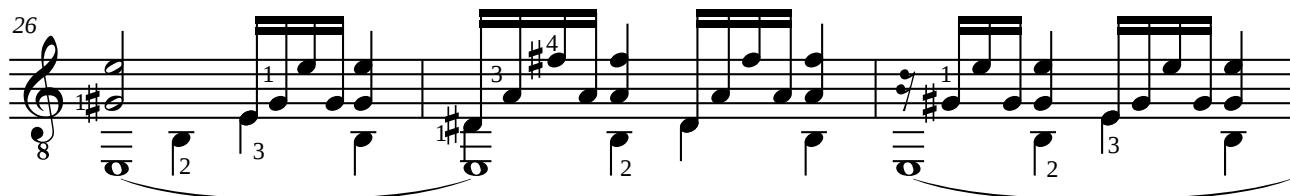
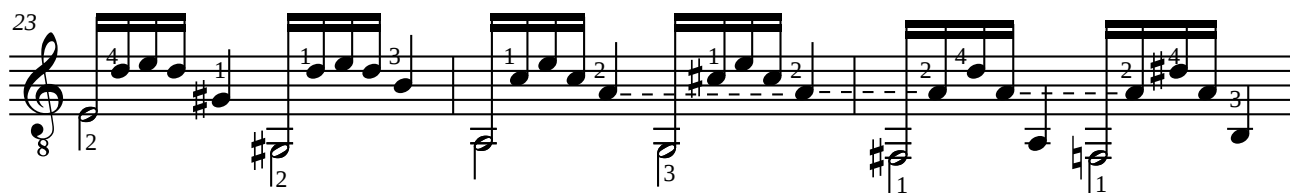
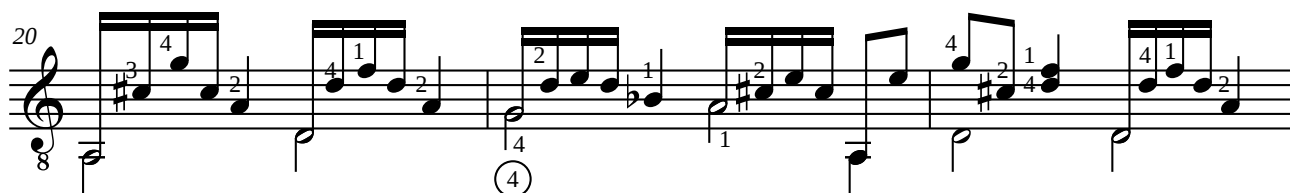
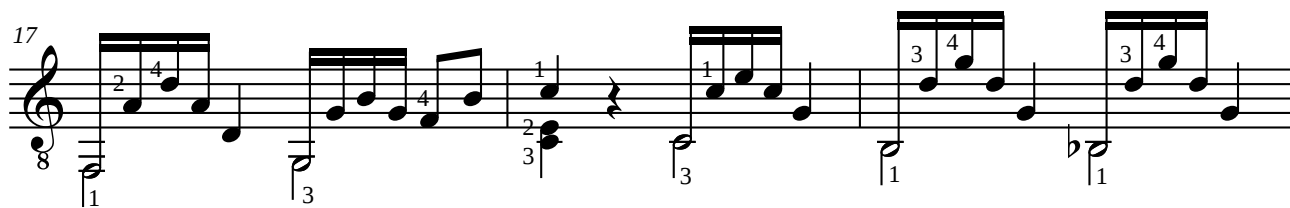
perpendosi

LEÇON XVIII opus 60

de "Introduction à l'étude de la guitare en 25 leçons progressives"

Le but de cette leçon est de faire prendre aux doigts en un seul mouvement la configuration qui produit l'accord dont les notes successives ne sont que l'expression détaillée.

[illegible]



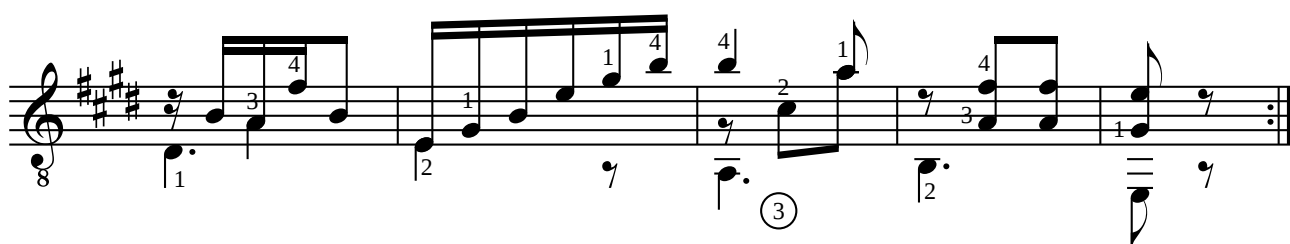
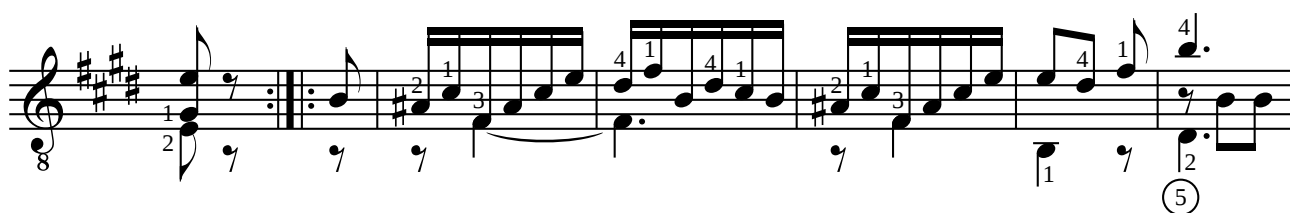
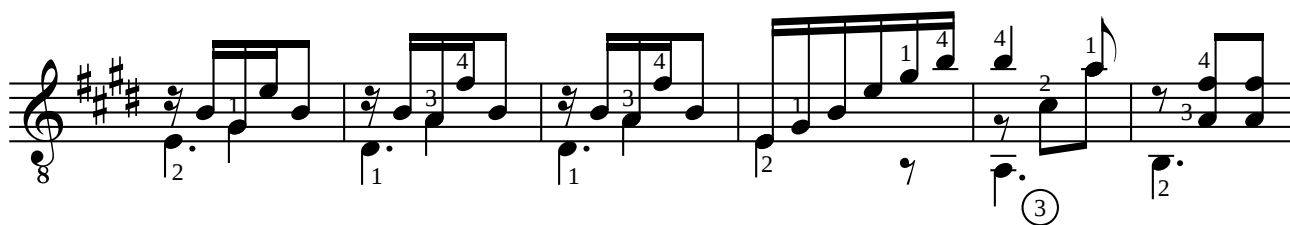
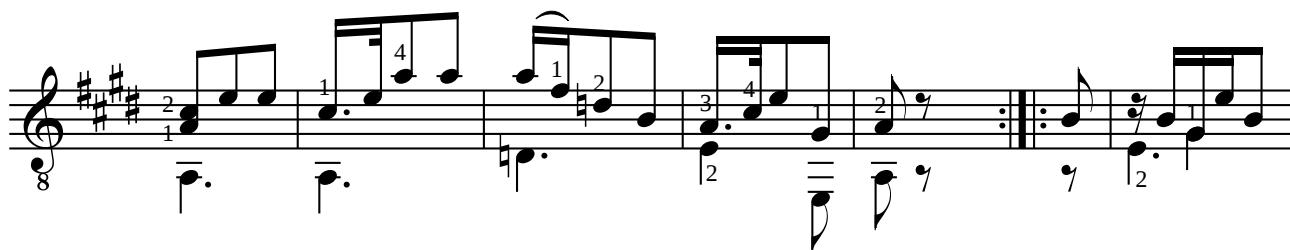
Fernando SOR (1778-1839)

EXERCICE opus 35 N°8

en mi majeur
de "24 Exercices opus 35"

Révision pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

Allegretto ♩ = 58



☑ Fernando SOR (1778-1839)

WALSE opus 13 N°2

en la majeur

de "Six divertimentos opus 13"

Révision pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

• = 54

5

10

14

19

23

28

33

37

41

45

Fernando SOR (1778-1839)

LEÇON XXI opus 31

de "24 leçons progressives pour la guitare opus 31"
(Segovia n°7)

Révision pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

Andantino cantabile

The musical score is written for guitar in 3/4 time, key of B-flat major. It consists of 11 measures. The notation includes various guitar-specific techniques and fingering instructions:

- Measure 1:** Starts with a treble clef, a key signature of one flat (B-flat), and a 3/4 time signature. The first measure contains a triplet of eighth notes (F4, A4, Bb4) and a quarter note (D5). Fingering: 1, 2, 3, 4.
- Measure 2:** Continues the triplet from measure 1. Fingering: 1, 2, 3, 4.
- Measure 3:** Continues the triplet from measure 1. Fingering: 1, 2, 3, 4.
- Measure 4:** Continues the triplet from measure 1. Fingering: 1, 2, 3, 4.
- Measure 5:** Continues the triplet from measure 1. Fingering: 1, 2, 3, 4.
- Measure 6:** Continues the triplet from measure 1. Fingering: 1, 2, 3, 4.
- Measure 7:** Continues the triplet from measure 1. Fingering: 1, 2, 3, 4.
- Measure 8:** Continues the triplet from measure 1. Fingering: 1, 2, 3, 4.
- Measure 9:** Continues the triplet from measure 1. Fingering: 1, 2, 3, 4.
- Measure 10:** Continues the triplet from measure 1. Fingering: 1, 2, 3, 4.
- Measure 11:** Continues the triplet from measure 1. Fingering: 1, 2, 3, 4.

The score includes various guitar-specific techniques and fingering instructions, such as triplets, slurs, and fingering numbers (1, 2, 3, 4). The piece is marked "Andantino cantabile".

13

16

19

22

25

Dionisio AGUADO (1784-1849)

EGERCICIO 19

de "Nuevo Método para Guitarra" (Madrid 1843)

Révision pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

♩ = 84

1
i m a m i

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

Dionisio AGUADO (1784-1849)

EGERCICIO 10

de "Nuevo Método de Guitarra" opus 6 (Madrid c. 1840)

Révision pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

♩ = 69

m i m i m

8 5 9 13 17 21

p i p i p

ETUDE XVI

Révision pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

Andante ♩ = 108

♩ I

mf $\begin{matrix} m & m & m \\ i & i & i \end{matrix}$

rf

p (4) dim.

♩ V

♩ II

♩ III

p (4) mf cresc.

a tempo

♩ I

rit.

p

♩ V

rf (4) f

1. 2.

mf dim. p

Matteo CARCASSI (1792-1853)

ETUDE I

de "25 études mélodiques progressives" opus 60
(Paris 1851)

Révision pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

[illegible]

19 *i m a*

 Musical notation for measures 19-22. Measure 19: Treble clef, 8/8 time, notes G4, A4, B4, C5, D5, E5, F#5, G5. Measure 20: Treble clef, 8/8 time, notes G4, A4, B4, C5, D5, E5, F#5, G5. Measure 21: Treble clef, 8/8 time, notes G4, A4, B4, C5, D5, E5, F#5, G5. Measure 22: Treble clef, 8/8 time, notes G4, A4, B4, C5, D5, E5, F#5, G5. Dynamics: *mf*.

23 *p*

 Musical notation for measures 23-26. Measure 23: Treble clef, 8/8 time, notes G4, A4, B4, C5, D5, E5, F#5, G5. Measure 24: Treble clef, 8/8 time, notes G4, A4, B4, C5, D5, E5, F#5, G5. Measure 25: Treble clef, 8/8 time, notes G4, A4, B4, C5, D5, E5, F#5, G5. Measure 26: Treble clef, 8/8 time, notes G4, A4, B4, C5, D5, E5, F#5, G5. Dynamics: *p*.

27 *f* *pf*

 Musical notation for measures 27-30. Measure 27: Treble clef, 8/8 time, notes G4, A4, B4, C5, D5, E5, F#5, G5. Measure 28: Treble clef, 8/8 time, notes G4, A4, B4, C5, D5, E5, F#5, G5. Measure 29: Treble clef, 8/8 time, notes G4, A4, B4, C5, D5, E5, F#5, G5. Measure 30: Treble clef, 8/8 time, notes G4, A4, B4, C5, D5, E5, F#5, G5. Dynamics: *f*, *pf*.

31 *rf*

 Musical notation for measures 31-34. Measure 31: Treble clef, 8/8 time, notes G4, A4, B4, C5, D5, E5, F#5, G5. Measure 32: Treble clef, 8/8 time, notes G4, A4, B4, C5, D5, E5, F#5, G5. Measure 33: Treble clef, 8/8 time, notes G4, A4, B4, C5, D5, E5, F#5, G5. Measure 34: Treble clef, 8/8 time, notes G4, A4, B4, C5, D5, E5, F#5, G5. Dynamics: *rf*.

35

 Musical notation for measures 35-38. Measure 35: Treble clef, 8/8 time, notes G4, A4, B4, C5, D5, E5, F#5, G5. Measure 36: Treble clef, 8/8 time, notes G4, A4, B4, C5, D5, E5, F#5, G5. Measure 37: Treble clef, 8/8 time, notes G4, A4, B4, C5, D5, E5, F#5, G5. Measure 38: Treble clef, 8/8 time, notes G4, A4, B4, C5, D5, E5, F#5, G5.

39 *f*

 Musical notation for measures 39-42. Measure 39: Treble clef, 8/8 time, notes G4, A4, B4, C5, D5, E5, F#5, G5. Measure 40: Treble clef, 8/8 time, notes G4, A4, B4, C5, D5, E5, F#5, G5. Measure 41: Treble clef, 8/8 time, notes G4, A4, B4, C5, D5, E5, F#5, G5. Measure 42: Treble clef, 8/8 time, notes G4, A4, B4, C5, D5, E5, F#5, G5. Dynamics: *f*.

☑ Matteo CARCASSI (1792-1853)

ETUDE III

de "25 études mélodiques progressives" opus 60
(Paris 1851)

Révision pour guitare de Frédérique Bousquet et Jean-François Delcamp

Andantino ♩ = 104

p i m a i m a i m p i m

pf

cresc.

rf

p

p

11 **C II**

cresc.

13 **C II**

sf *f*

15 **C VII** **C IX**

sf *f* *rall.*

17

p

19

21 **C VII**

cresc.

