Developing with Effects

Chapter 4D in The Art of Improvisation explains many of the special effects that instrumentalists can use in solos. Vocal effects are described in The Art of Vocal Improvisation on the CD-ROM. Whether you play an instrument or sing, you can think of effects in two basic ways: 1) as something to throw into an idea that usually brings it to a halt; or 2) as an ongoing development tool. I call method 1 the Stop approach and method 2 the Go approach.

Don't Stop - Go

A common problem for soloists is to exaggerate the effect they use, which naturally draws a lot of attention to it and tends to break down the idea. Instead, you can:

- Use the effect with a bit more subtlety.
- Vary the effect and combine it with other effects.
- Weave the effect into the flow of the idea to keep the listener interested.

The Mix

Below are a list of effects (by instrument type) and a list of development techniques that tend to work well with effects. You can choose an item from each list to develop with effects in your solos.

Bends Adding notes

Falls Expanding intervals
Half-sounds Shrinking intervals
Growls Augmenting rhythms
Alternate fingerings/positions Compressing rhythms

Rhythm Instrument Effects Fragmenting
Clusters Displacing

Tremolo Inverting contours

Hammering

Glissandos or falls