

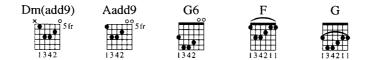
LIVE SECRET SAMADHI

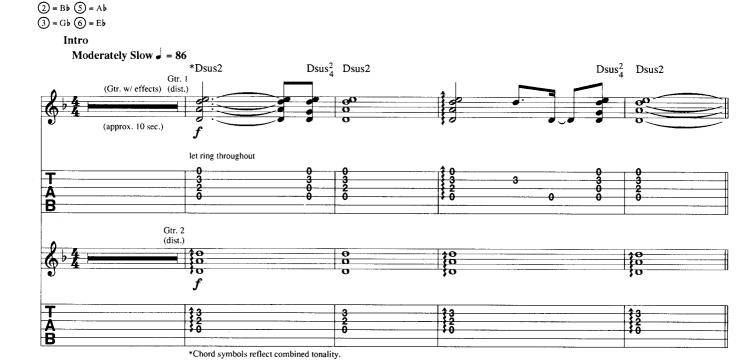
LIVE

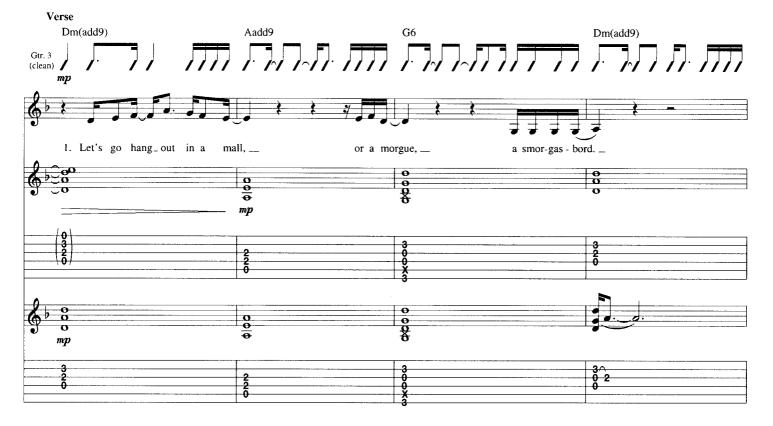
SECRET SAMADHI

Rattlesnake

Lyrics by Edward Kowalczyk Music by Live





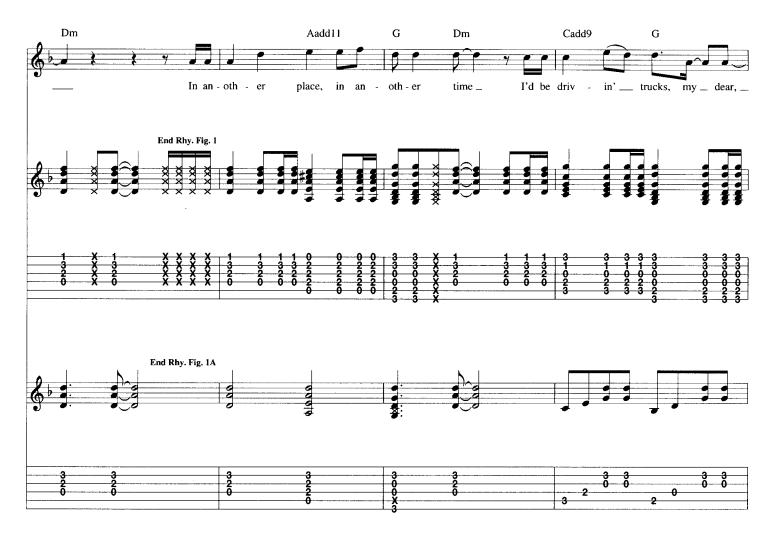


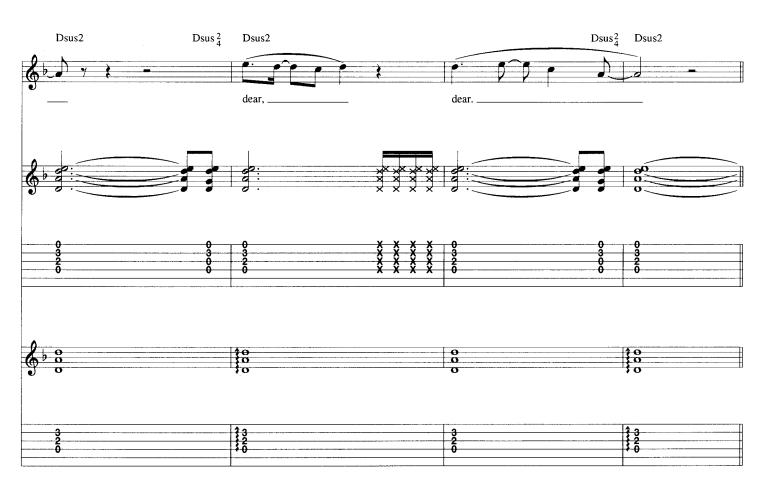










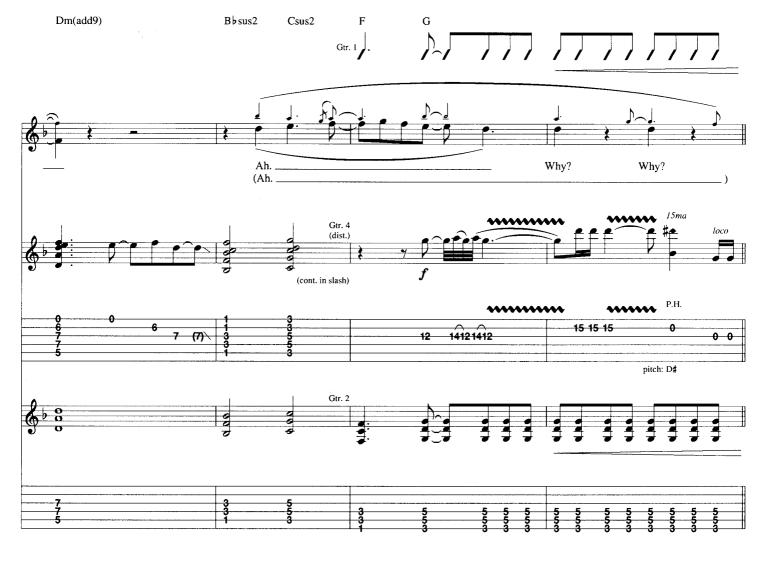


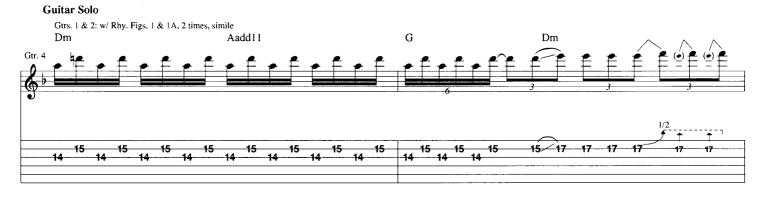


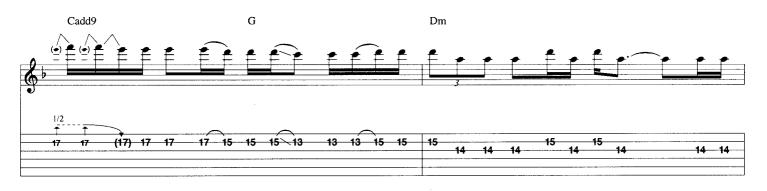


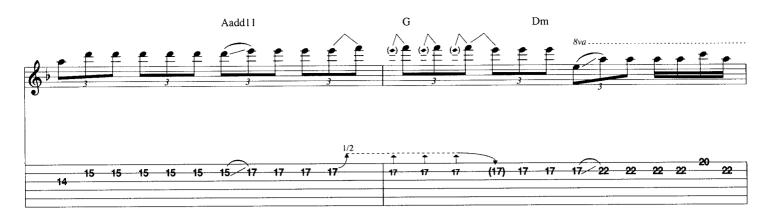


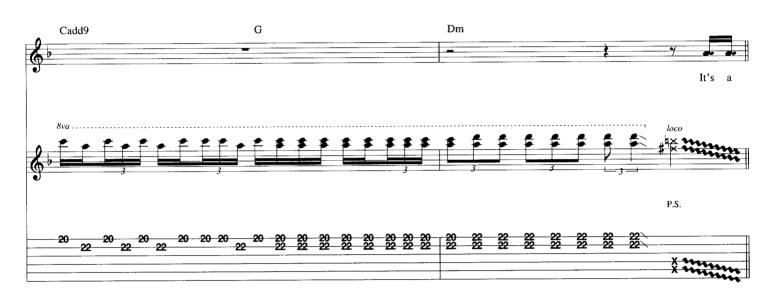








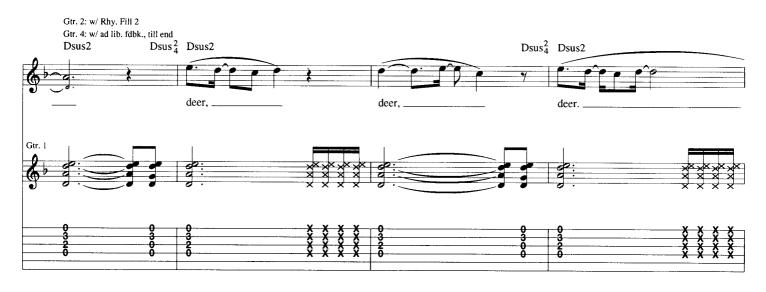


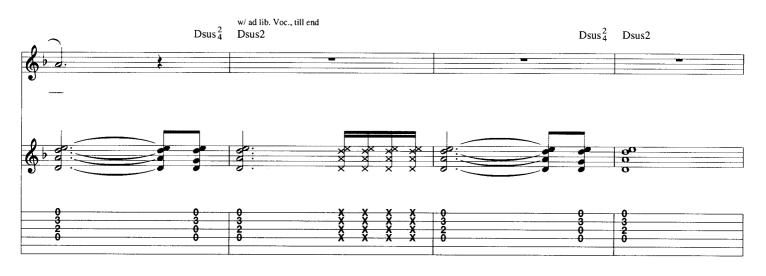


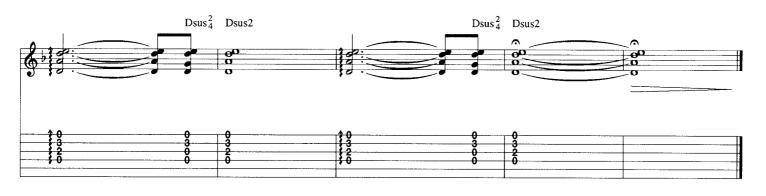


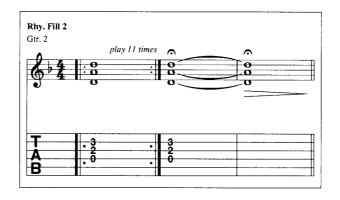












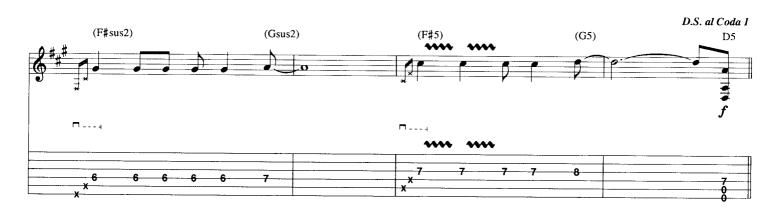
Lakini's Juice

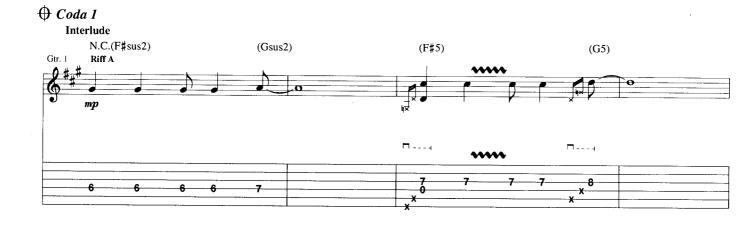
Lyrics by Edward Kowalczyk Music by Live