23 **C V**

sf *rall.* *pp*

Matteo CARCASSI (1792-1853)

ETUDE XVIII

de "25 études mélodiques progressives" opus 60
(Paris 1851)

Révision pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

Allegretto ♩ = 104

8 *f*

5 *p* *rf*

10 *pf*

15 *f* *rf*

20 **C II**

Staff 20-24: Treble clef, 8/8 time. Key signature: three sharps (F#, C#, G#). Measure 20: quarter rest, eighth notes G4, A4, B4. Measure 21: quarter rest, eighth notes G4, A4, B4. Measure 22: quarter rest, eighth notes G4, A4, B4. Measure 23: quarter rest, eighth notes G4, A4, B4. Measure 24: quarter rest, eighth notes G4, A4, B4. Dynamics: *p* (measure 21), *sf* (measure 23).

25

Staff 25-29: Treble clef, 8/8 time. Key signature: three sharps. Measure 25: quarter rest, eighth notes G4, A4, B4. Measure 26: quarter rest, eighth notes G4, A4, B4. Measure 27: quarter rest, eighth notes G4, A4, B4. Measure 28: quarter rest, eighth notes G4, A4, B4. Measure 29: quarter rest, eighth notes G4, A4, B4. Dynamics: *pf* (measure 25), *cresc.* (measure 29).

30

Staff 30-34: Treble clef, 8/8 time. Key signature: three sharps. Measure 30: quarter rest, eighth notes G4, A4, B4. Measure 31: quarter rest, eighth notes G4, A4, B4. Measure 32: quarter rest, eighth notes G4, A4, B4. Measure 33: quarter rest, eighth notes G4, A4, B4. Measure 34: quarter rest, eighth notes G4, A4, B4. Dynamics: *sf* (measure 32), *f* (measure 34).

35

Staff 35-39: Treble clef, 8/8 time. Key signature: three sharps. Measure 35: quarter rest, eighth notes G4, A4, B4. Measure 36: quarter rest, eighth notes G4, A4, B4. Measure 37: quarter rest, eighth notes G4, A4, B4. Measure 38: quarter rest, eighth notes G4, A4, B4. Measure 39: quarter rest, eighth notes G4, A4, B4. Dynamics: *p* (measure 37).

40

Staff 40-44: Treble clef, 8/8 time. Key signature: three sharps. Measure 40: quarter rest, eighth notes G4, A4, B4. Measure 41: quarter rest, eighth notes G4, A4, B4. Measure 42: quarter rest, eighth notes G4, A4, B4. Measure 43: quarter rest, eighth notes G4, A4, B4. Measure 44: quarter rest, eighth notes G4, A4, B4. Dynamics: *rf* (measure 41), *rall.* (measure 43), *p* (measure 44).

Johann Kaspar MERTZ (1806-1856)

LÄNDLER opus 9 N°4

en ré majeur

Révision pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

Più allegretto ♩ = 192

p *cresc.*

p i a i p i

i m a i m a m a m i

C VII

17 *sf* *m a i a i a i a i a* *p.* *p.* *p.* *p.*

21 *sf* *p.* *p.* *f* *rit.* *p*

25 *a tempo*

29 *i m a*

33

37 *p* *VII*

Johann Kaspar MERTZ (1806-1856)

LÄNDLER opus 12 N°1

en ré majeur

Révision pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

Introduction

Andantino ♩ = 144

8

p

5

Ländler N°1

Moderato ♩ = 132

9

dolce

a tempo

13

rit.

17

3 1 4 4

5

3 2 1 2 2 2 2 1 2 3 4 3 2

2

2 1 4 3 2

rit.

[illegible]

25

8

dolce

3

[illegible]

32

4 4 2 1 1 2 2

1. 2.

3 4 4 5 3 4 4 5

ETUDE II opus 38

à Mr. de la RICHARDIERE

de "25 études de genre opus 38" (Paris, 1873)

Révision pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

Scherzando ♩ = 160

6

11

16

21

Musical score for Etude II opus 38 by Napoléon Coste, measures 26-60. The score is written for a single melodic line on a treble clef staff with a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a common time signature (C). The tempo is marked *a tempo*. The score includes various musical notations such as slurs, ties, and dynamic markings.

Measures 26-30: The first system contains five measures. Each measure begins with a half note (F#) and is followed by a quarter note. The notes are: F# (2), G# (3), A (2), B (2), C (3). The notes are grouped by slurs and ties.

Measures 31-35: The second system contains five measures. Each measure begins with a half note (F#) and is followed by a quarter note. The notes are: F# (3), G# (2), A (2), B (2), C (2). The notes are grouped by slurs and ties.

Measures 36-40: The third system contains five measures. Each measure begins with a half note (F#) and is followed by a quarter note. The notes are: F# (3), G# (2), A (2), B (2), C (2). The notes are grouped by slurs and ties.

Measures 41-45: The fourth system contains five measures. Each measure begins with a half note (F#) and is followed by a quarter note. The notes are: F# (3), G# (2), A (2), B (2), C (2). The notes are grouped by slurs and ties.

Measures 46-50: The fifth system contains five measures. Each measure begins with a half note (F#) and is followed by a quarter note. The notes are: F# (3), G# (2), A (2), B (2), C (2). The notes are grouped by slurs and ties.

Measures 51-55: The sixth system contains five measures. Each measure begins with a half note (F#) and is followed by a quarter note. The notes are: F# (3), G# (2), A (2), B (2), C (2). The notes are grouped by slurs and ties.

Measures 56-60: The seventh system contains five measures. Each measure begins with a half note (F#) and is followed by a quarter note. The notes are: F# (3), G# (2), A (2), B (2), C (2). The notes are grouped by slurs and ties.

Napoléon COSTE (1806-1883)

ETUDE XIII

de "Méthode complète pour la guitare, par Ferdinand SOR, revue et augmentée de nombreux exemples ... par N. COSTE" - Schonenberger - Paris

Révision pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

♩ = 84

3

♩ III

5

♩ I

7

♩ I

9 **C III**

11 **C III**

13 **C VIII**

15 **C III**

17

Napoléon COSTE (1806-1883)

ETUDE I opus 38

à Mp. E. PETETIN

de "25 études de genre opus 38" (Paris, 1873)

Révision pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

Allegretto ♩ = 92

6

13

19

25

30

37

Chord symbols: C V, C III, C I, C II $\frac{4}{6}$, C VII, C II

Napoléon COSTE (1806-1883)

LEÇON XXIV

de "Méthode complète pour la guitare, par Ferdinand SOR, revue et augmentée de nombreux exemples ... par N. COSTE" - Schonenberger - Paris

Révision pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

♩ = 50

5 8 11 14 17 20

Fine

D.S. al Fine

Robert SCHUMANN (1810-1856)

FRÖHLICHER LANDMANN

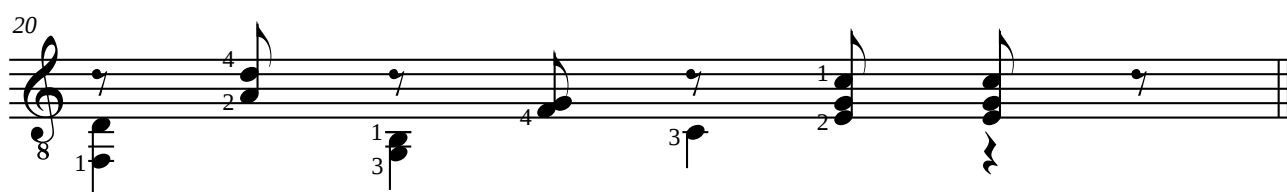
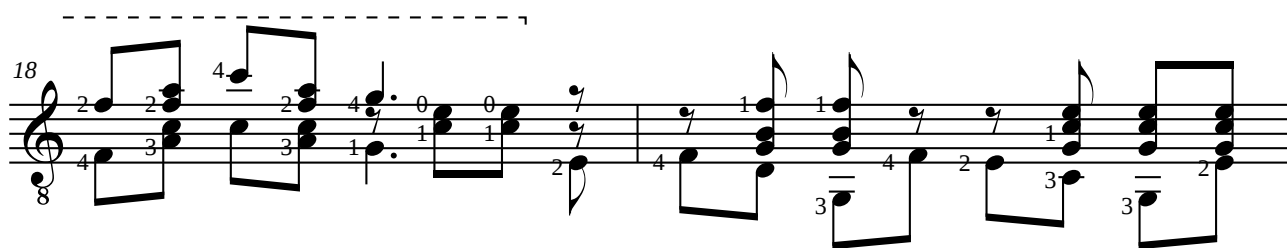
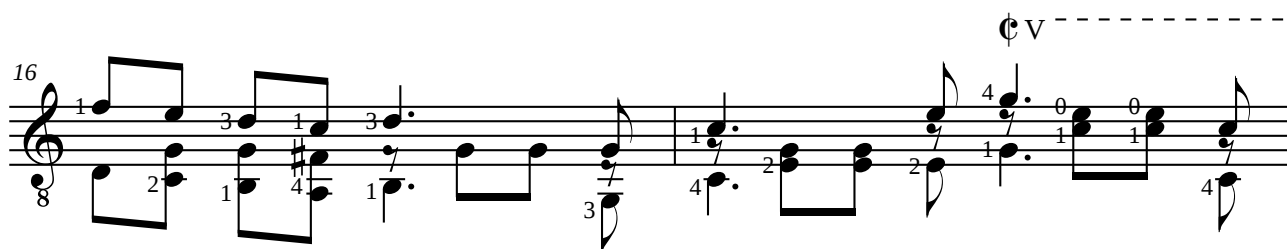
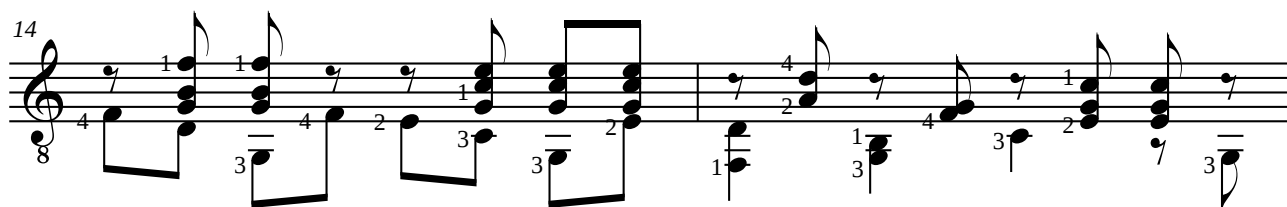
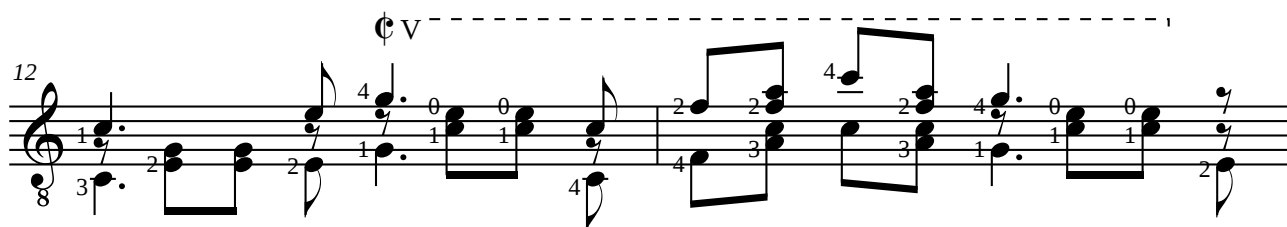
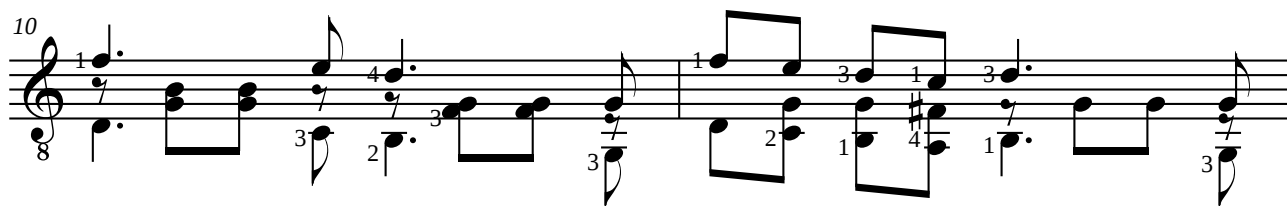
n°10 opus 68

de "Album für die Jugend"

Adaptation pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

Frisch und munter ♩ = 108

The image displays a four-staff musical score for guitar, written in C major and 2/4 time. The tempo is marked 'Frisch und munter' with a quarter note equal to 108 beats per minute. The score is divided into four systems, each containing a single staff. The first system begins with a forte 'f' dynamic and a circled '4' at the end. The second system is marked with a '4' at the beginning and a 'C III' fingering instruction above the staff. The third system is marked with a '6' at the beginning and a 'C V' fingering instruction above the staff. The fourth system is marked with an '8' at the beginning and a 'C III' fingering instruction above the staff. The notation includes various guitar-specific techniques such as triplets, slurs, and fingering numbers (1-4) for the left hand. The key signature has one sharp (F#) and the time signature is 2/4.