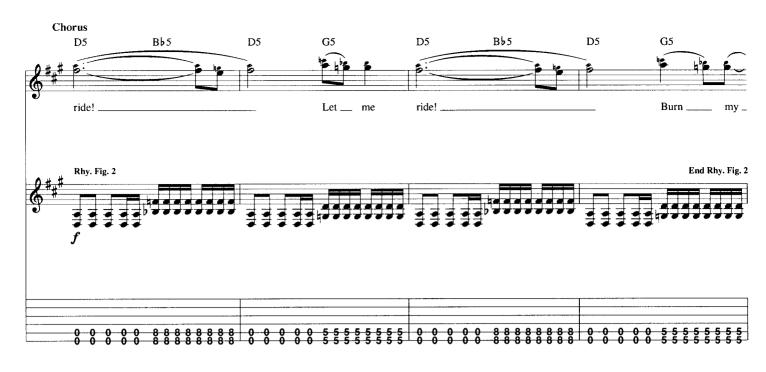


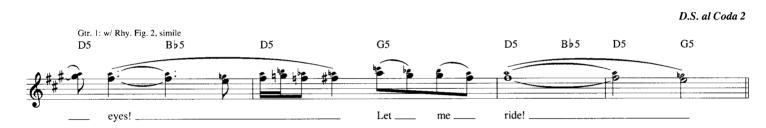


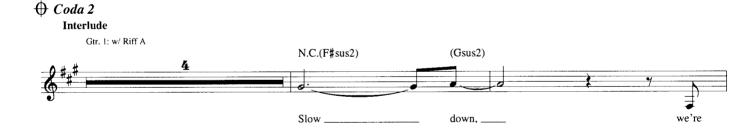


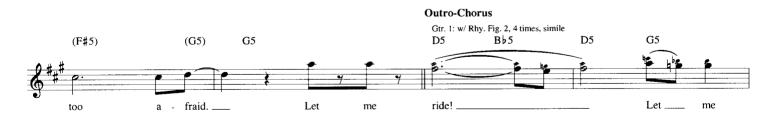


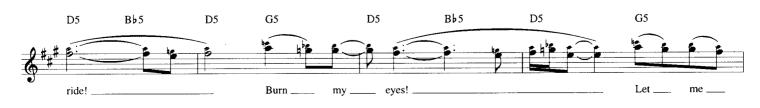


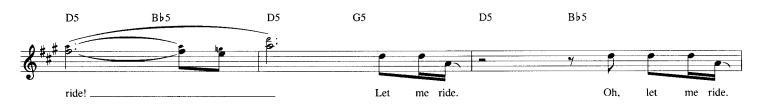






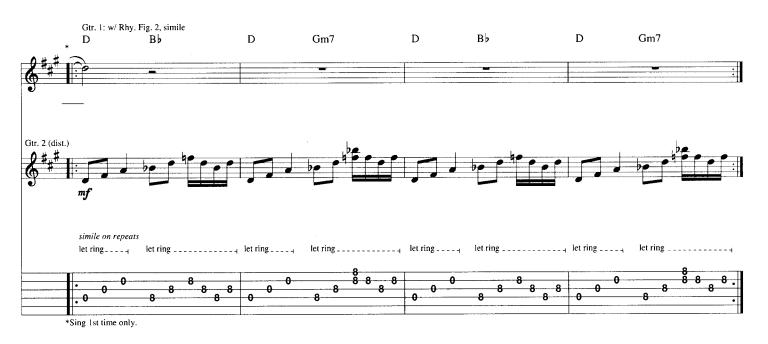


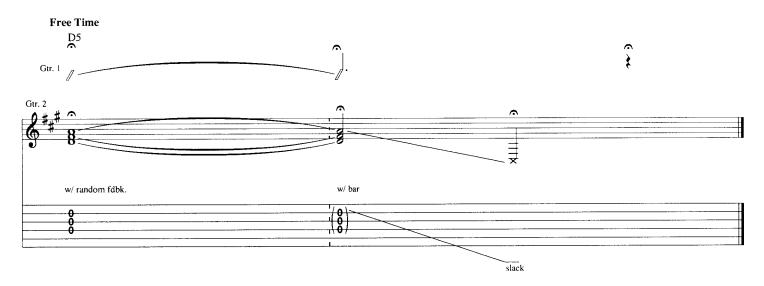










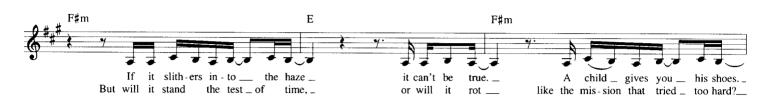


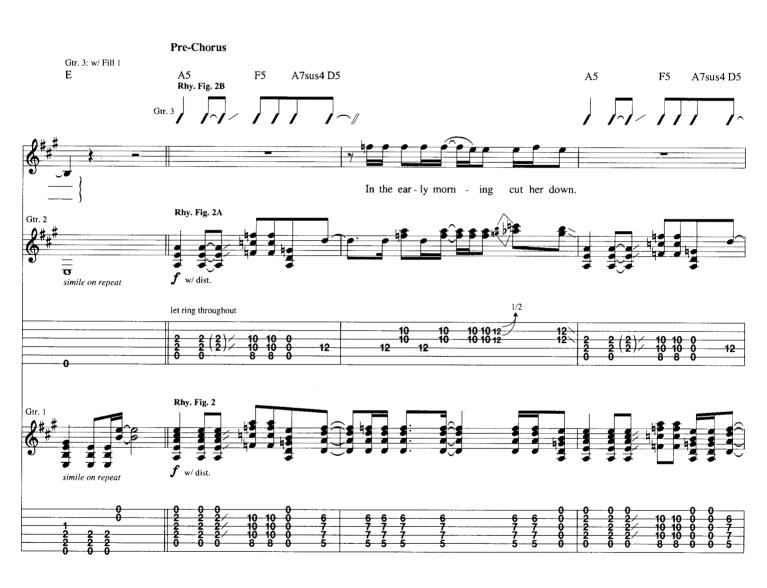
Graze

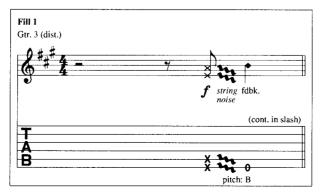
Lyrics by Edward Kowalczyk Music by Live



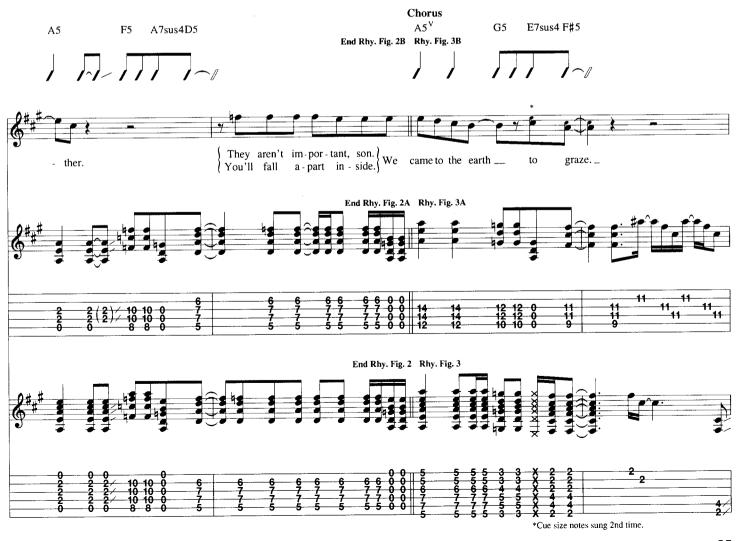










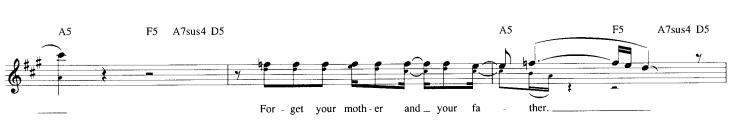






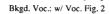


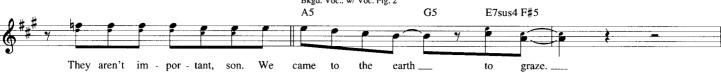




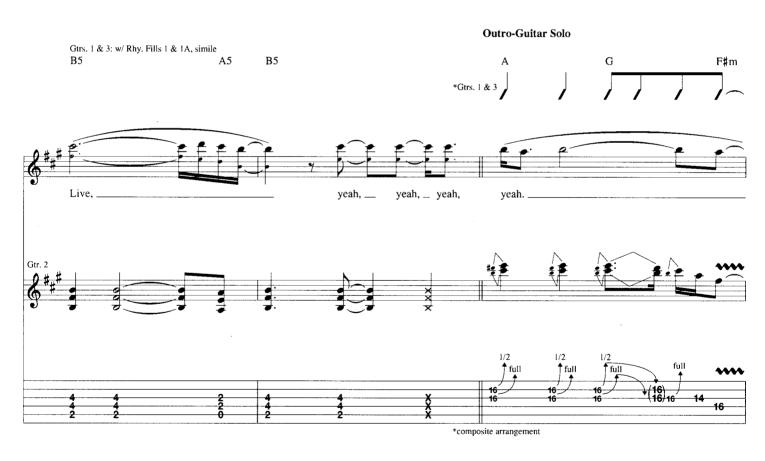
Chorus

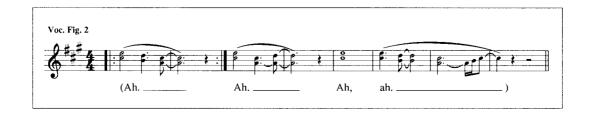
Gtrs. 1, 2 & 3: w/ Rhy. Figs. 3, 3A & 3B, simile