Julián ARCAS (1832-1882)

PRELUDIO

en re mayor

Révision pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

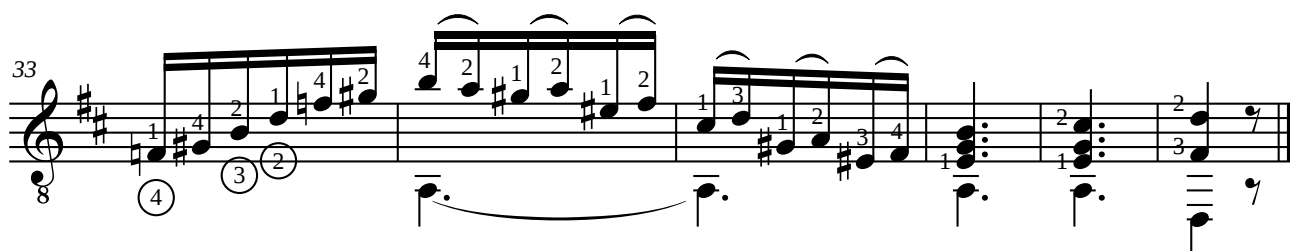
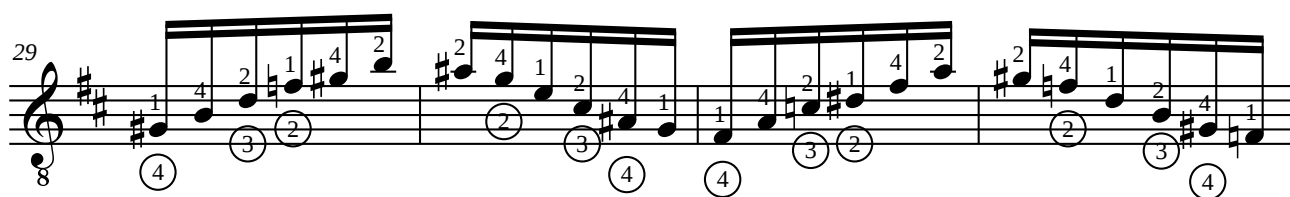
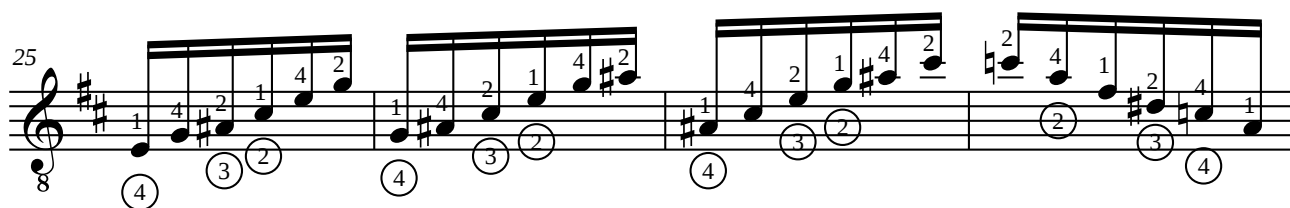
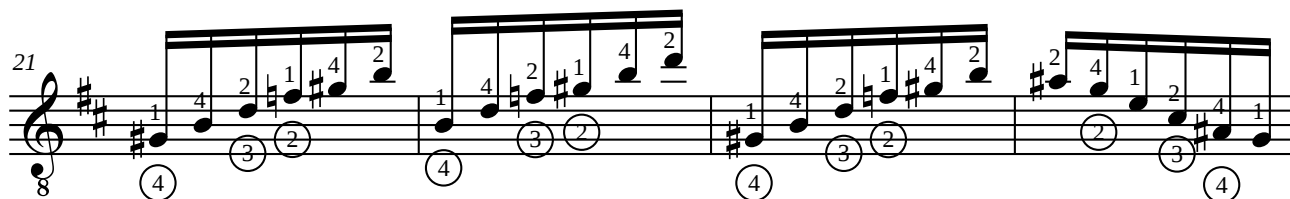
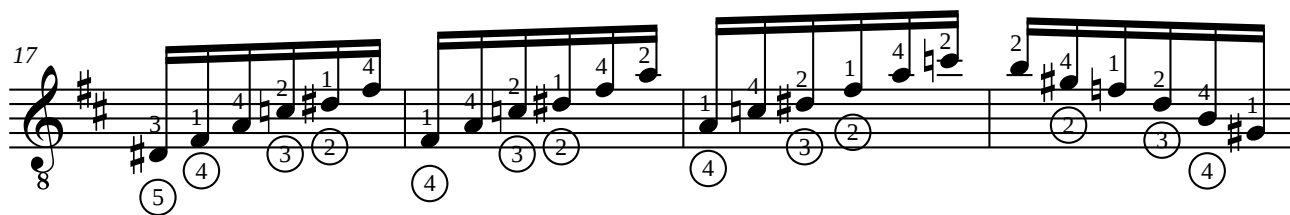
⑥ = RE ♩ = 56

p i p i m a

5

9

13



Julián ARCAS (1832-1882)

LA SALTARINA

Polka mazurka

Révision pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

♩ = 120

5

10

15

21

27

LÁGRIMA

Révision pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

www.delcamp.net

Francisco TÁRREGA (1852-1909)

ESTUDIO EN FORMA DE MINUETTO

A la Srta. Consuelo Pascual de Boldum

Révision pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

♩ = 80

IX ----- C VII

4 7 10

3030 *tr* C II

[illegible]

IX

18

8

4

1

2

2

4

2

1

2

1

3

1

2

4

1

2

The first system of the musical score for 'The Rose Tree' is shown. It consists of a treble clef staff with a key signature of three sharps (F#, C#, G#) and a common time signature (C). The melody begins with a quarter note G#4, followed by a quarter rest. The next measure contains a quarter note A#4, a quarter note B4, and a quarter note C5, all beamed together. This is followed by a quarter note B4, a quarter note A#4, and a quarter note G#4, also beamed together. The system ends with a quarter note F#4. The bass staff shows a whole note G#2 in the first measure, followed by a whole note F#2 in the second measure, and a whole note E2 in the third measure. The system is numbered 23 in the top left corner.

[illegible]

Antonio Jiménez MANJÓN (1866-1919)

BALADA

en re menor

Révision pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

♩ = 132

8 *f*

6 *p*

11

16 *a tempo*

21 *p*

rall.

26

Staff 26-30: Treble clef, 8/8 time. Measures 26-30. Fingering: 1, 2, 4, 3, 4, 2, 3, 4, 1, 2, 3, 1. Accents on measures 26, 27, 28, 29, 30.

31

Staff 31-34: Treble clef, 8/8 time. Measures 31-34. Fingering: 4, 2, 1, 2, 4, 1, 4, 3, 2, 4, 3, 1. Dynamics: *p* at measure 31, *cresc.* at measure 33. Circled numbers 2, 5, 4, 5, 4.

35

Staff 35-38: Treble clef, 8/8 time. Measures 35-38. Fingering: 4, 2, 1, 3, 2, 4, 4, 3, 4, 2, 3, 2. Accents on measures 35, 36, 37, 38.

39

Staff 39-42: Treble clef, 8/8 time. Measures 39-42. Fingering: 3, 2, 3, 3, 1, 3, 4, 1, 4, 4, 3, 2. Dynamics: *f* at measure 41, *p* at measure 42. *rall.* at the end. Circled number 3.

43

Staff 43-47: Treble clef, 8/8 time. Measures 43-47. Fingering: 4, 1, 2, 3, 2, 3, 2, 2, 3, 2, 2, 3. Dynamics: *f* at measure 43. *a tempo* above measure 43. **C II** above measure 43.

48

Staff 48-52: Treble clef, 8/8 time. Measures 48-52. Fingering: 2, 1, 3, 2, 3, 2, 1, 4, 1, 2, 3. Dynamics: *p* at measure 52.

53

Staff 53-56: Treble clef, 8/8 time. Measures 53-56. Fingering: 4, 1, 2, 3, 2, 3, 2, 3, 2, 3, 2, 1. Circled numbers 2, 3.

58

8 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3

rall.

63

a tempo

8 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3

p

68

8 1 3 1 3 1 2 1 2 1 2 3

73

8 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3

f

77

♩ II

8 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3

81

♩ II

8 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3

pp *p* *cresc.*

85

8 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3

89 *♩* V *♩* III *♩* II *a tempo*
affret. *rit.* *marcato il canto.*

93 *♩* II *♩* II

97 *p*

101 *cresc.*

105 *p*

109 *♩* X

113 XII

☑ Américo JACOMINO (CANHOTO) (1889-1928)

ARREPENDIDA

Valsa

Révision pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

♩ = 192

Valsa ♩ = 192

③

C I

②

6

④

④

③

12

③

18

②

24

30

harm. XII

harm. XII

4

V

36

42

C II

C III

4

48

54

C II

4

60

harm. XII

harm. XII

1

67 ♩ V §

73 ♩ V

79 ♩ V

85 ♩ V

91

97 *harm. XII* *harm. XII* ♩ V *Fine* **Trio**

103 *harm. XII*

109 *C VII*

114 *C I*

119 *C III*

123 *C II* *C VII*

128 *harm. XII* *C V* *D.S. al Fine*

Salvador RESGRASA (1879-1942)

¿COMO LE VA DEL OJO?

Tango

Révision pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

♩ = 66

8 5 9 13 17

C II C III C VII

21

25

29

33

37

41

45

C VII

C VII

C VII

C II

C III

C II

C III

Enrico ALOISI (1880?-1934?)

ESTELLE

Mazurka (1924)

A miss Florence Estelle GRIFFITHS

Révision pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

Introduzione ♩ = 152

Mazurka ♩ = 160

28

f *p*

33

37

a tempo
rall. *p* con grazia

42

48

p cresc.

53

C VII *Fine*

[illegible]

82 C II

85

88 C II

92 C II

96

101 *D.C. Mazurka* C VII

Zequinha de ABREU (1880-1935)

TARDES EM LINDOIA

en sol majeur

Révision pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

♩ = 168

6 *a tempo*

11

16

21

♩ V

26 1 4 0 0 3 4 1 2 1 3 2 4 3 4

31 C III 3 1 4 3 1 3

36 C II C VII 4 4 4 2 3

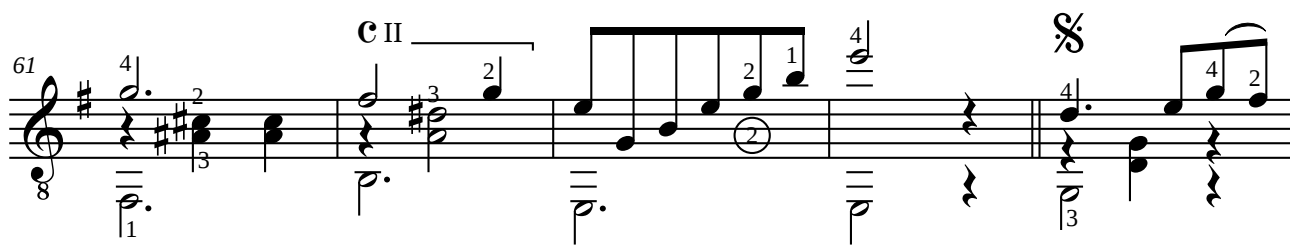
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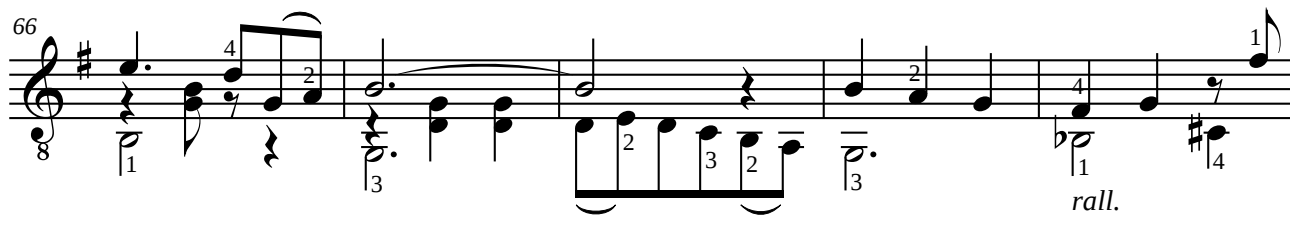
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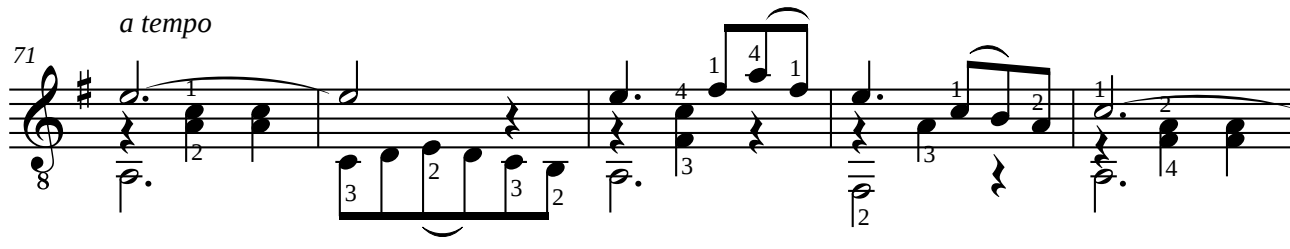
51 C II C VII 4 4 4 2 3

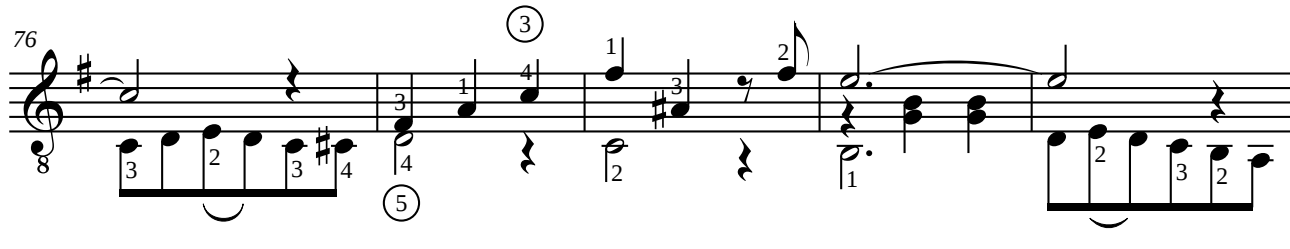
56 2 4 4 2 4 2 4 2 4 2

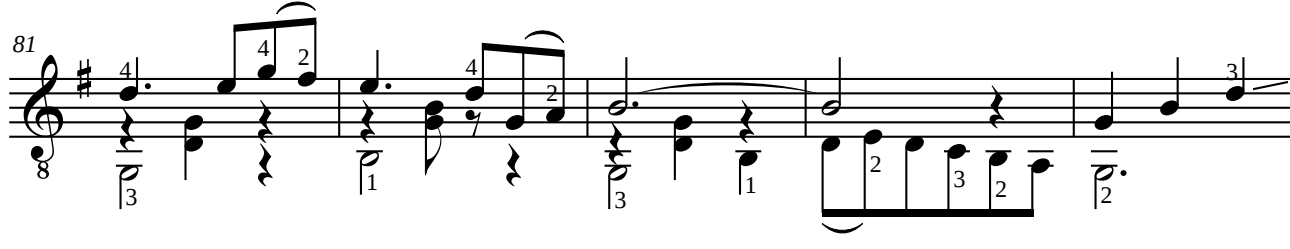
Detailed description: This is a musical score for guitar, spanning measures 26 to 56. The music is written in treble clef with a key signature of one sharp (F#). The time signature is 8/8. The score includes various chords and fingerings. Chords are labeled as C III, C II, and C VII. Fingerings are indicated by numbers 1-4. Some measures have a '0' indicating a natural harmonic. The score is divided into systems of five measures each. The first system (measures 26-30) includes a circled '6' under the first measure and a circled '4' under the fourth measure. The second system (measures 31-35) includes a circled '3' under the first measure and a circled '4' under the fourth measure. The third system (measures 36-40) includes a circled '3' under the first measure and a circled '4' under the fourth measure. The fourth system (measures 41-45) includes a circled '3' under the first measure and a circled '4' under the fourth measure. The fifth system (measures 46-50) includes a circled '3' under the first measure and a circled '4' under the fourth measure. The sixth system (measures 51-55) includes a circled '3' under the first measure and a circled '4' under the fourth measure. The seventh system (measures 56-60) includes a circled '3' under the first measure and a circled '4' under the fourth measure.

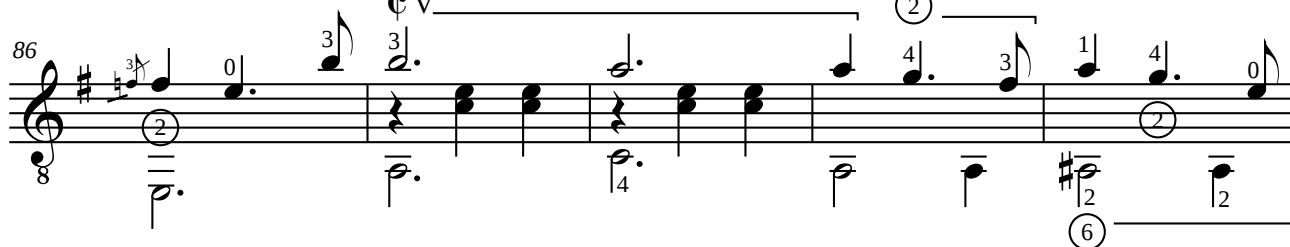
61 **C II** 

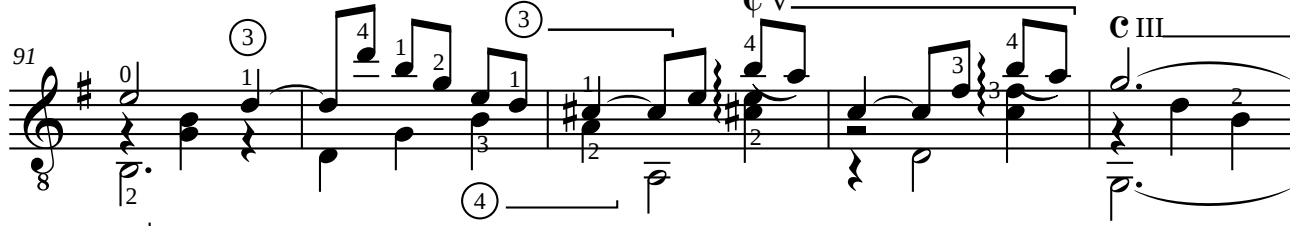
66 

71 *a tempo* 

76 

81 

86 **C V** 

91 

96 *Fine*

101 *C V*

106

111

116 *C II*

121

126 *C VIII* *D.S. al Fine*

The musical score consists of seven staves of music. The first staff (measures 96-100) ends with a 'Fine' marking. The second staff (measures 101-105) is marked 'C V'. The third staff (measures 106-110) continues the piece. The fourth staff (measures 111-115) continues. The fifth staff (measures 116-120) is marked 'C II'. The sixth staff (measures 121-125) continues. The seventh staff (measures 126-128) is marked 'C VIII' and ends with 'D.S. al Fine'. The score includes various musical notations such as eighth notes, quarter notes, and chords, along with fingerings and articulation marks.

Zequinha de ABREU (1880-1935)

AMANDO SOBRE O MAR

Valse

Révision pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

♩ = 168

8

5

10

15

20

25

8

8

8

8

8

8

☑ João GUIMARÃES (PERNAMBUCO) (1883-1947) SONS DE CARRILHÕES

Maxixe - Chôro

Révision pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

♩ = 76

⑥ = RE

♩ VII

♩ V4/6

4

7

11

14

2 *Fine*
♩ VII

17

8

20

8

♩ V

23

8

♩ V^{4/6}

26

8

♩ V

29

8

32

8

1

2. *D.C. al Fine*

Agustín BARRIOS MANGORÉ (1885-1944)

ESTUDIO DEL LIGADO

en la majeur

Révision pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

♩ = 138

3

5

7

9

11

8

13

8

15

8

17

8

19

8

21

8

23

8

☑ Agustín BARRIOS MANGORÉ (1885-1944)
EL SUEÑO DE LA MUÑEQUITA
 en la mineur

Révision pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

♩ = 184

The musical score is written for guitar in 3/4 time, key of D minor (three flats). The tempo is marked as ♩ = 184. The score is divided into four systems of measures.

- System 1 (Measures 1-6):** Measure 1 has a triplet of eighth notes (G4, A4, B4) with fingering 1, 4, 2. Measure 2 has a half note G4 with fingering 2, and a quarter note F#4 with fingering 1. Measure 3 has a half note G4 with fingering 4, and a quarter note F#4 with fingering 3. Measure 4 has a half note G4 with fingering 1, and a quarter note F#4 with fingering 2. Measure 5 has a half note G4 with fingering 3, and a quarter note F#4 with fingering 5. Measure 6 has a half note G4 with fingering 4, and a quarter note F#4 with fingering 3.
- System 2 (Measures 7-12):** Measure 7 has a half note G4 with fingering 3, and a quarter note F#4 with fingering 2. Measure 8 has a half note G4 with fingering 2, and a quarter note F#4 with fingering 1. Measure 9 has a half note G4 with fingering 4, and a quarter note F#4 with fingering 3. Measure 10 has a half note G4 with fingering 1, and a quarter note F#4 with fingering 2. Measure 11 has a half note G4 with fingering 3, and a quarter note F#4 with fingering 5. Measure 12 has a half note G4 with fingering 4, and a quarter note F#4 with fingering 3. A bracket labeled "C VII" spans measures 11 and 12.
- System 3 (Measures 13-18):** Measure 13 has a half note G4 with fingering 3, and a quarter note F#4 with fingering 2. Measure 14 has a half note G4 with fingering 2, and a quarter note F#4 with fingering 1. Measure 15 has a half note G4 with fingering 4, and a quarter note F#4 with fingering 3. Measure 16 has a half note G4 with fingering 1, and a quarter note F#4 with fingering 2. Measure 17 has a half note G4 with fingering 3, and a quarter note F#4 with fingering 5. Measure 18 has a half note G4 with fingering 4, and a quarter note F#4 with fingering 3. A bracket labeled "C VI" spans measures 15 and 16.
- System 4 (Measures 19-24):** Measure 19 has a half note G4 with fingering 3, and a quarter note F#4 with fingering 2. Measure 20 has a half note G4 with fingering 2, and a quarter note F#4 with fingering 1. Measure 21 has a half note G4 with fingering 4, and a quarter note F#4 with fingering 3. Measure 22 has a half note G4 with fingering 1, and a quarter note F#4 with fingering 2. Measure 23 has a half note G4 with fingering 3, and a quarter note F#4 with fingering 5. Measure 24 has a half note G4 with fingering 4, and a quarter note F#4 with fingering 3.

25 **C II**

31 **C II**

il basso con harm. octavados

37

43

49

55

Coda

Jean-François DELCAMP (1956)

PRELUDE N°1 en ré mineur

à Eric (wchymeUS)

Pour guitare

♩ = 126
molto rubato

rit.
mp

accel.

a tempo

rall.
f *mp*

1.

a tempo
C I

allarg.
f *p* *mp*

The musical score is written for guitar in treble clef, key of D minor (three flats), and 4/4 time. It consists of five systems of notation. The first system starts with a tempo of 126 bpm and a 'molto rubato' marking. It includes a 'rit.' (ritardando) section followed by an 'accel.' (accelerando) section. The second system begins with a 'V' (crescendo) marking and a 'rall.' (rallentando) section, followed by an 'a tempo' section. The third system features a '1.' marking and a 'C I' (crescendo) marking. The fourth system includes an 'allarg.' (allargando) section. The score is marked with various dynamics: *mp* (mezzo-piano), *f* (forte), *p* (piano), and *mp* (mezzo-piano). Fingering instructions are provided throughout, including circled numbers 1-4 and 5, and a circled 3. The score also includes a 'rit.' (ritardando) marking and an 'accel.' (accelerando) marking. The piece concludes with a final 'a tempo' marking and a 'C I' (crescendo) marking.

16

f *allarg.* *mf* *accel. molto*

20

f *rall.* *mf*

23

f

26

f *rall.* *rit.* *accel.* *f* *rall.*

30

mp *rit.* *rall.* *f*

Brest, le 6 septembre 2006

Jean-François DELCAMP (1956)

PRELUDE N°2 en sol majeur

à Arteusian

Pour guitare

♩ = 120

i m i a i m i m i a i m

p
mp

5

9

13

16

♩ I

19

rall.

23

a tempo

pp
mp

27

pp

31

mp

35

p

39

Brest, le 7 septembre 2006

allarg.

Jean-François DELCAMP (1956)

TANGO - MILONGA en la mineur

à Milonga

Pour guitare

$\bullet = 60$

mp

5

10

14

③ vibrato

C V

19

C IV

mf

24

Staff 24-28: Treble clef, 8/8 time. Measures 24-28 show a sequence of eighth and sixteenth notes with various fingerings (1, 2, 3, 4) and a key signature of one sharp (F#).

29

Staff 29-32: Treble clef, 8/8 time. Measures 29-32 include a *mf* dynamic marking and a first ending bracket labeled '♩ I' above measures 30-32. Fingerings are indicated throughout.

33

Staff 33-37: Treble clef, 8/8 time. Measures 33-37 feature a triplet of eighth notes in measure 33 and various eighth and sixteenth note patterns. A key signature change to two sharps (F#, C#) occurs in measure 35.

38

Staff 38-41: Treble clef, 8/8 time. Measures 38-41 include a *f* dynamic marking, a *mp* dynamic marking, and a *f* dynamic marking. The staff contains complex sixteenth-note patterns with fingerings.

42

Staff 42-45: Treble clef, 8/8 time. Measures 42-45 include a *f* dynamic marking, a *mp* dynamic marking, and a *f* dynamic marking. The staff contains complex sixteenth-note patterns with fingerings.

46

Staff 46-50: Treble clef, 8/8 time. Measures 46-50 include a *p* dynamic marking, a *mf* dynamic marking, and a *pizz.* marking. The staff contains eighth and sixteenth note patterns with fingerings.

51

Staff 51-54: Treble clef, 8/8 time. Measures 51-54 include a *mp* dynamic marking and a *pizz.* marking. The staff contains eighth and sixteenth note patterns with fingerings.

Brest, le 28 septembre 2006

Jean-François DELCAMP (1956)

BERCEUSE

à fEZ, pour ses jeunes enfants

Pour guitare

♩ = 120

mp

gliss.

6

C II — vibrato —

f

D.C. al

11

C III

f

D.C. al

mf

16

harmoniques naturels -

D.C. al

VII — V XII —

III

22

gliss.

rall.

mf

Brest, le 12 septembre 2006

Pierre TREMBLAY

CONTINE

Décembre 2006

Pour guitare

5

10

16

21

27

Plus lent

5



Classical guitar Exercices

Jean-François DELCAMP (1956)

ETEINTE DES RESONANCES

NIVEAU 5 - LEVEL 5

Pour guitare

$\bullet = 132$

6

11

16

21

Jean-François DELCAMP (1956)

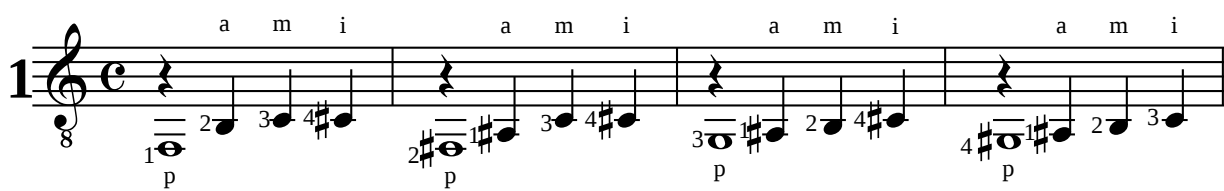
EXTENSIONS

NIVEAU 5 - LEVEL 5

Pour guitare

$\bullet = 84$

a m i a m i a m i a m i

1 

2 

3 

4 

5 

NIVEAU 5 - LEVEL 5

The first system of the musical score is written on a grand staff (treble and bass clefs). The treble staff contains a melody with eighth and sixteenth notes, including triplets and slurs. The bass staff provides a harmonic accompaniment with eighth notes and rests. Fingering numbers (1, 2, 3, 4, 5) are indicated below the notes. The system concludes with a repeat sign and a final note marked with a fermata.