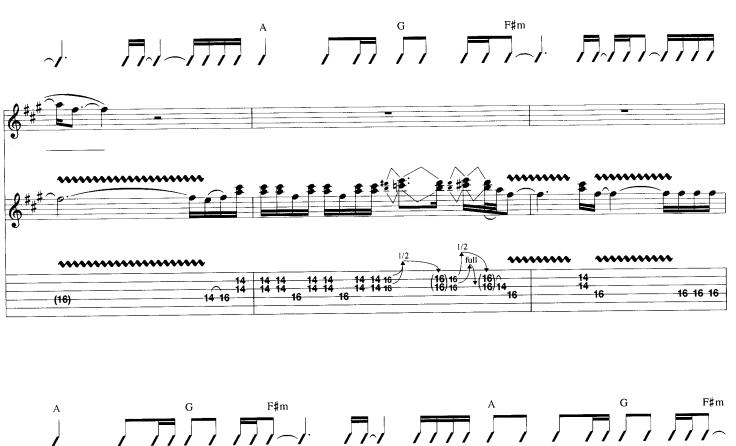


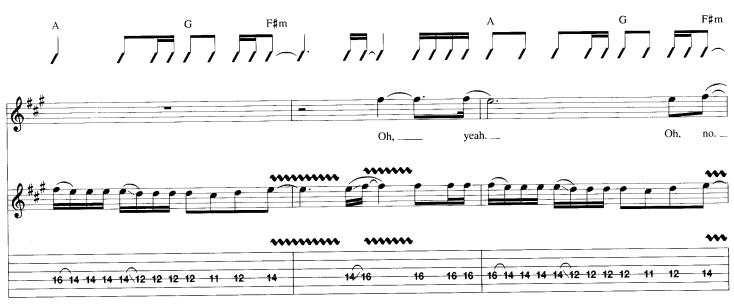


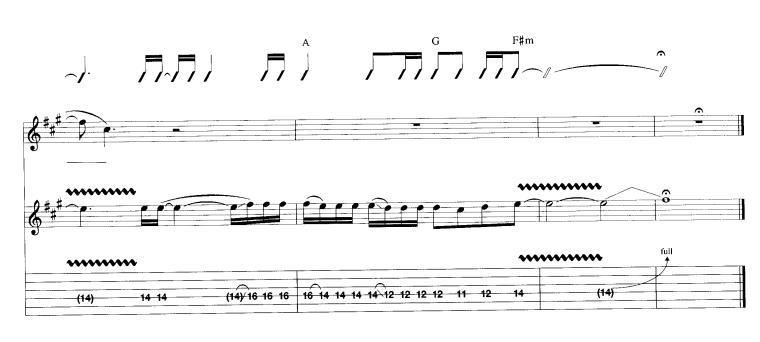








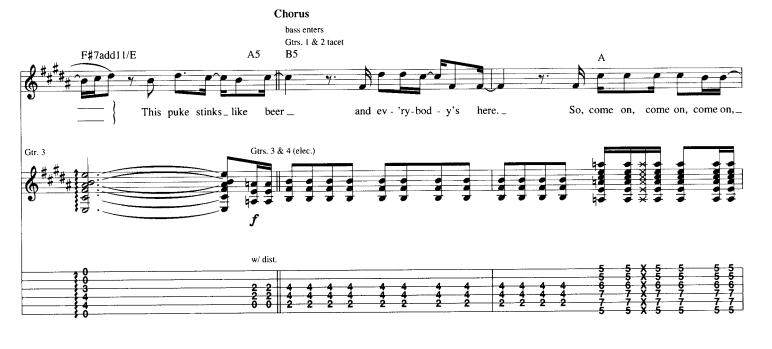


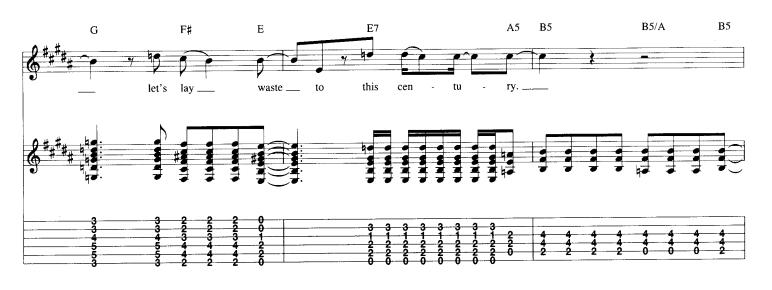


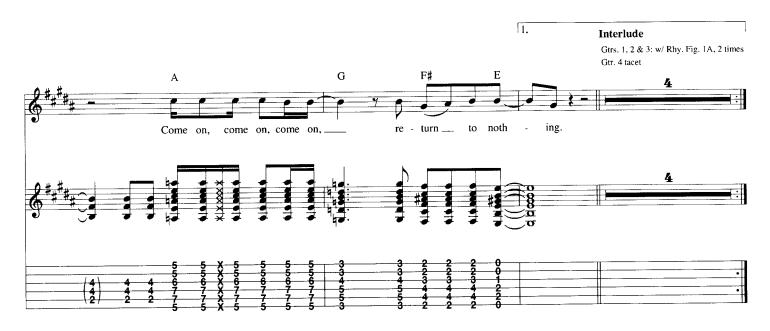
Century

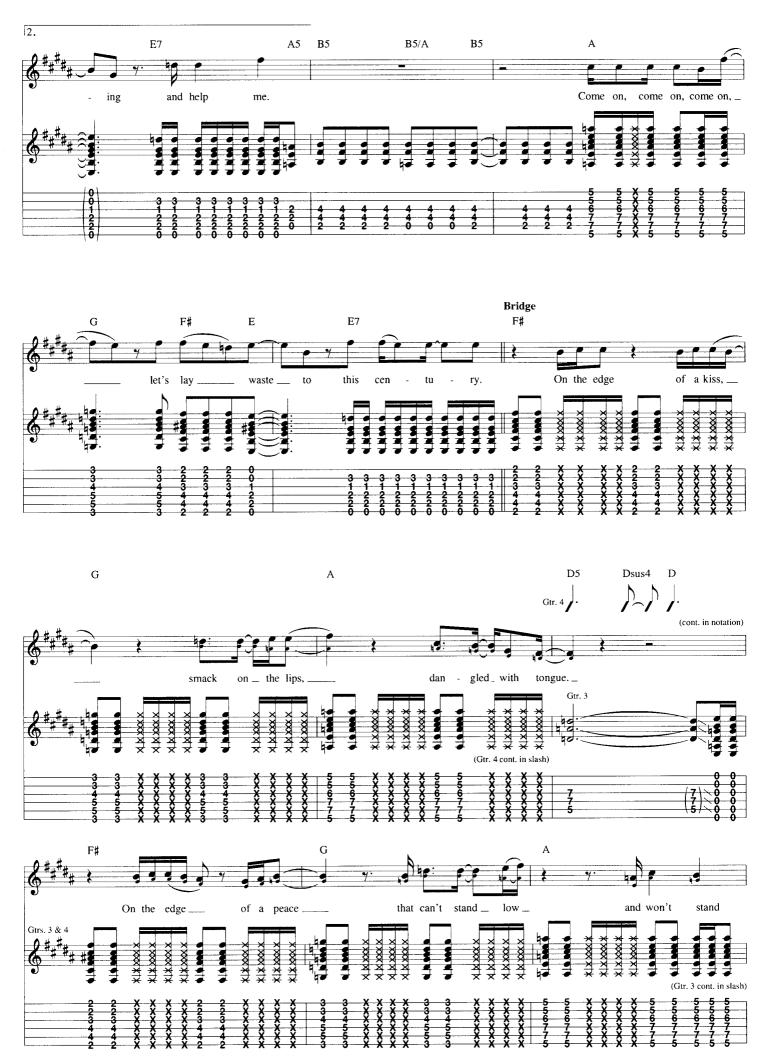
Lyrics by Edward Kowalczyk Music by Live



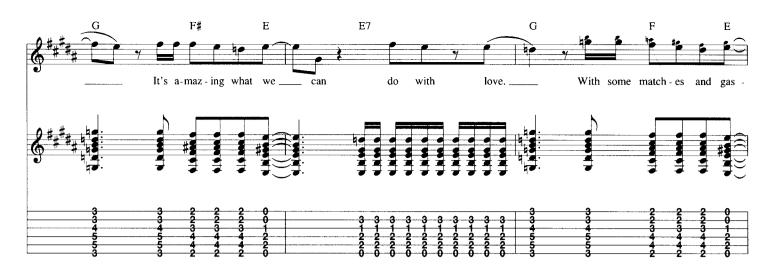


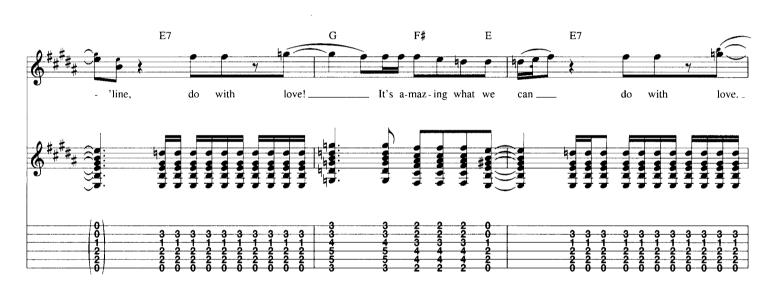


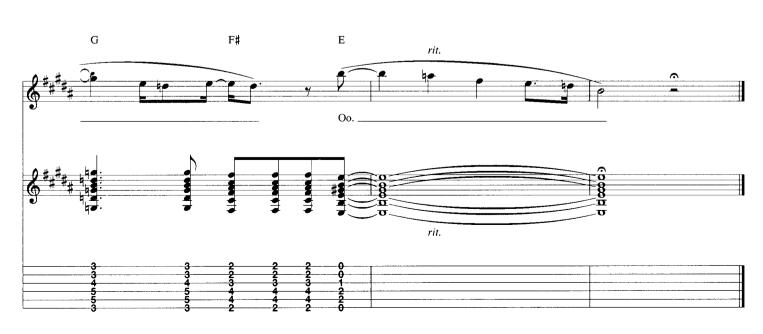












Ghost

Lyrics by Edward Kowalczyk Music by Live



is

Yours

not __ like

mine, _

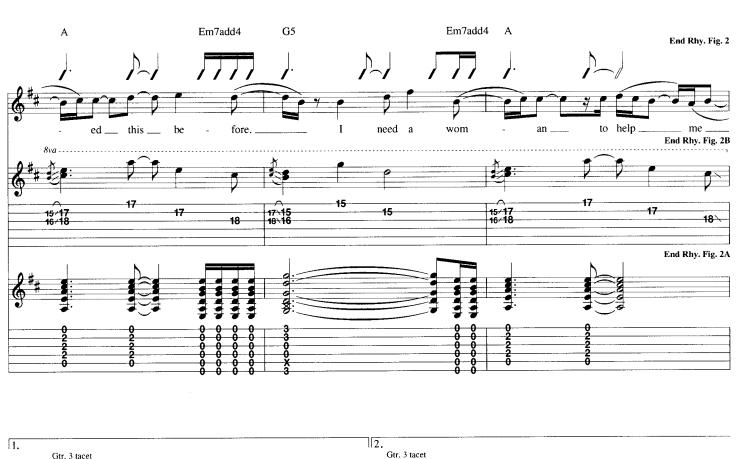
it's al - right,_

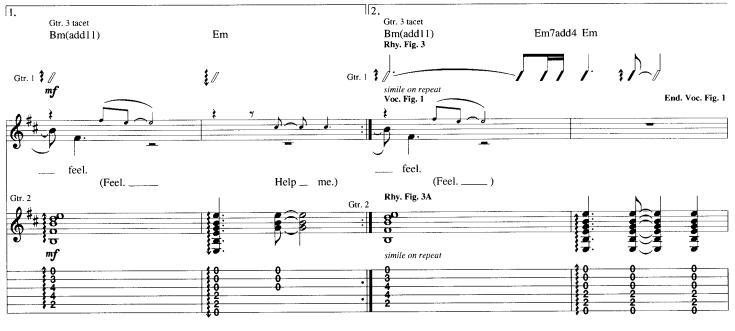
keep it up.