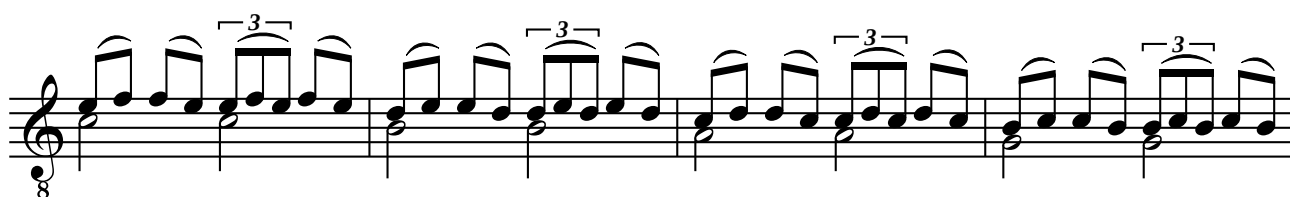
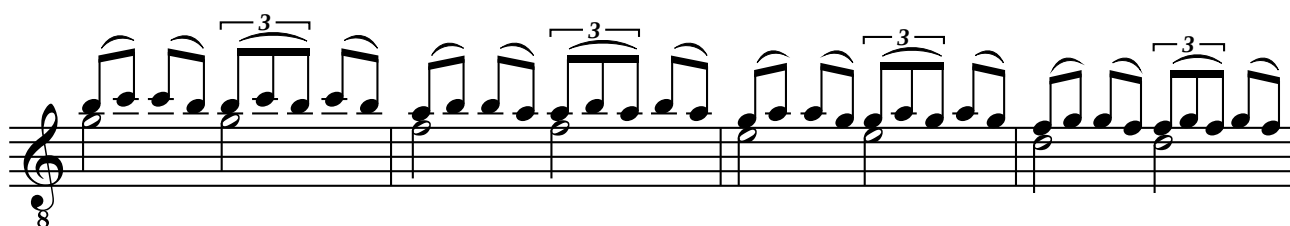
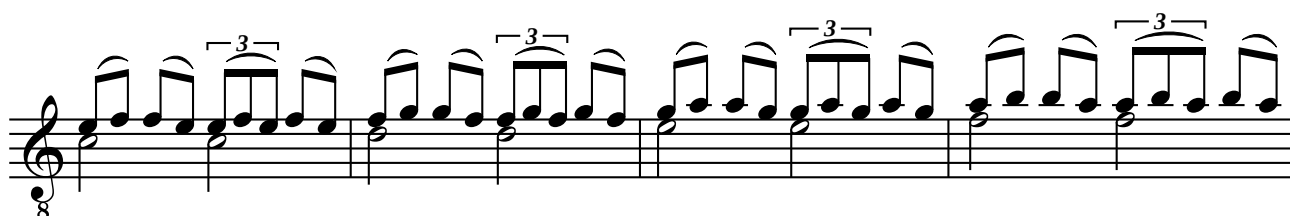
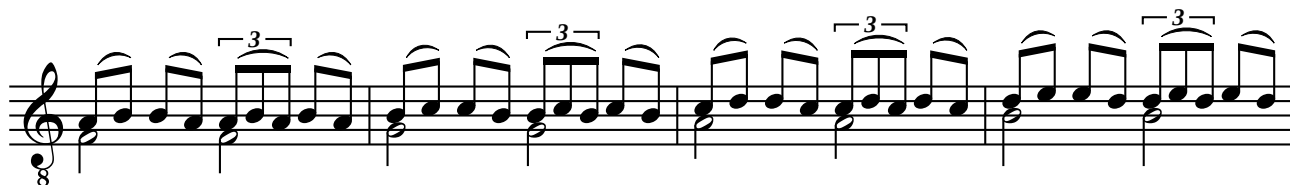
MI Majeur - E major $\bullet = 138$

2/8

8

0 1 1 2 4 1 3 4 1 3 4 1 3 2 4 1 2 4 1

(6) (5) (4) (3) (2) (1)



Jean-François DELCAMP (1956)

MORDANTS ET TRILLES

pour les oeuvres baroques

Pour guitare

<http://www.dolmetsch.com/musictheory23.htm>

Mordants DO majeur - Mordents C Major ♩ = 116

1

Mordants RE majeur - Mordents D Major ♩ = 116

2

102 102 314 314 102 102 213

8

3 3

Trilles DO majeur - Trills C Major ♩ = 116

3141 3141 1020 1020 2131 2131 3141 3141

3

5 5 4 4

1020 1020 3141 3141 1020 1020 3141

8

3 3 3 3

Trilles RE majeur - Trills D Major ♩ = 116

1020 1020 3141 3141 2131 2131 1020 1020

4

4 4

3141 3141 1020 1020 2131 2131 3141

8

3 3 3 3 2

☑ Jean-François DELCAMP (1956)

GAMMES - SCALE - SCALES - ESCALAS

NIVEAU 5 - LIVELLO 5 - LEVEL 5 - NIVEL 5

Pour guitare

SIb Majeur

VI IX

1

2 4 1 2 4 1 3 4 1 3 4 1 3 2 4 1

2 4 1 3 4 3 1 4 2 1 4 2 1 3 1 4 3 1

SOL mineur

2

3 0 1 3 0 2 4

VIII

0 2 3 1 3 1 3 1 3 4 1 3 1 3 4 2 2

V

1 4 2 1 4 2 4 3 1 4 3 1 4 3 1

FA Majeur

3

RE mineur

4

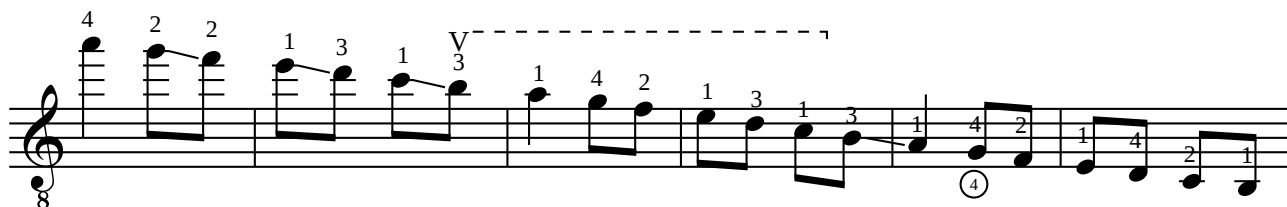
m i m i
a m a m
a i a i

DO Majeur

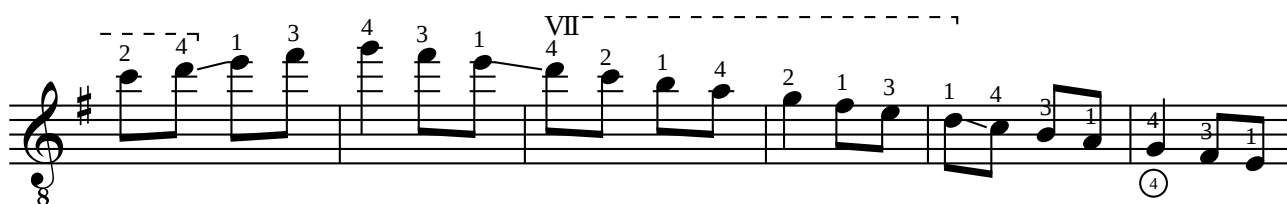
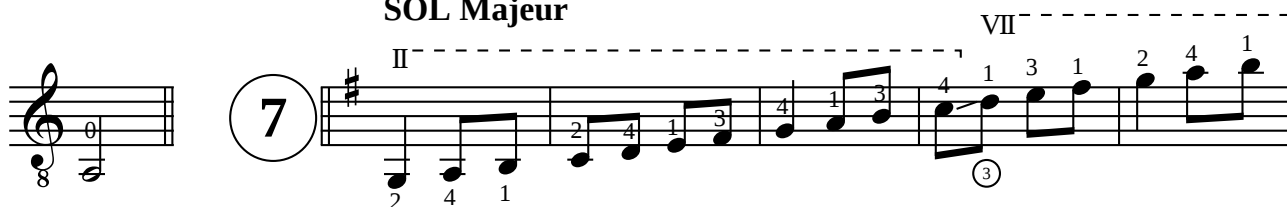
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LA mineur

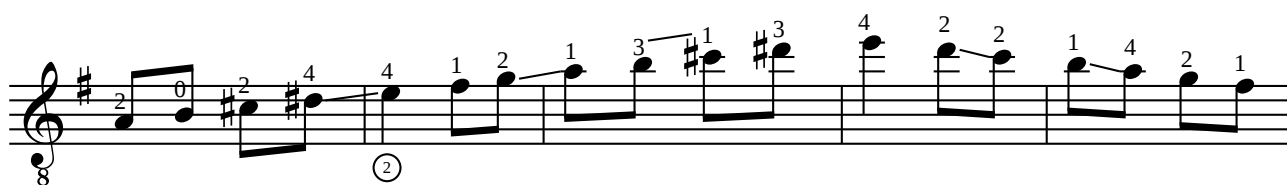
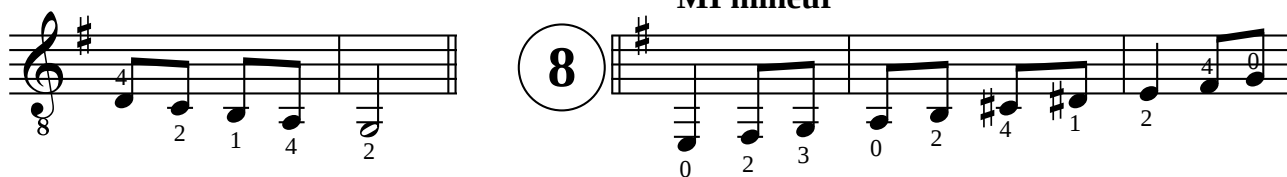
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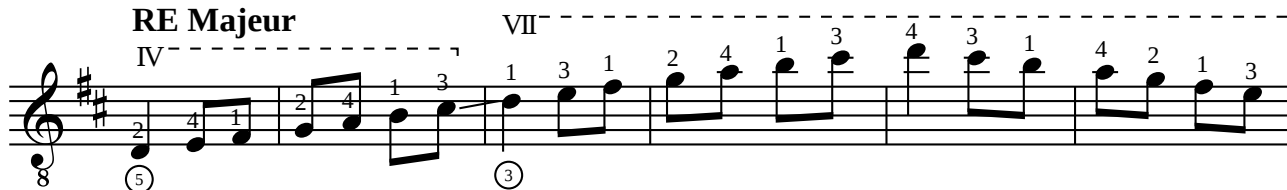
SOL Majeur

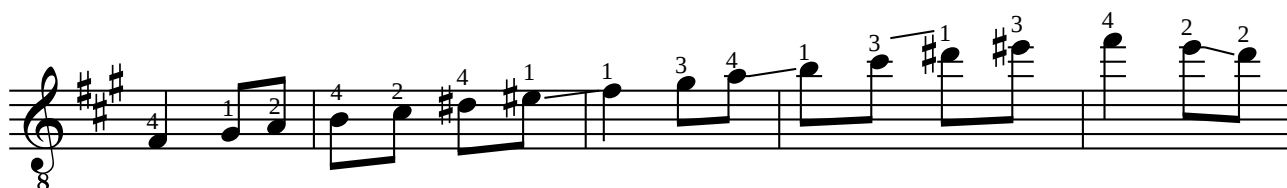
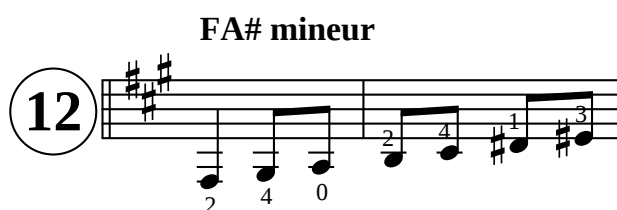
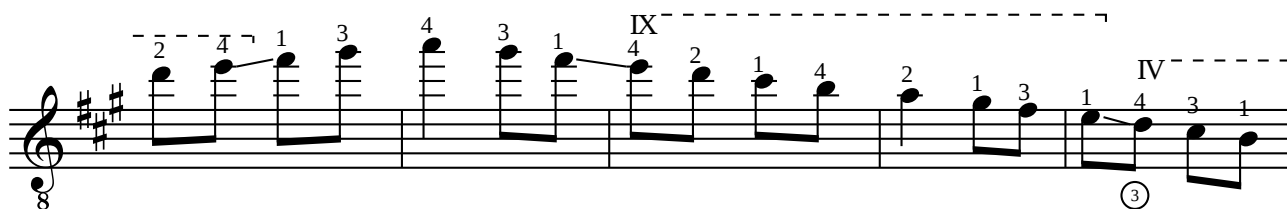
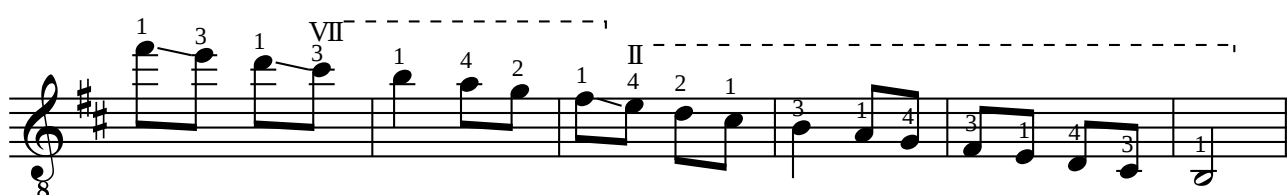
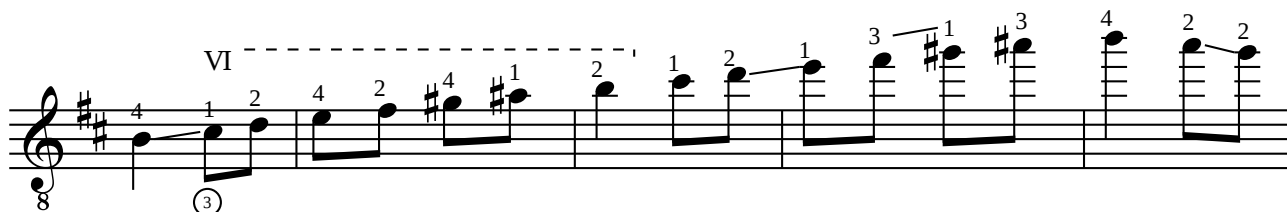
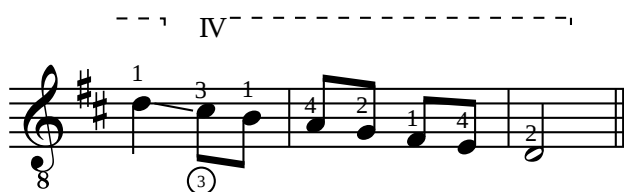


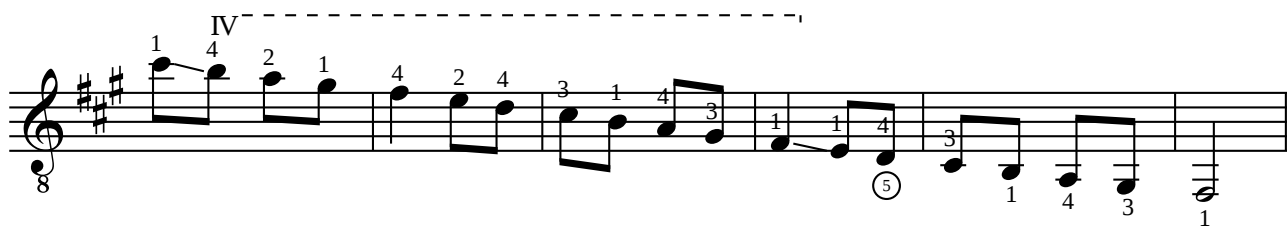
MI mineur



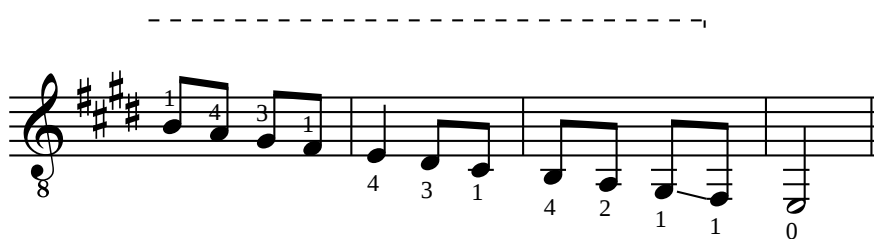
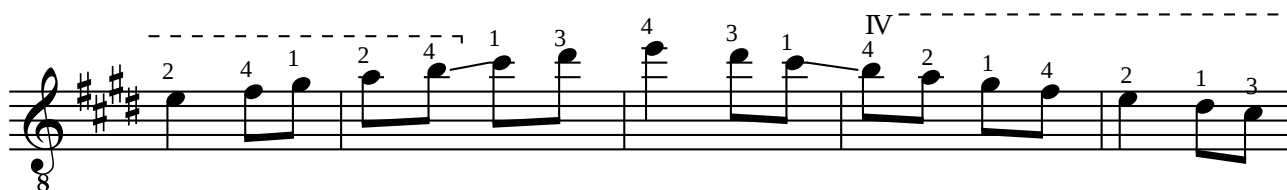
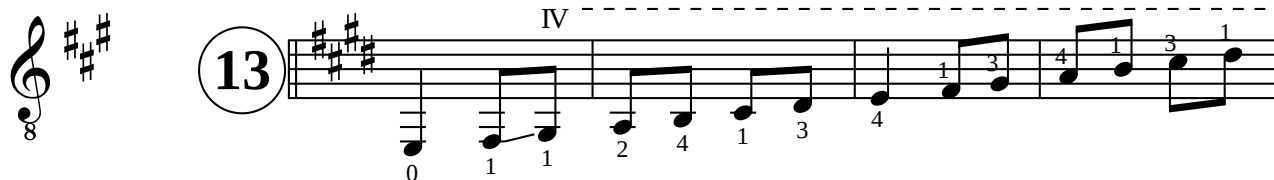
RE Majeur



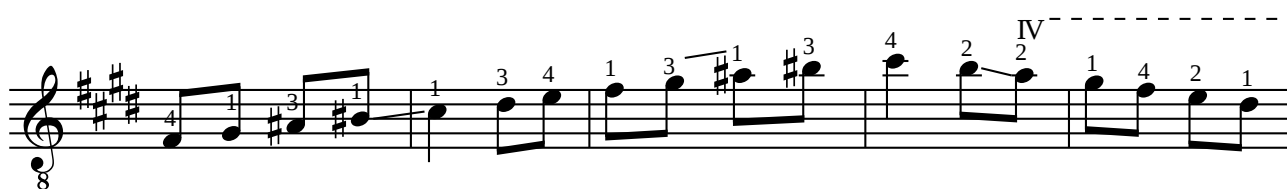




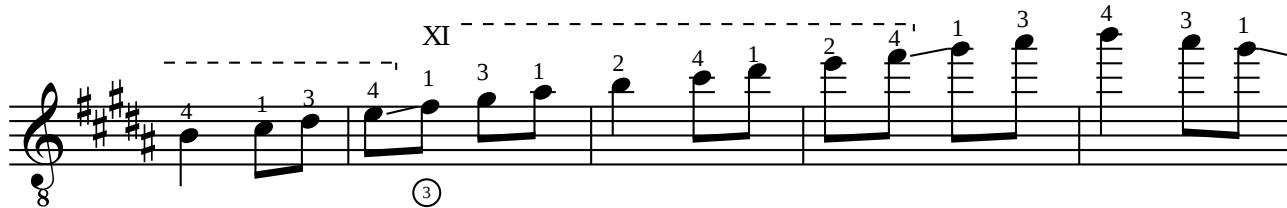
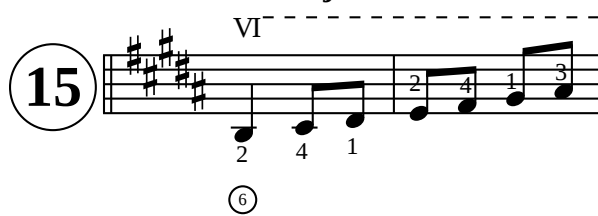
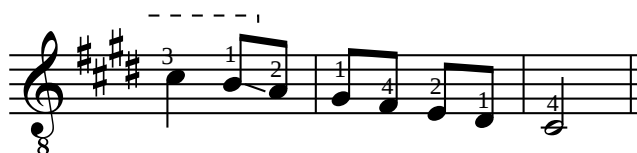
MI Majeur

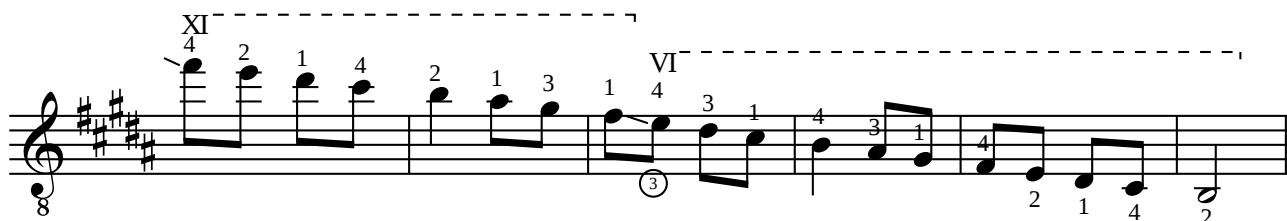


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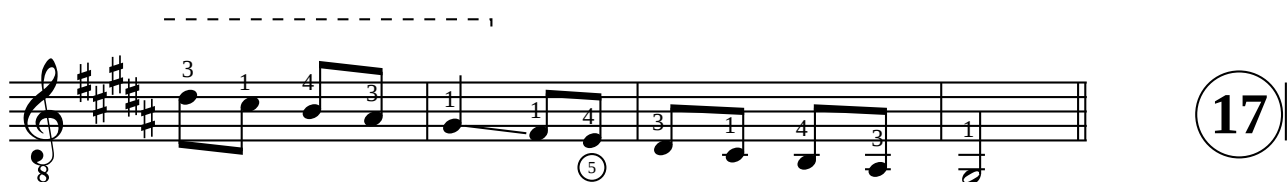
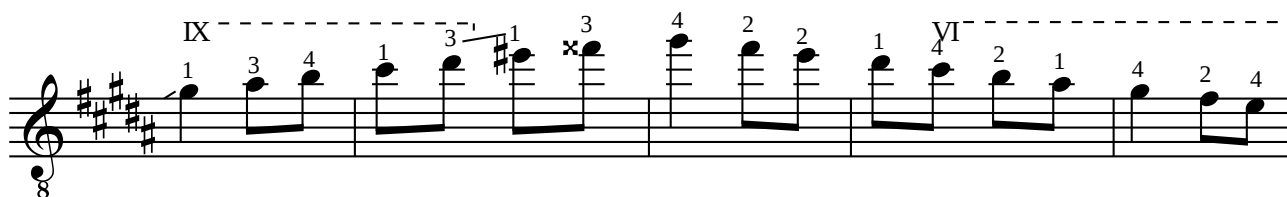


SI Majeur

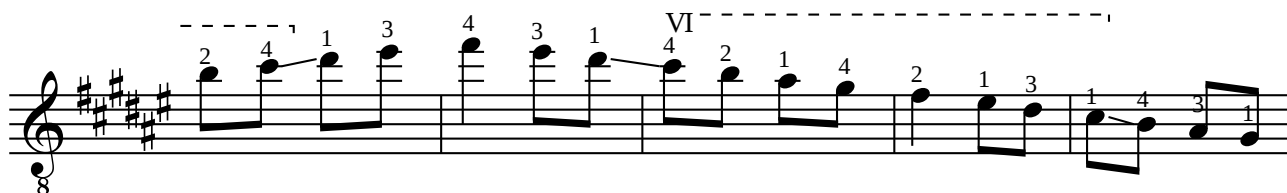




SOL# mineur

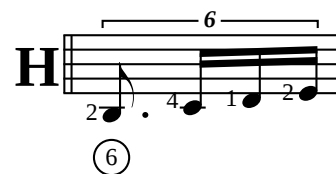
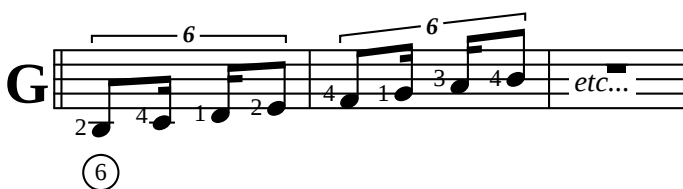
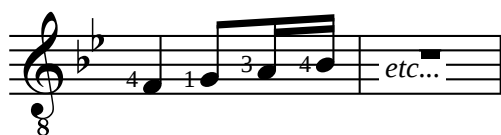
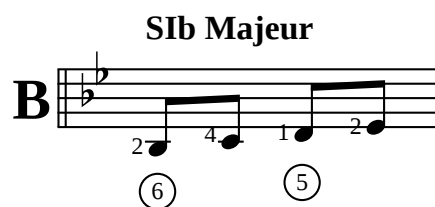
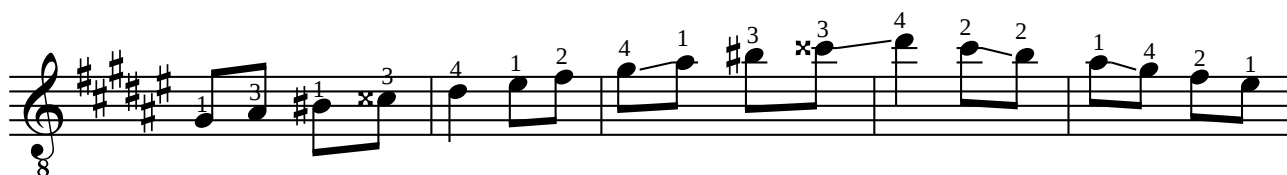


FA# Majeur



RE# mineur





Jean-François DELCAMP (1956)

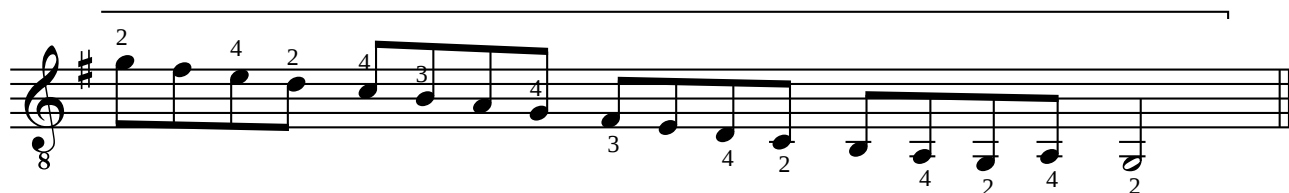
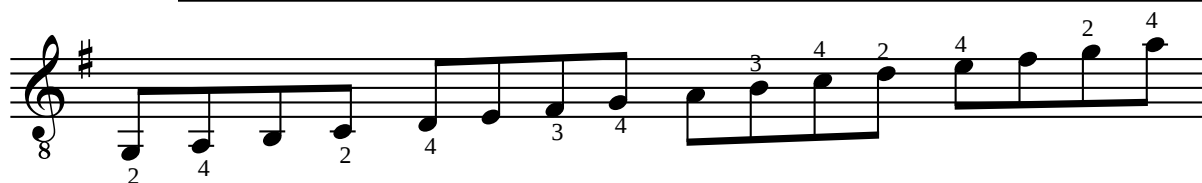
CEJILLA

NIVEAU 5 - LEVEL 5

Pour guitare

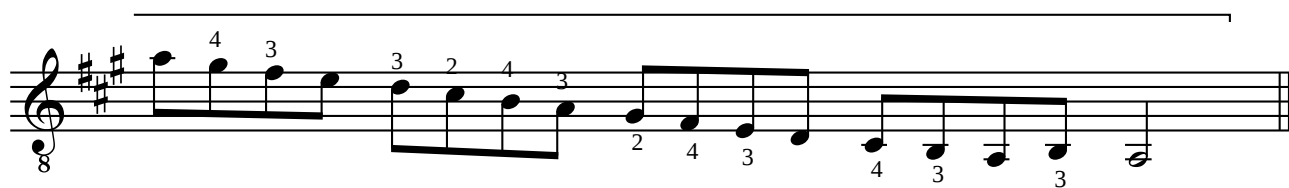
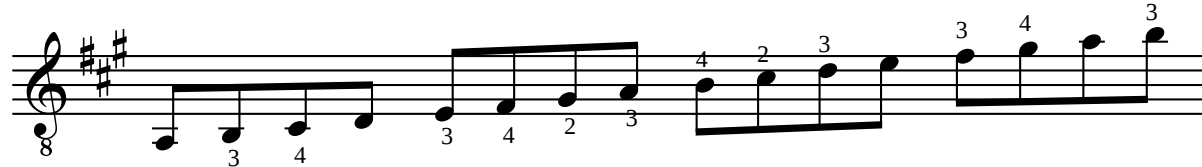
LA majeur - A Major ♩ = 138

C II



LA majeur - A Major ♩ = 138

C V



Jean-François DELCAMP (1956)

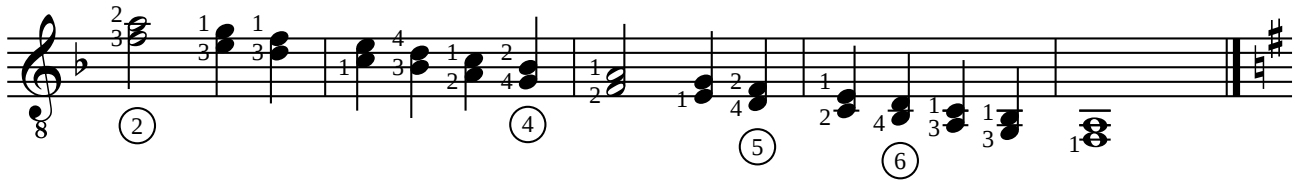
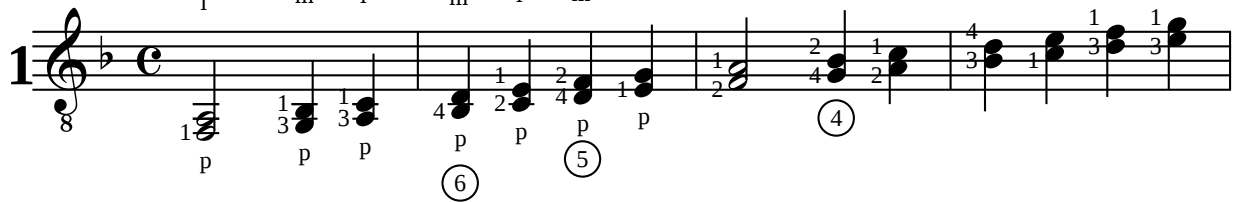
GAMMES EN TIERCES - SCALES IN THIRD