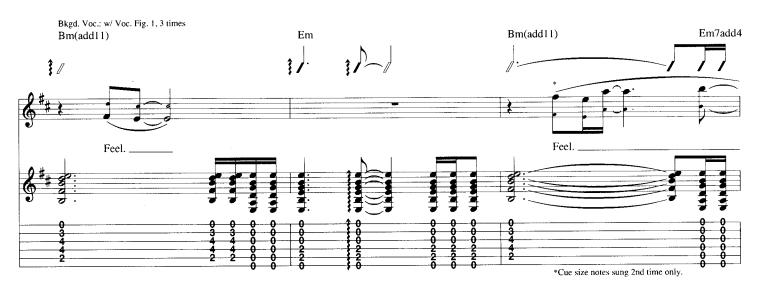
world

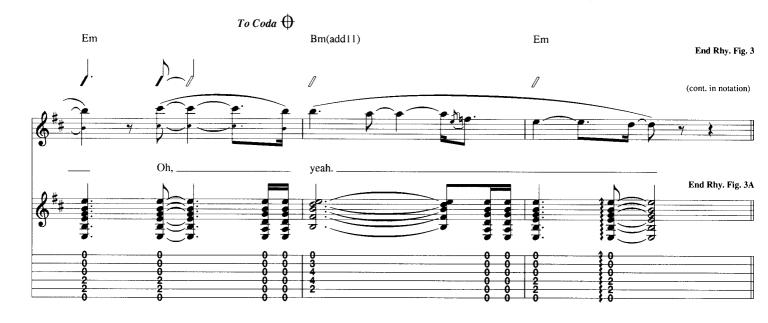
tat - too.

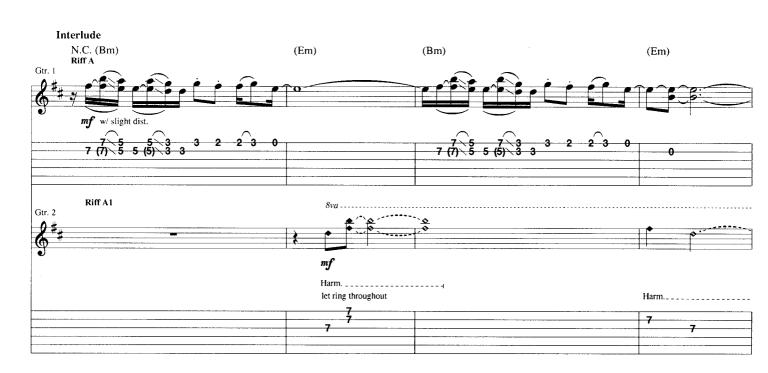


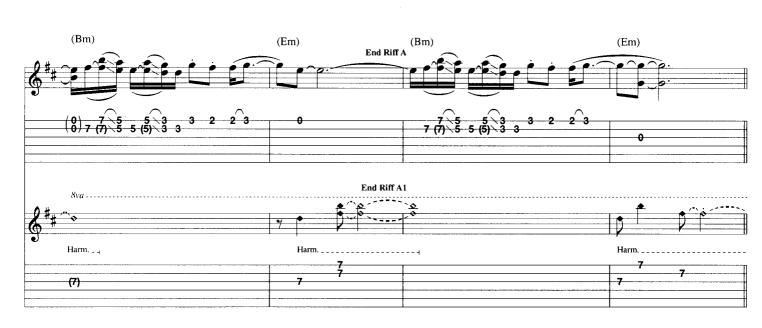


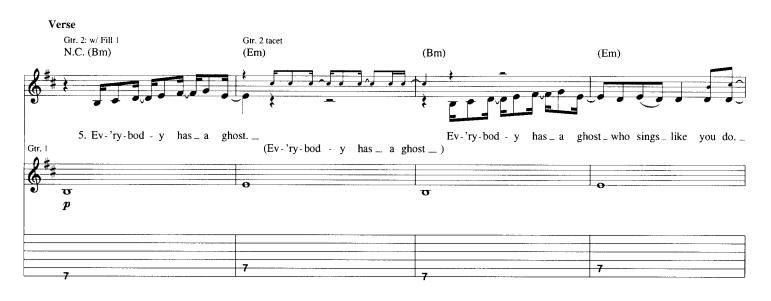


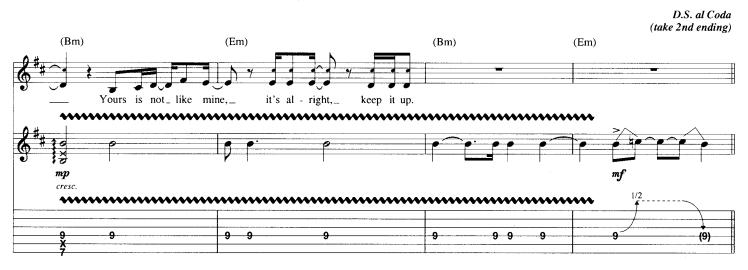


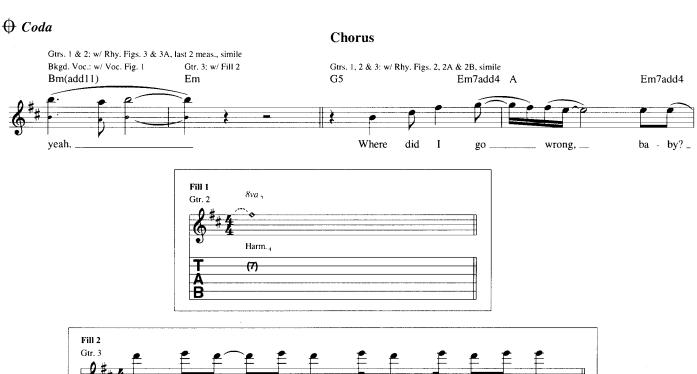




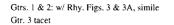




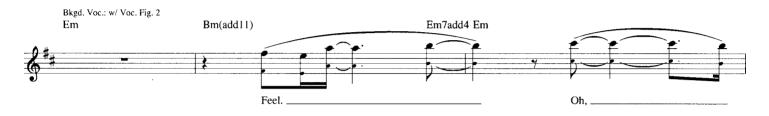


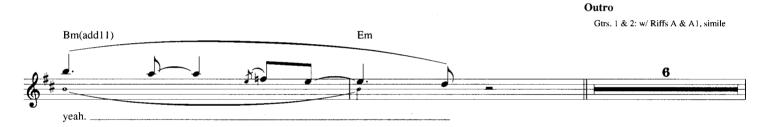


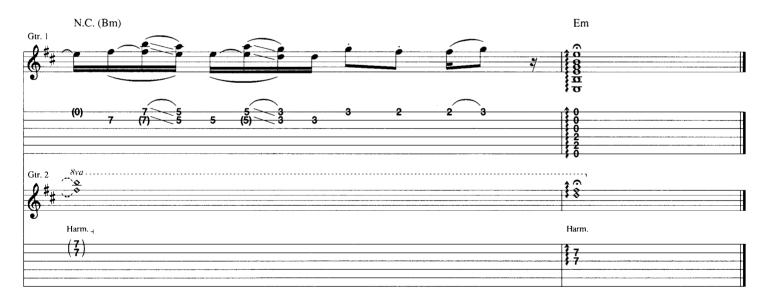


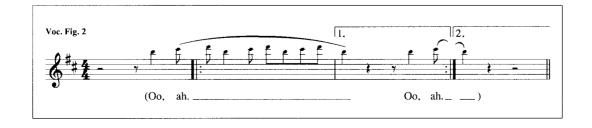












Unsheathed

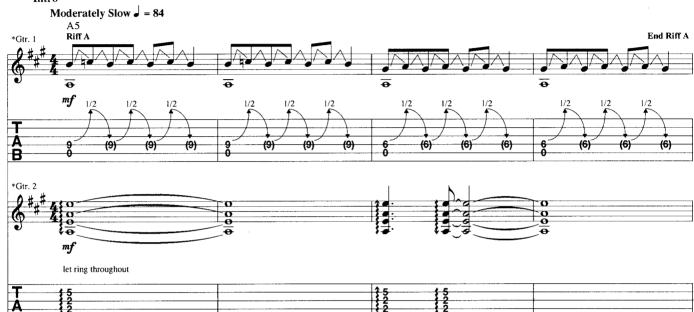
Lyrics by Edward Kowalczyk
Music by Live



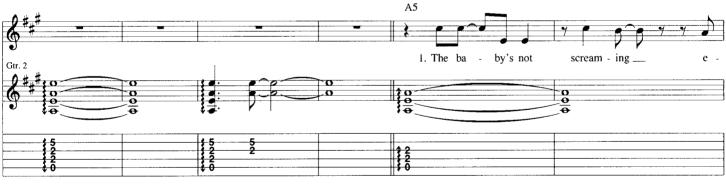
 $3 = Gb \quad 6 = Eb$

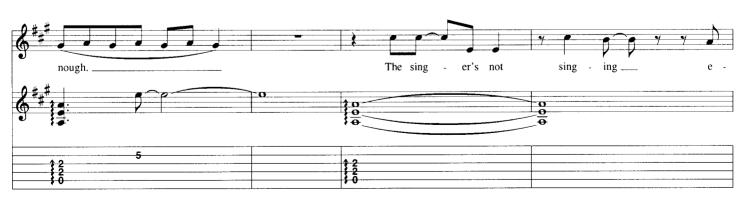
Intro

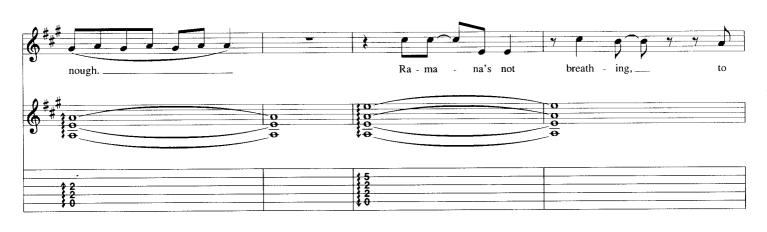
*Elec. sitar arr. for gtrs. w/ clean tone.