NIVEAU 5 - LEVEL 5

Pour guitare

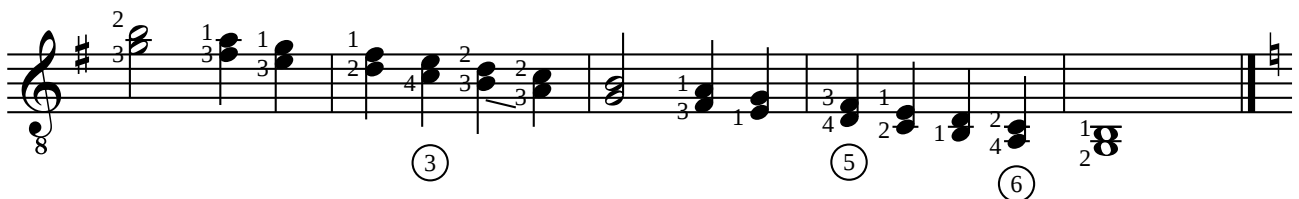
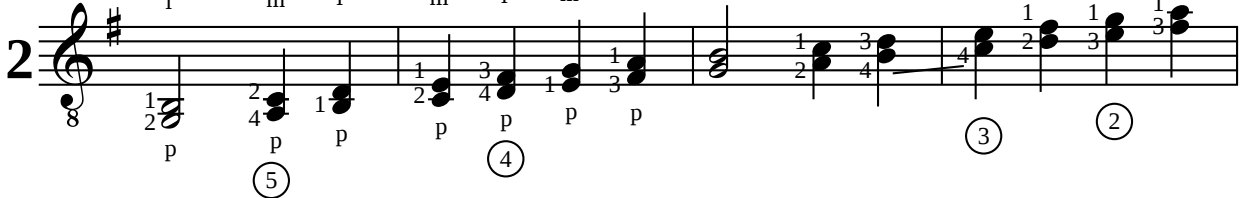
Fa majeur - F major ♩ = 138

i m i m i m i



Sol majeur - G major ♩ = 138

i m i m i m i



LA mineur - A minor ♮ = 138



SI mineur - B minor ♮ = 138



DO majeur - C Major ♮ = 138



Jean-François DELCAMP (1956)

ARPEGES - ARPEGGIOS

NIVEAU 5 - LEVEL 5

Pour guitare

SOL majeur - G Major $\text{♩} = 138$ **C III** —

DO majeur - C Major $\text{♩} = 138$ **C VIII** —

C V_____

The musical score for 'The Rose Tree' is written on a single staff in treble clef. The key signature has one sharp (F#), and the time signature is common time (C). The melody consists of 16 measures. The first measure is a whole note G4. The second measure is a half note A4. The third measure is a half note B4. The fourth measure is a half note C5. The fifth measure is a half note B4. The sixth measure is a half note A4. The seventh measure is a half note G4. The eighth measure is a half note F#4. The ninth measure is a half note E4. The tenth measure is a half note D4. The eleventh measure is a half note C4. The twelfth measure is a half note B3. The thirteenth measure is a half note A3. The fourteenth measure is a half note G3. The fifteenth measure is a half note F#3. The sixteenth measure is a half note E3. The score includes fingerings (1-4) and breath marks (indicated by a line over the first four measures and a line over the last four measures). The piece is marked 'C II' at the end.

C VII.

The musical score for 'The Rose Tree' is written on a single staff in treble clef with a key signature of two sharps (F# and C#). The tempo is marked 'Allegretto' and the time signature is common time (C). The score consists of 16 measures. The first measure is a whole note chord of F#4 and C#5. The second measure is a whole note chord of D#5 and F#6. The third measure is a whole note chord of A5 and C#6. The fourth measure is a whole note chord of D#5 and F#6. The fifth measure is a whole note chord of A5 and C#6. The sixth measure is a whole note chord of D#5 and F#6. The seventh measure is a whole note chord of A5 and C#6. The eighth measure is a whole note chord of D#5 and F#6. The ninth measure is a whole note chord of A5 and C#6. The tenth measure is a whole note chord of D#5 and F#6. The eleventh measure is a whole note chord of A5 and C#6. The twelfth measure is a whole note chord of D#5 and F#6. The thirteenth measure is a whole note chord of A5 and C#6. The fourteenth measure is a whole note chord of D#5 and F#6. The fifteenth measure is a whole note chord of A5 and C#6. The sixteenth measure is a whole note chord of D#5 and F#6. The score ends with a double bar line.

C VII

Francisco TÁRREGA (1852-1909)

ESTUDIO

en mi mayor

Révision pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

♩ = 88

4

7

10

13

C IV

16

19

22

25

27

29

Francisco TÁRREGA (1852-1909)

4 ESTUDIOS

Révision pour guitare de Jean-François Delcamp

• = 72

1

8

4

8

8

8

2

8

7

8

C II

The second system of the musical score for 'The Rose Tree' is shown. It begins with a treble clef, a key signature of three sharps (F#, C#, G#), and a common time signature (C). The melody is written on a single staff. The first measure is a whole note chord (F#, C#, G#). The second measure is a half note chord (F#, C#). The third measure is a half note chord (F#, C#). The fourth measure is a half note chord (F#, C#). The fifth measure is a half note chord (F#, C#). The sixth measure is a half note chord (F#, C#). The seventh measure is a half note chord (F#, C#). The eighth measure is a half note chord (F#, C#). The ninth measure is a half note chord (F#, C#). The tenth measure is a half note chord (F#, C#). The eleventh measure is a half note chord (F#, C#). The twelfth measure is a half note chord (F#, C#). The thirteenth measure is a half note chord (F#, C#). The fourteenth measure is a half note chord (F#, C#). The fifteenth measure is a half note chord (F#, C#). The sixteenth measure is a half note chord (F#, C#). The seventeenth measure is a half note chord (F#, C#). The eighteenth measure is a half note chord (F#, C#). The nineteenth measure is a half note chord (F#, C#). The twentieth measure is a half note chord (F#, C#). The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and bar lines.

10

Musical notation for the first staff of the piece, featuring a treble clef, key signature of three sharps (F#, C#, G#), and a series of eighth and sixteenth notes with fingerings.

♩ = 84

4

5

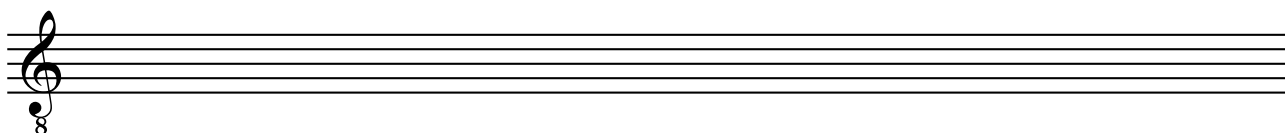
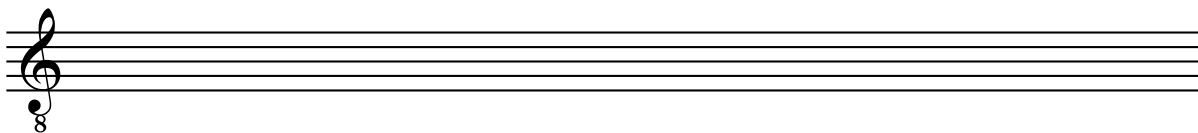
9

13

17

21

C II



CATALOGUE DELCAMP.NET

Volume D01 - Anonyme : A la claire fontaine - Ah ! Mon beau château - Ah vous dirais-je maman - Alouette, gentille alouette - Au clair de la lune - Cadet Rousselle - C'est la cloche du vieux manoir - Chanson Italienne - Danse anglaise - Donne-moi la fleur - Doucement, doucement - Fais dodo, Colas mon p'tit frère - Frère Jacques - Il est minuit - J'ai du bon tabac - Jig - La bonne aventure - La Cucaracha - La tête bizarre - Le coucou - Lo, nous marchons sur un étroit chemin - London's burning - Lundi matin - Menuet en ré majeur - No le daba el sol - O bella ciao - Old Mac Donald - Quand j'étais chez mon père - Ricercar en la mineur - Savez vous planter des choux ? - Scarborough Fair - Sur le pont d'Avignon - Une souris verte - Valse du Tyrol - Vent frais, vent du matin - Volt - Adrian Le Roy : Branles de Poitou n°2 et 4 - Gaspar Sanz : Villano - J. A. P. Schultz : Hymne - Joseph Küffner : Duos opus 168 n°4, 14 et 15 - Fernando Sor : Leçons opus 60 n°1, 2 et 3 - Dionisio Aguado : Leccion 5a - Valse - Patty & Mildred J. Hill : Good-Morning To All - Antonio Cano-Curriela : Divertissement - Jean-François Delcamp : Accords - Arpèges - Bref n°1, 2 et 3 - Cordes à vide - Gammes de do majeur - Gamme de sol majeur - Gammes en tierces et liaisons - Polyphonie - Sol-la-si-do.

Volume D02 - Anonyme : A canoa virou - Atoye - Irish Tune - Pavane - Danse d'Avila - Dans les jardins d'mon père - Dos palomas - Que ne suis-je la fougère - Red river valley - Hans Judenkönig : Christ ist erstanden - Thoinot Arbeau : Pavane - Adrian Le Roy : Branle de Poitou n° 3 - Emmanuel Adriaenssen : Branle - Gaspar Sanz : La Tarentela - Dance de las hachas - Batalla - Torneo - 2 Villanos - John Anton Logy : Gigue - Nicolas Derosiers : Chaconne en La - Johann-Philipp Krieger : Menuet - Henry Purcell : Menuet - Ferdinando Carulli : Sautillante - Arpeggi - 2 Valses - Allegretto - Poco allegretto - Ecossaise - Rondo - Joseph Küffner : Duos opus 168 n°1, 2, 11 et 16 - Fernando Sor : Leçons opus 31 n°1 - Andante opus 44 n°1 - Allegretto opus 44 n°2 - Leçons opus 60 n°4, 5, 6, 8, 9, 10 et 15 - Dionisio Aguado : Lecciones n°8a, 8b et 9a - Juan Bobrowicz : Danse - Franz Gruber : Stille Nacht - Joseph Meissonnier : Andante - Mauro Giuliani : Écossaise - Matteo Carcassi : Andante - Sauteuse - Felix Horetzky : Amusement - Stephen Collins Foster : Oh! Susanna - José Ferrer Y Esteve : Ejercicio n°6 - Jean-François Delcamp : Carnet de notes n°2 - Soleares - Malagueña - Petit Boogie - 36 Exercices : Liaisons - Eteinte des résonances - Extensions - Arpèges - Cejilla - Gammes - Gammes en tierces.

Volume D03 - Anonyme : Greensleeves - Gwin ar c'hallaoued - Maro Pontkalleg - Passemeze - Valse en sol - Vidalita - O cravo e a rosa - Carnavalito - Samba lele - Nesta rua - Guillaume Morlaye : Gaillarde - Adrian Le Roy : Branle de Poitou n° 1 - Branle de Bourgogne n°9 - Santino Garsi da Parma : Correnta - Francis Cutting : Packington's Pound - Gaspar Sanz : Abecedario italiano - Española - Las hachas - Canciones - Clarin de los mosqueteros - Clarines y trompetas - Dance de las hachas - Dos trompetas - Folias - Gallarda - Jacaras - La Buelta - La Coquina Francesa - La Garzona - La minima de Portugal - La Miñona de cataluña - Lantururu - Le Esfacheta de Napoles - Paradetas - Pavana - Rujero - Saltaren - Johann Kaspar Fischer : Gavotte - Turlough O'Carolan : Brian Boru's March - Johann Sebastian Bach : Menuets BWV 1007 - Michel Corrette : Aux armes camarades - Ramenez-ci ramenez-là - Ferdinando Carulli : Andante - Arpeggi - Prelude op.114 n°4 - 3 Valses - Antonio Nava : Valse - Fernando Sor : Exercice n°1 et 2 opus 35 - Leçons opus 60 n°7, 11, 12, 13 et 14 - Valse n°1 opus 51 - Niccolò Paganini : Valtz - Ghibibizzi n°1 et 23 - Dionisio Aguado : Ejercicios n°4 et 7 Op.6 - Ejercicio n°4 - Leccion n°15 et 19 - Matteo Carcassi : Allegretto - Andantino - Marche - Valse - José Ferrer Y Esteve : Ejercicio n°9 - Jean-François Delcamp : Tango - Malagueña fácil - Avec la gamme pentatonique - Novelettes n°1 et 2 - Exercices : Accords - Arpèges - Cejilla - Eteintes des résonances - Extensions - Gammes - Glissando - Legato, staccato - Liaisons - Mordants et trilles.

Volume D04 - Anonyme : Se io m'accorgo ben - Lu primm'ammore - Le blues - The sick tune - Don Luys Milán : Pavañes n° I, - II, III et V - Diego Pisador : Pavana - Guillaume Morlaye : Galliarde - Villanesque - Pietro Paulo Borrono da Milano : Peschatore che va cantando - Adrian Le Roy : Almande - Branles de Bourgogne n° 1 et 5 - John Dowland : Mistris Winters Jume - Orlando Sleepeth - Gaspar Sanz : Matáchin - Zarabanda - Villanos - John Anton Logy : Aria - Capriccio - Sarabande - Gigue - Menuet - Robert de Visée : Menuet - François Campion : Prélude - Johann Sebastian Bach : Menuets BWV 1008 - Giuseppe Antonio Brescianello : Capriccio - Menuet - Johannes Fr. Willh. Wenkel : Musette - Leonhard Von Call : Adagio - Ferdinando Carulli : Andantino - Rondo - Prelude opus 114 n°7 - Fernando Sor : Exercices opus 35 n°13, 17 et 22 - Valse - Leçons opus 60 n°17 et 19 - Mauro Giuliani : Etude - Valse - Allegretto - Niccolò Paganini : Le Streghe - Dionisio Aguado : Valse - Matteo Carcassi : 2 valses - Johann Strauss : Idyllen - Lockvögel - Johann Kaspar Mertz : Valse - Napoléon Coste : Barcarolle - Francisco Tárrega : Preludio pentatonica - Estudio en mi - Preludio sobre los gruppetos - Preludio en la - Estudio ostinato - Andantino - Julio Salvador Sagreras : Maria Luisa - Jane Domingos Semenzato : Chôro Divagando - Jean-François Delcamp : Venusdi - Carnet de notes n°5 - Novelette n°3 - Stéphanie Foret : Bretonneuse - Ludovic-Alexandre Morin : Petite étude - Giorgio Signorile : Summer souvenir - Fausto Bottai : The dream of the sad minstrel - Exercices : Eteinte des résonances - Liaisons - Mordants et trilles - Arpèges - Gammes - Cejilla - Extensions.