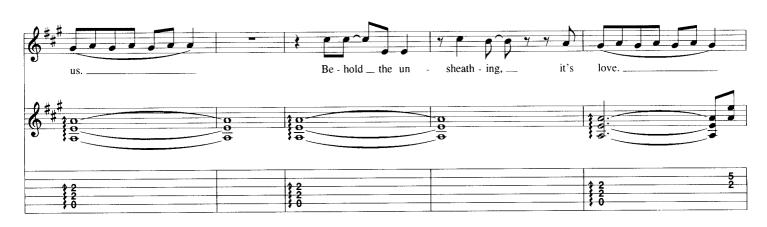


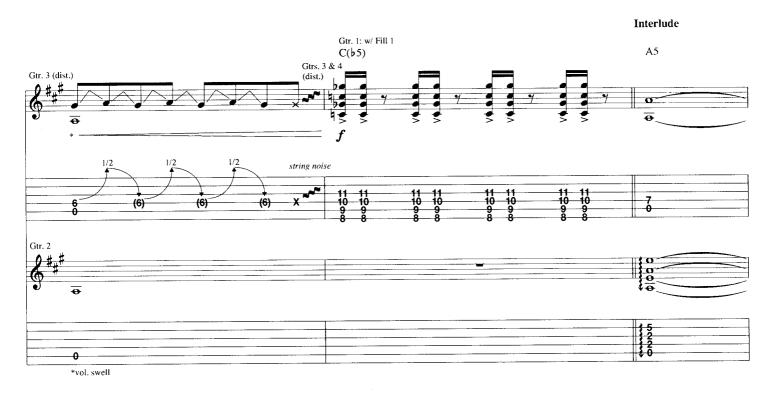




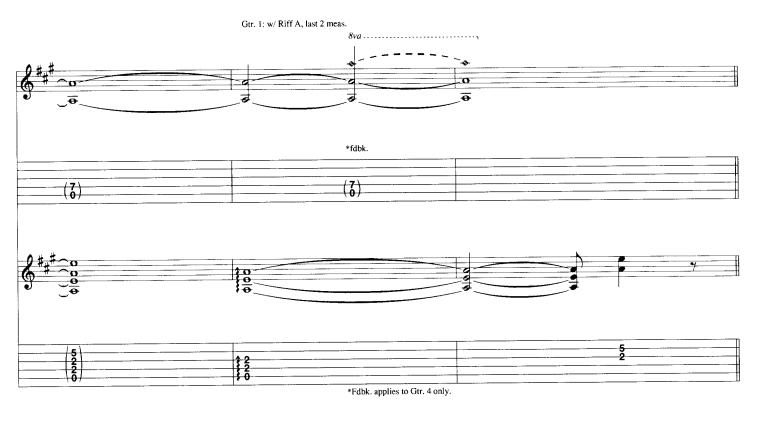


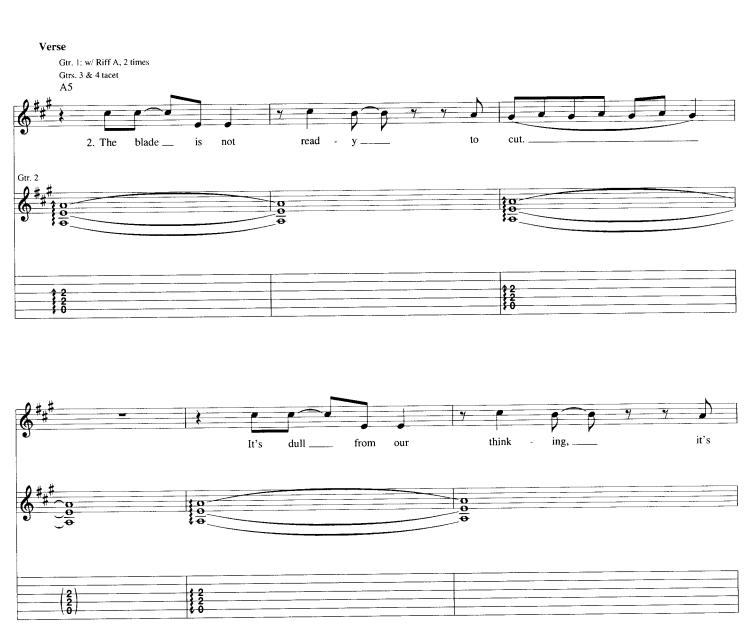




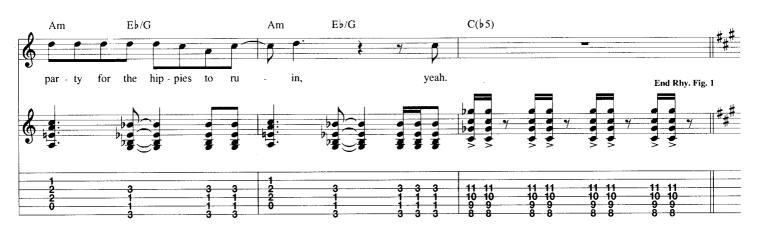


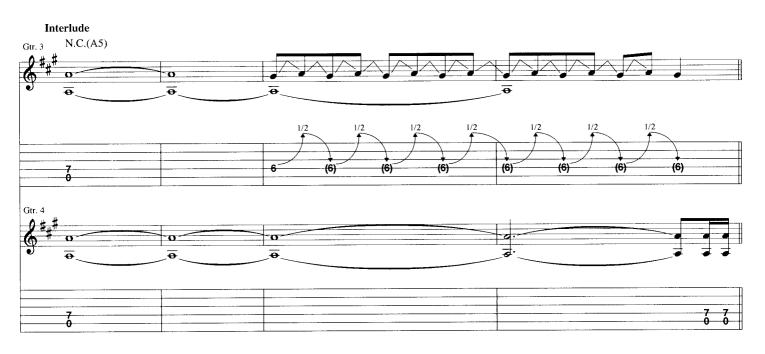


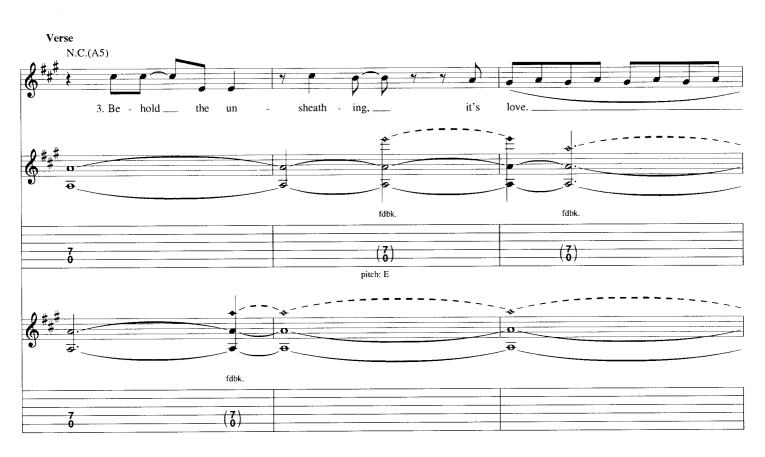


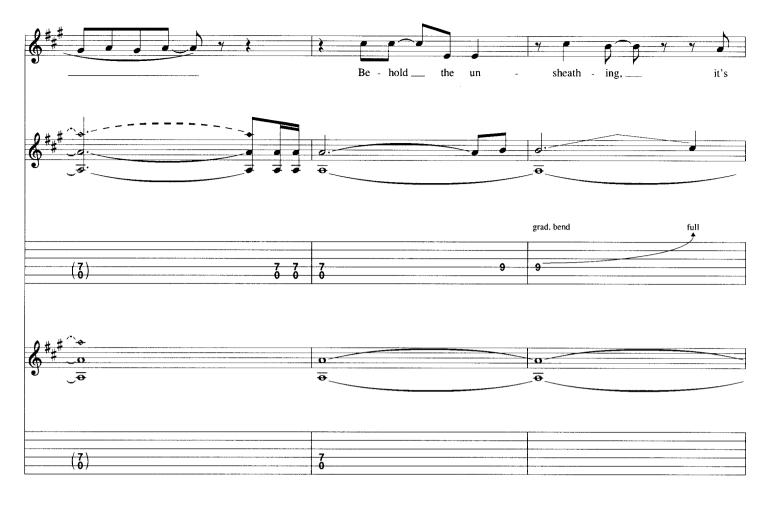


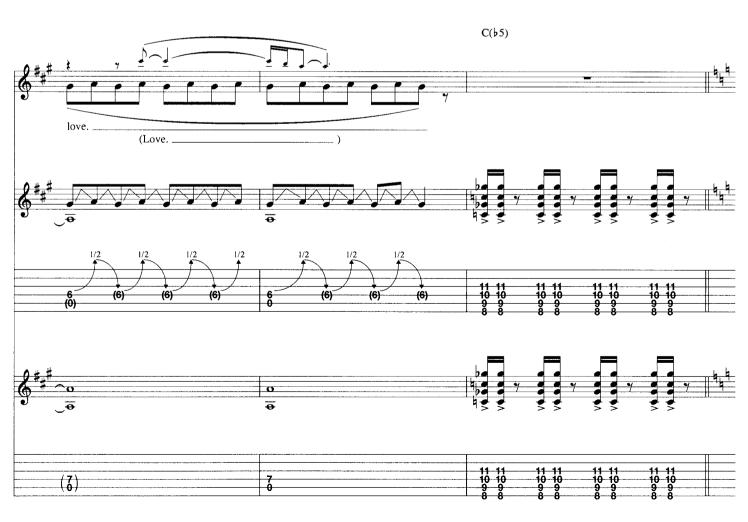


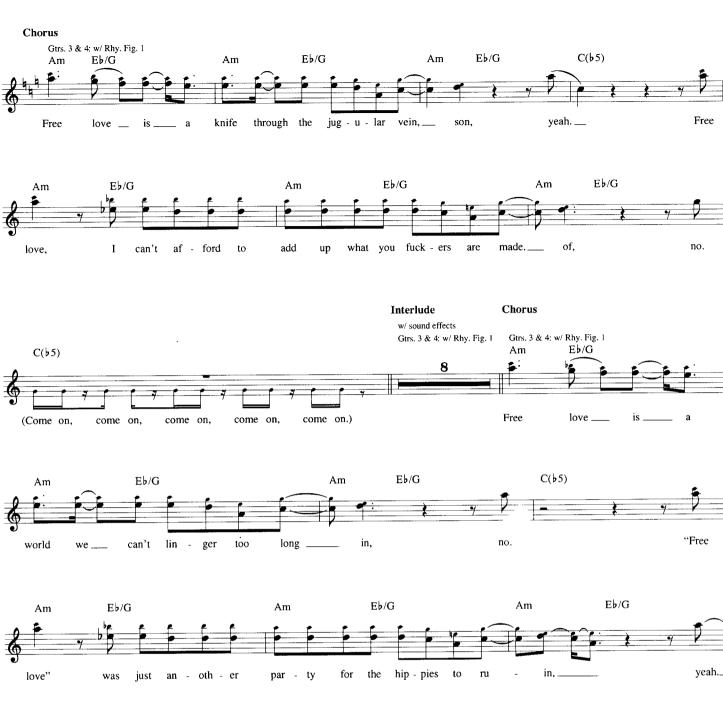


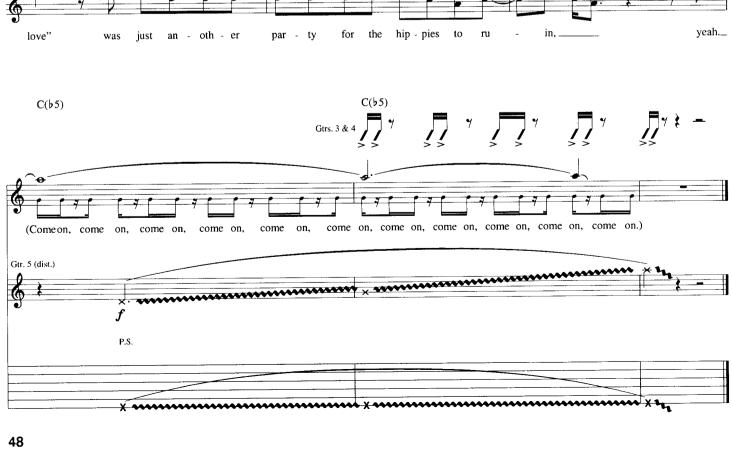






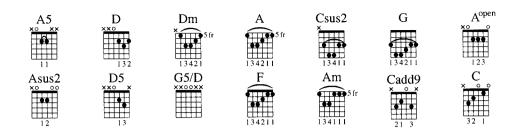






Insomnia and the Hole in the Universe

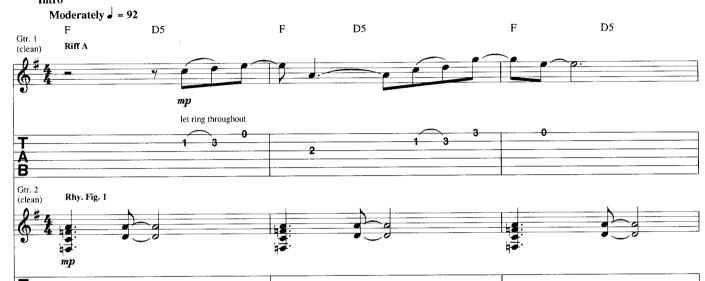
Lyrics by Edward Kowalczyk
Music by Live



Tune Down 1/2 Step:

(1) = Eb (4) = Db
(2) = Bb (5) = Ab
(3) = Gb (6) = Eb

Intro













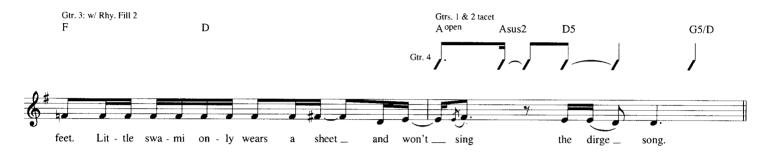


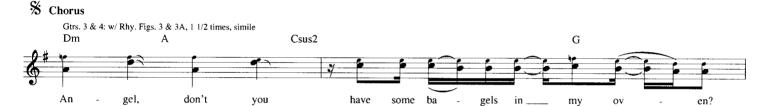




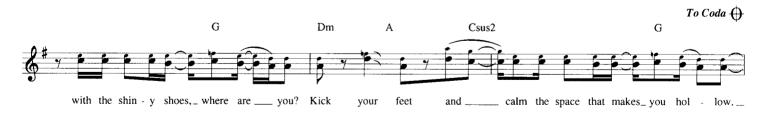
Lit-tle swa-mi al-ways walks his beat, sweet feet. Lit-tle swa-mi's got his bowl to eat, and I sing the dirge song.

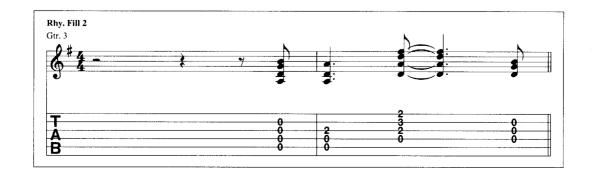


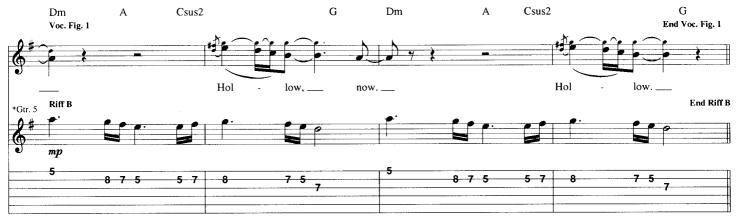




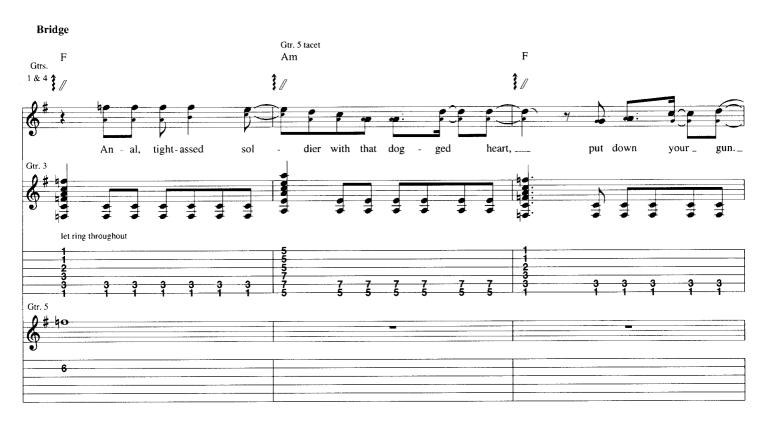


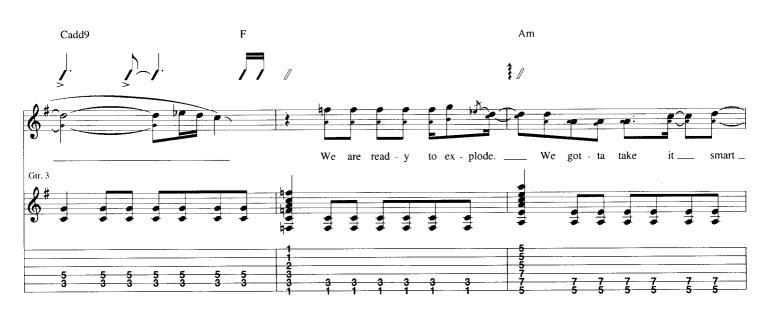


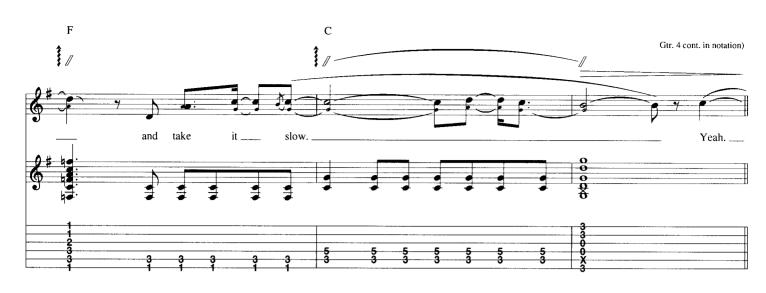




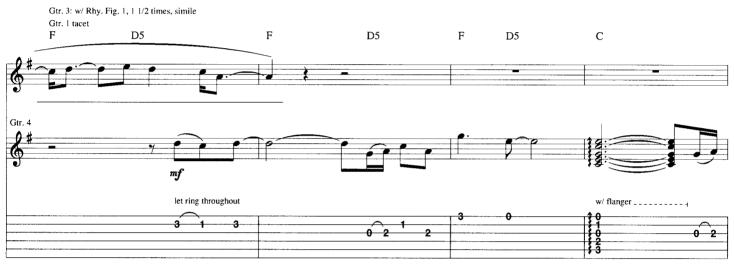
* Kybd. arr. for gtr.

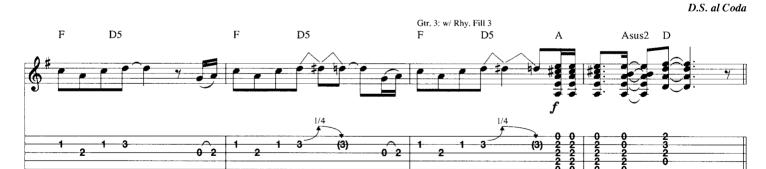


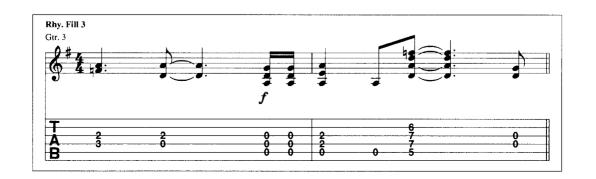












⊕ Coda Outro

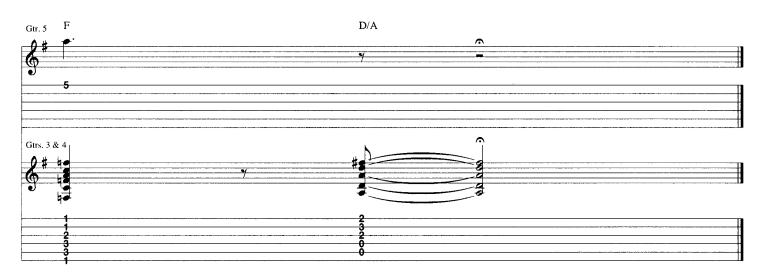
Gtrs. 3 & 4: w/ Rhy. Figs. 3 & 3A, 1st 4 meas., 3 times, simile Gtr. 5: w/ Riff B, 3 times

w/ Voc. Fig. 1







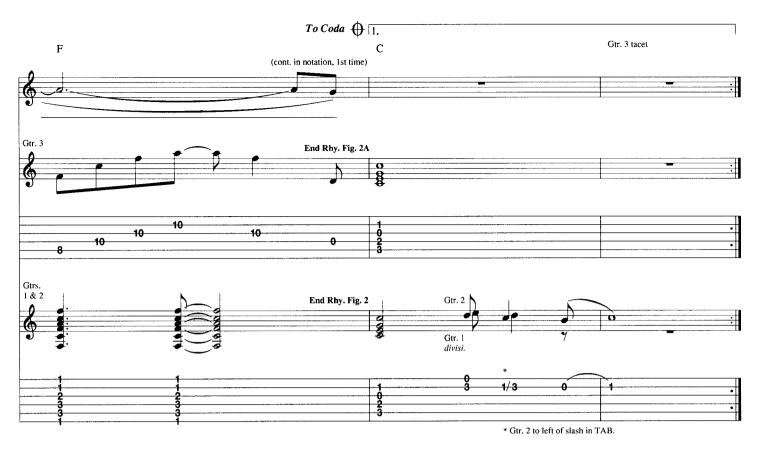


Turn My Head

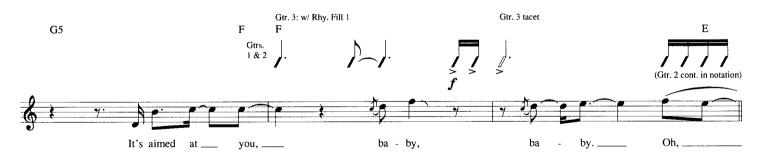
Lyrics by Edward Kowalczyk
Music by Live