Volume D05 - Luys de Narváez : Cancion del Imperador - Guardame las vacas - Fantaisies 10 et 12 - Tres diferencias - Hans Neusiedler : Wascha mesa - Alonso Mudarra : Romanesca I - Gallarda - Adrian Le Roy : Branle de Bourgogne n° 2 - Giulio Cesare Barbetta : Moresca detta le canarie - Santino Garsi da Parma : Ballo del serenissimo Duca - Anonyme : Bianca fiore - Saltarello - John Dowland : Lady Laiton's almain - Jean Baptiste Besard : Ballet - Robert Johnson : Alman VII - Gaspar Sanz : 2 Canarios - Preludio - Pavanas por la D - François Campion : Prélude - Gigue - Santiago de Murcia : Prélude - Allegro - Johann Sebastian Bach : Menuet Anh. 132 - Prélude BWV 1007 - Giuseppe Antonio Brescianello : Allegro - François de Fossa : Campanella - Fernando Sor : Etude opus 6 n°5 - Valse opus 13 - Leçon opus 31 n°21 - Exercice opus 35 n°8 - Leçon opus 60 n°18 - Dionisio Aguado : Egercicio n°10 - Ejercicio n°19 - Matteo Carcassi : Etudes opus 60 n°1, 3, 16 et 18 - Johann Kaspar Mertz : Ländler opus 9 n°4 - Ländler opus 12 n°1 - Napoléon Coste : Etudes opus 38 n°1 et 2 - Etude n°13 - Leçon n°24 - Robert Schumann : Fröhlicher Landmann - Julián Arcas : La Saltarina - Preludio - Francisco Tárrega : Lágrima - Estudio en forma de Minuetto - Estudio en mi - 4 Estudios - Antonio Jiménez Manjón : Balada - Salvador Resgrasa : ¿Cómo le va del ojo? - Enrico Aloisi : Estelle - Zequinha de Abreu : Tardes em Lindoia - Amando sobre o Mar - João Teixeira Guimarães (Pernambuco) : Sons de Carilhões - Agustín Barrios Mangoré : El Sueño de la Muñequita - Estudio del ligado - Américo Jacomino (Canhoto) : Arrependida - Jean-François Delcamp : Berceuse - Préludes n°1 et 2 - Tango - Milonga - Pierre Tremblay : Contine - Exercices : Mordants et trilles - Arpèges - Cejilla - Eteintes des résonances - Extensions - Gammes - Liaisons.

Volume D06 - Francesco Canova da Milano : Fantasias VI et XX - Luys de Narváez : Arde corazon arde - Ya se asienta el rey Ramiro - Don Luys Milán : Pavane VI - Fantaisie XVI - Alonso Mudarra : Fantasias 1 et 13 - Conde claros - Pavane - Grégoire Brayssing : Fantaisie V - Adrian Le Roy : Passemeze - John Dowland : Tarleton's riserrectione - Lady Hunsdon's puffed - Gaspar Sanz : 2 fugues - Gallardas - Folias - François Campion : Fugue - Johann Sebastian Bach : Marche, Menuets, Musette - Bourrée BWV 996 - Sarabande BWV 1002 - Gavottes BWV 1012 - Domenico Scarlatti : Sonates K 32, K 34, K 391 et K 431 - Sylvius Léopold Weiss : Capriccio - Giuseppe Antonio Brescianello : Allegro - Wenzeslaus Thomas Matiegka : Menuetto - Fernando Sor : Cantabile - Leçons opus 31 n°16 et 20 - Mauro Giuliani : Sonatine - Dionisio Aguado : Estudios n°14, 15 et 29 - Matteo Carcassi : Études n°7 et 19 - Johann Strauss : Annen, Polka - Napoléon Coste : Etude - Frédéric Chopin : Prélude n°7 - Robert Schumann : Soldatenmarsch - Julián Arcas : El Fagot - Francisco Tárrega : Preludio en mi - Estudio en terceras - Estudio de Damas - Preludios n° 10, 11 et 14 - Endechea - Vals - Estudio en la - Erik Satie : Gnossienne n°1 - Salvador Resgrasa : No se permite - João Teixeira Guimarães (Pernambuco) : Sonho de magia - Agustín Barrios Mangoré : Preludio en mi - Minueto - Américo Jacomino (Canhoto) : Marcha triunfal brasileira - Olhos feiticeiros - Jean-François Delcamp : Jeudo - Valse des fleurs - Exercices : Gammes et exercices - Mordants et trilles.

Volume D07 - Luys de Narváez : Baxa de contrapunto - Conde claros - Bálint Bakfark : Non dite mai - Alonso Mudarra : Fantasias 10 et 14 - Adrian Le Roy : Fantaisie 2 - Giulio Cesare Barbetta : Moresca detta il mattacino - John Dowland : Melancholy galliard - Sir John Smith, his almain - Francesco Corbetta : Gavotte - Ludovico Roncalli : Gigue - Jean-Philippe Rameau : Le Lardon - Menuet en rondeau - Les Tricotets - Johann Sebastian Bach : Préludes BWV 846, 998 et 999 - Allemande BWV 996 - Sarabande BWV 997 - Domenico Scarlatti : Sonate K 322 - Georg Friedrich Händel : Fughette - Fernando Sor : Etude opus 6 n°11 - Les folies d'Espagne - Menuetto - Anton Diabelli : Menuet - Dionisio Aguado : Estudio n°18 - Luigi Legnani : Caprice n°5 - Matteo Carcassi : Etude n°20 - Johann Kaspar Mertz : Capriccio - Félix Mendelssohn-Bartholdy : Barcarola Veneziana - Frédéric Chopin : Valse n°2 opus 34 - Antonio Cano-Curriela : El Delirio - Juan Parga : Guaríja - Edvard Grieg : Melody - Juan Alais : La Mendozina - Francisco Tárrega : ¡Adelita! - Pavana - Preludio 2 - Maria - Pepita - Oremus - Paquito - Carlos García Tolsa : Maruja - Ernesto Júlio Nazareth : Odeon - Antonio Jiménez Manjón : Tu y yo - La Mariposa - Erik Satie : Gymnopédie n°1 - Enrique Granados : Valses I - Dedicatoria - Miguel Llobet : El Testament d'Amelia - Zequinha de Abreu : Tico-tico - João Teixeira Guimarães (Pernambuco) : Recordando Nazareth - Pó de Mico - Agustín Barrios Mangoré : Villancico de Navidad - London Carapé - Carlos Gardel : Por una cabeza - Jean-François Delcamp : Saturdy - Polka - La boutique du magicien distrait - Mazurka - Or et azur - Tango en mi - 6 variations sur la Partida - Exercices : Mordant et trille sur deux cordes.

Volume D08 - John Dowland : King of Denmark, his galliard - Girolamo Frescobaldi : Aria detta la Frescobalda - Dietrich Buxtehude : Suite BuxWV 236 - Jean-Philippe Rameau : Rigaudons et Double - Johann Sebastian Bach : Gavotte BWV 1006a - Domenico Scarlatti : Sonate K 78 - Georg Friedrich Händel : Sarabande - Sylvius Léopold Weiss : Fantaisie - Ciacona - Louis Claude Daquin : Le coucou - Ludwig Van Beethoven : Bagatelle Für Elise - Mateo Albéniz : Sonate - Fernando Sor : Grand solo opus 14 - Etude opus 29 n°17 - Mauro Giuliani : Variations opus 107 - Matteo Carcassi : Variations sur Au clair de la lune opus 7 - Etude opus 60 n°25 - Franz Schubert : Menuet opus 78 - Johann Kaspar Mertz : Tarantelle - Napoléon Coste : Etude n°23 - Félix Mendelssohn-Bartholdy : Canzonetta opus 12 - Sebastián de Iradier : La Paloma - Georges Bizet : L'amour est enfant de Bohème - Francisco Tárrega : Recuerdos de la Alhambra - Las dos hermanitas - Gran vals - Capricho Árabe - Tango - Isaac Albéniz : Granada - Asturias - Ernesto Júlio Nazareth : Apanhei-te cavaquinho - Antonio Jiménez Manjón : Cuento de amor - Lola - Enrique Granados : Oriental - Luigi Mozzi : Feste Lariane - Miguel Llobet : La Filla d'el Marxant - Cançó de Lladre - João Teixeira Guimarães (Pernambuco) : Interrogando - Agustín Barrios Mangoré : Julia Florida - Valse opus 8, n°4 - Valse opus 8, n°3 - Jean-François Delcamp : Viviane - Sunday - Impromptu n°1.

Volume D09 - Clément Janequin : La guerre - John Dowland : A Fantasia n°VII - Daniell Batcheler : Mounsiers Almaine - Jean-Philippe Rameau : Menuet - Tambourin - Domenico Scarlatti : Sonate K 11 - Johann Sebastian Bach : Choral BWV 147 - Choral BWV 645 - Fugue BWV 1000 - Prélude et Presto BWV 995 - Sylvius Léopold Weiss : Passagaille - Tombeau sur la mort du comte Logy - Fernando Sor : Variations sur Malbroug opus 28 - Mauro Giuliani : Grande ouverture opus 61 - Dionisio Aguado : Fandango opus 16 - Frédéric Chopin : Valse n°2 opus 64 - José Viñas y Dias : Fantasia Original - Francisco Tárrega : Danza Mora - Alborada - Estudio Brillante - Mazurka en sol - Isaac Albéniz : Prelude opus 165 - Malagueña opus 165 - Capricho Catalan opus 165 - Rumores de la calleta opus 71 - Enrique Granados : Danza Española n°5 opus 37 - Joaquim Malats : Serenata Española - Miguel Llobet : Estudio en mi mayor - El Mestre - El Noi de la Mare - Agustín Barrios Mangoré : Estudio de concierto - La catedral - Las abejas.

Don Luys Milán : 6 Pavanas (fac-similés).

Robert de Visée : Suite VIII en ré mineur.

Anonyme : 7 pièces de la renaissance, d'après un manuscrit pour luth transcrit par Oscar Chilesotti (1848-1916) : Vaghe bellezze et bionde, Danza, Gagliarda, Bianca fiore, Passacaglia, Se io m'accorgo ben d'un altro amante, Saltarello.

Georg Philipp Telemann : Concerto pour 4 guitares TWV 40:202.

Johann Sebastian Bach : L'oeuvre pour luth : Suite BWV 995, Suite BWV 996, Partita BWV 997, Prelude, Fugue et Allegro BWV 998, Prelude BWV 999, Fugue BWV 1000, Partita BWV 1006a.

Johann Sebastian Bach : Choral Prelude BWV 639 - Prelude BWV 881.

Fernando Sor : 20 Études pour guitare.

Matteo Carcassi: 25 Études mélodiques progressives opus 60.

Francisco Tárrega : Integral de las obras de concierto - Preludio, sobre un tema de Mendelssohn - Preludio n° 6 - La Cartagenera - Estudio en si menor - Danza Mora - Preludio n° 4 - Lágrima - ¡Adelita! - Pavana - Estudio, sobre un tema de Wagner - Estudio, sobre un tema de Verdi - Estudio de Velocidad - Preludio, en mi mayor - Preludio, pentatónica - Preludio n° 5 - Minuetto - Estudio, en mi menor - Malagueña, Fácil - Preludio n° 2 - Preludio sobre los gruppetos - Isabel, valse de Strauss - Estudio en forma de Minuetto - Estudio en arpégios - Danza Odalisca - Recuerdos de la Alhambra - Preludio n° 13 - Preludio n° 7 - Preludio n° 8 - Maria, Gavota - Las dos hermanitas - Estudio Brillante de Alard - ¡Sueño! - Preludio n° 9 - Gran vals - Estudio en terceras - Alborada - Estudio de Damas - El Carnaval de Venicia - Preludio, en la minor - Preludio n° 12, en la minor - Preludio n° 14, sobre Bach - Estudio ostinato, en la mayor - Estudio de escalas - ¡Marieta! - Andantino - Gran jota de concierto - Preludio n° 1 - Preludio n° 10 - Rosita, Polka - La Mariposa - Fantasia Traviata - Endecha - Preludio n° 11 - Pepita - Vals - Capricho Árabe - Preludio, en ré mayor - Oremus - Estudio de Cramer - El Columpio - Fantasia Marina - Preludio n° 3 - Preludio en sol mayor - Estudio sobre "J'ai du bon tabac" - Mazurka, en sol - Tango - Preludio en do mayor - Paquito - Sueño.

Miguel Llobet : Obras para guitarra - Romanza, Estudio capricho, Estudio en mi mayor, Mazurka, Variaciones sobre un tema opus 15 de Sor, Scherzo-Vals, Respuesta, Prelude-Original en mi mayor, Preludio en ré mayor, Preludio in mi mayor, Preludio en la mayor, La Filla d'el Marxant, Plany, Lo Fill del Rei, Cançó de Lladre, El Testament d'Amelia, El Noi de la Mare, Lo Rossinyol, L'Hereu Riera, El Mestre, La nit de Nadal, La Filadora, La Pastoreta.

Enrique Granados : Valses Poeticos -

12 Danzas Españolas opus 37 : Galante, Oriental, Fandango, Villanesca, Andaluza, Rondalla aragonesa, Valenciana, Sardana, Romántica, Melancolica, Arabesca, Bolero.

Isaac Albeniz : Suite española opus 47 : Granada, Cataluña, Sevilla, Cadiz, Asturias, Aragon, Castilla, Cuba.

Duos et trios - John Johnson : The flat pavan - Thomas Robinson : A plaine song - A toy - Anonyme : Le Rossignol - Antonio Vivaldi : Adagio du Concerto RV 532 - Johann Sebastian Bach : Inventions n°1, 4 et 8 - Gavottes de la Suite anglaise n°3 - Georg Friedrich Händel : Sarabande de la suite XI - Ludwig Van Beethoven : Sonatine WoO 43a - Ferdinando Carulli : Duo opus 34 n°2 - Anonyme : Pajarillo verde.