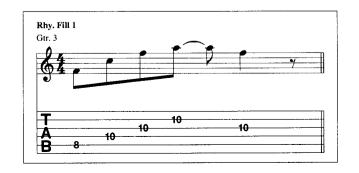




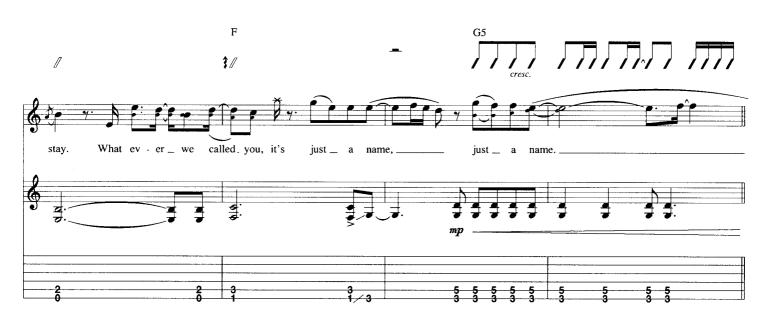








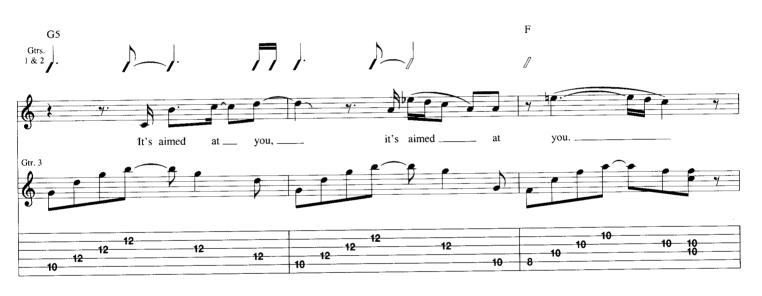


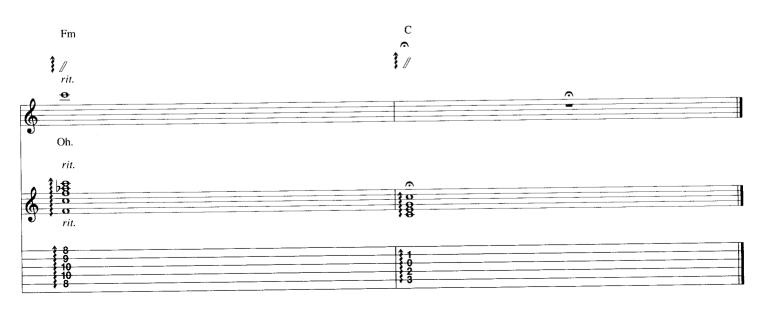










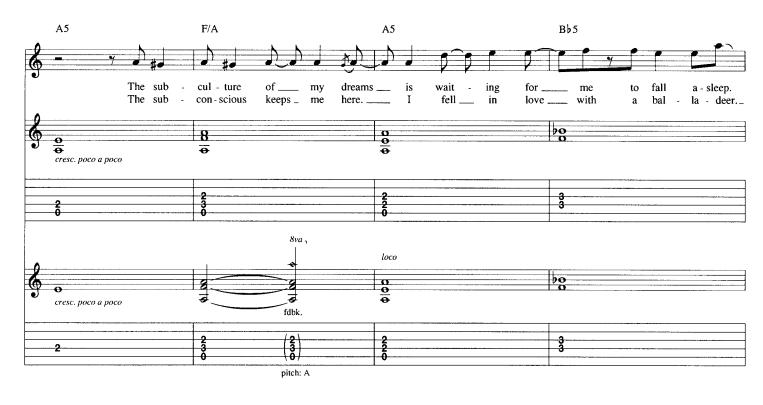


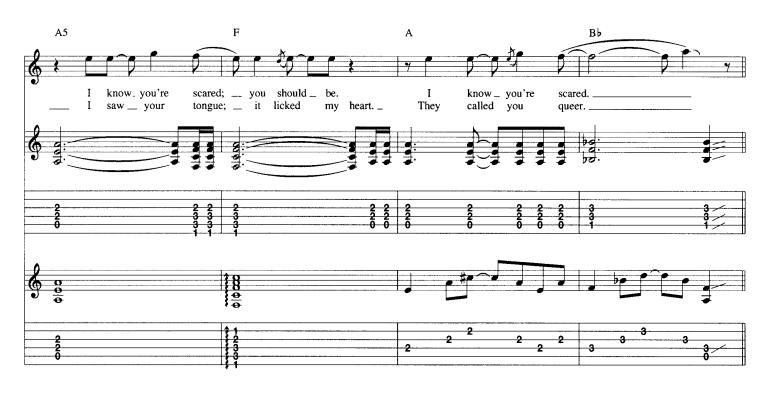
Heropsychodreamer

Lyrics by Edward Kowalczyk Music by Live



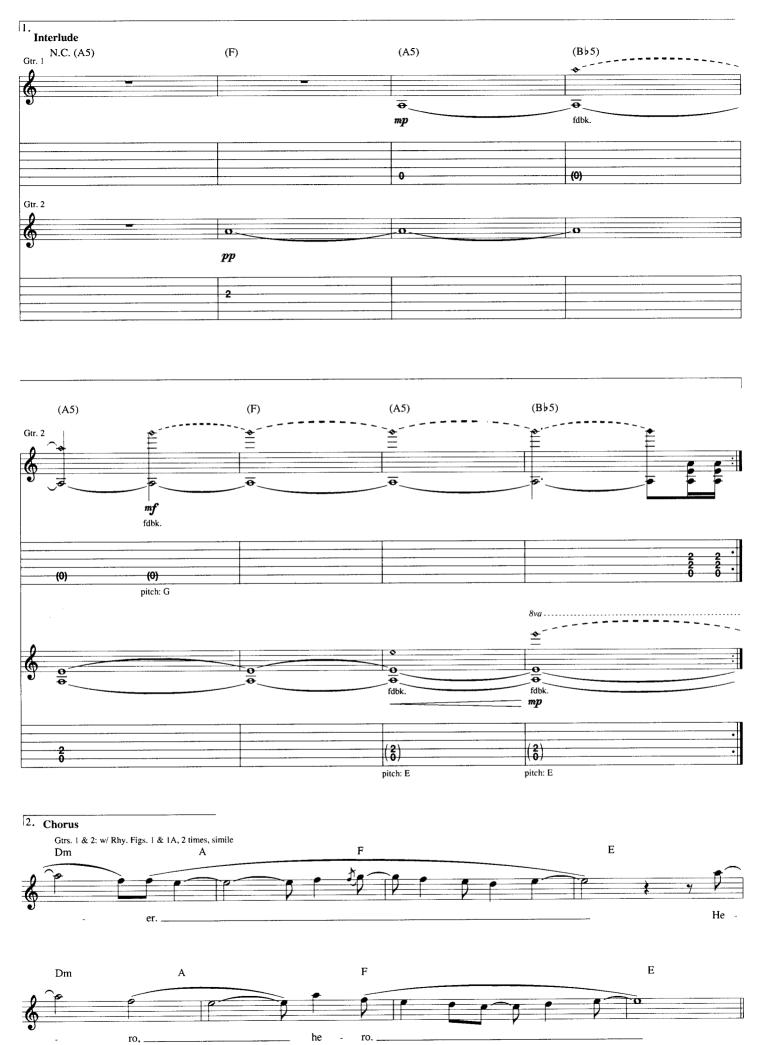




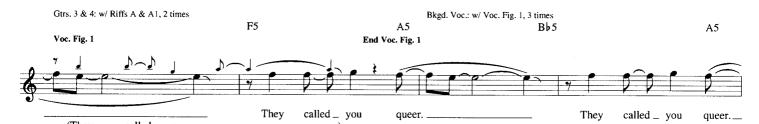




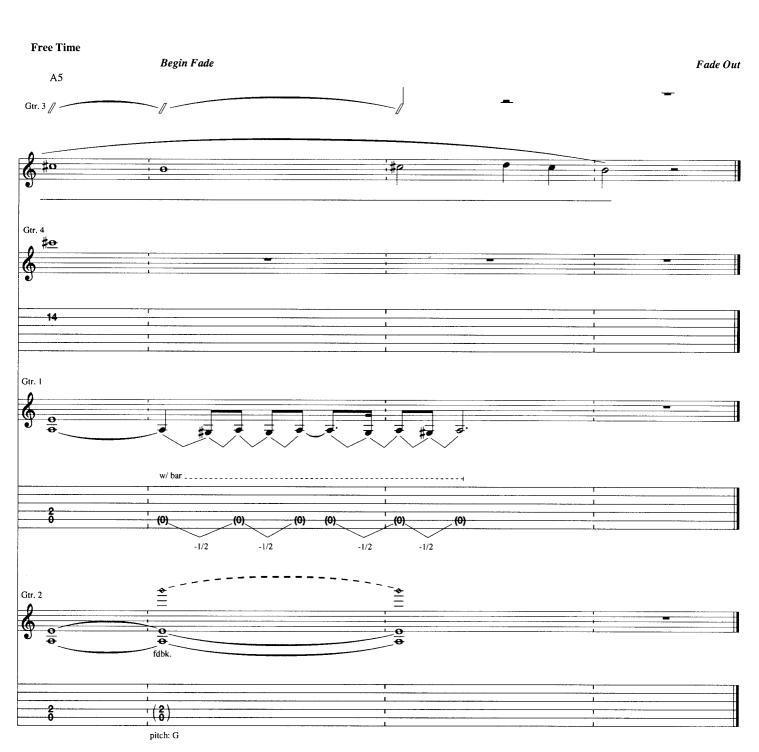












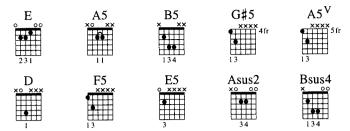
(They

 $called \mathrel{__} you$

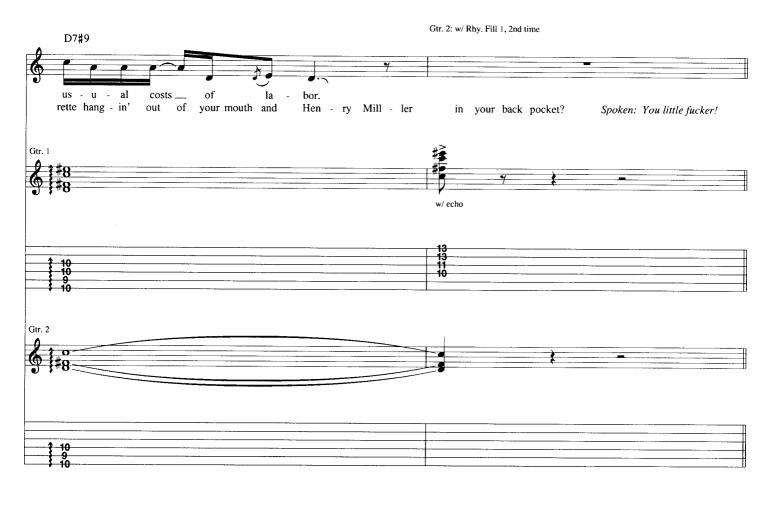
queer.

Freaks

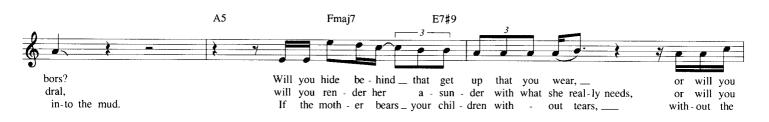
Lyrics by Edward Kowalczyk Music by Live

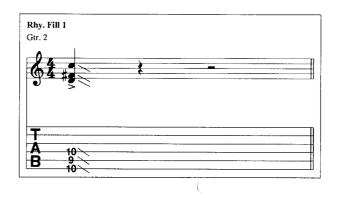




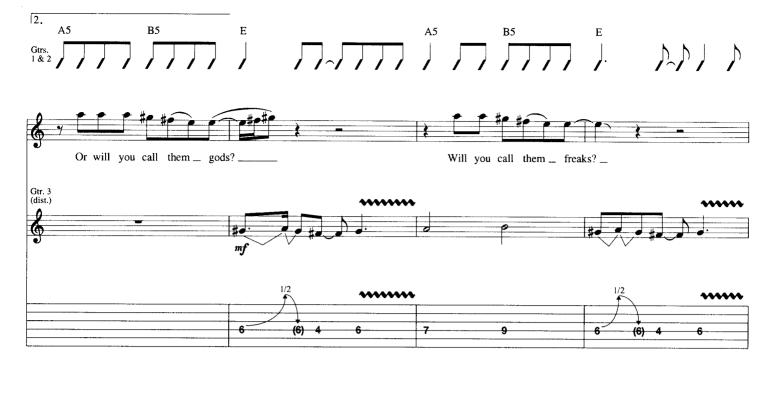


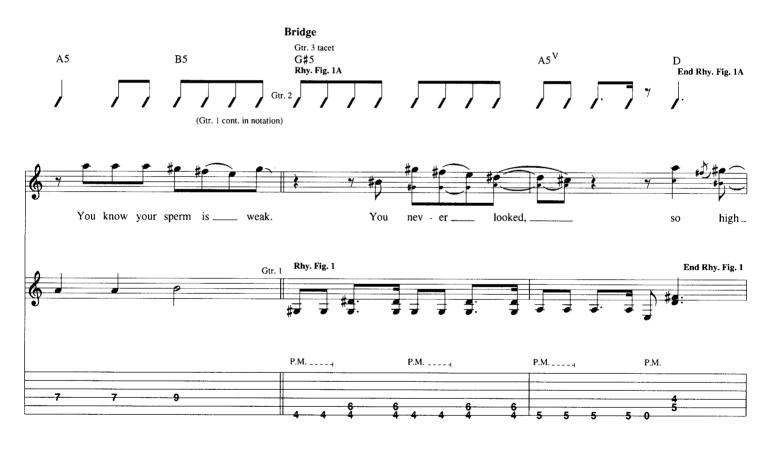


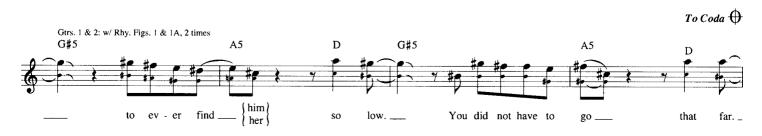




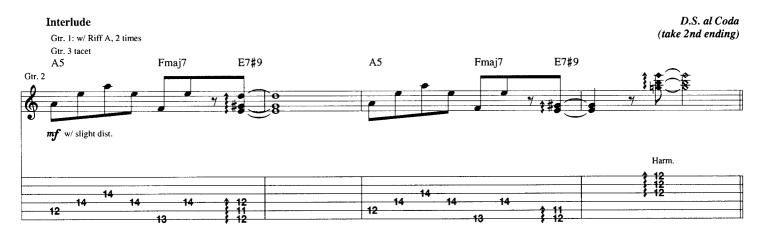
Gtr. 1: w/ Rhy. Fill 2, 3rd time Gtr. 2: w/ Rhy. Fill 3, 3rd time D7#9 Will you take the first ear that comes_in-to con-tact with your blade like Pet-er did on the hill? call her a a - bout find-ing your-self in your mother's arms? Will you call her a beau - ti - ful si-lence with some talk crash that la - bor. Will you us - u - al costs of la - bor. bor, La - bor, la call her a Gtr. 1 🛊 🎎 **f** w/ dist. tremolo effect off (cont. in slash) Gtr. 2 f w/ dist. (cont. in slash) 10 10 10 10 Chorus 1. Е Gtrs. (Gtr. 2 cont. in notation) simile on repeat Will you call them freaks? freak? Interlude Gtr. 1: w/ Riff A, 2 times E7#9 E7#9 Fmaj7 A5 Fmaj7 A5 Gtr. 2 mf w/ slight dist. (5)` 14 14 12 13 Rhy. Fill 3 Rhy. Fill 2 Gtr. 2 Gtr. 1 $\vec{F} = \vec{F} \times \vec{F}$ w/ dist. tremolo effect off (cont. in slash) (cont. in slash)

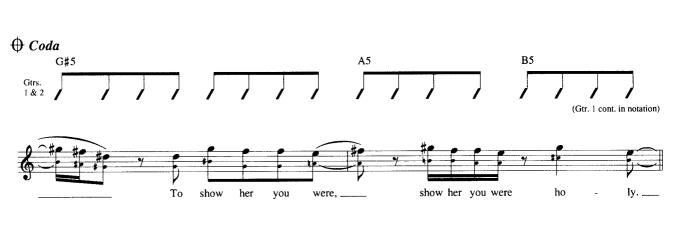








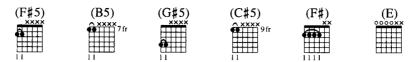






Merica

Lyrics by Edward Kowalczyk Music by Live



Open E Tuning, Tune Down 1/2 Step, Capo II:

- 1 = Eb 4 = Eb
- 2 = Bb 3 = Bb
- 3=G 6=Eb

Intro

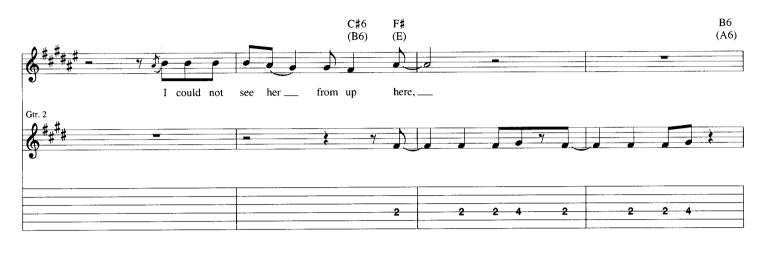
> *Symbols in parentheses represent chord names respective to capoed guitar. Symbols above reflect actual sounding chord. Capoed fret is "0" in TAB.

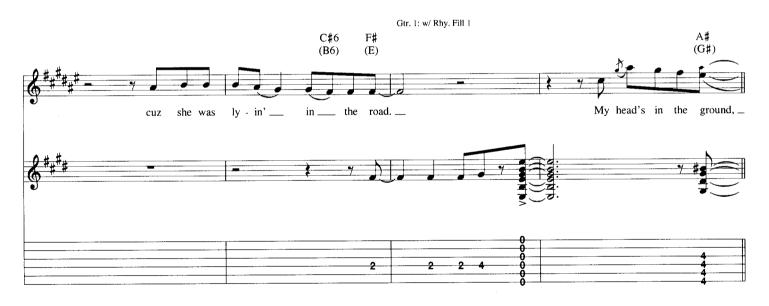


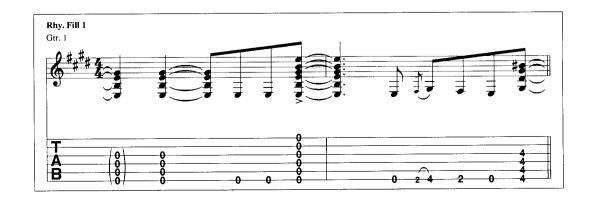


A

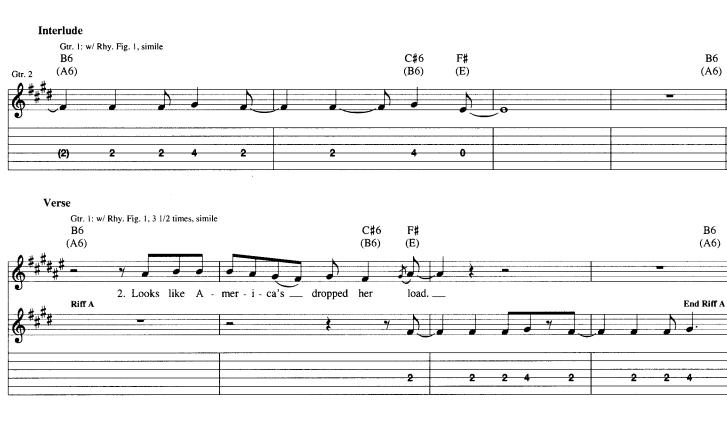


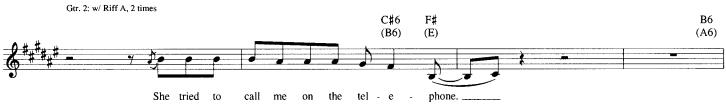




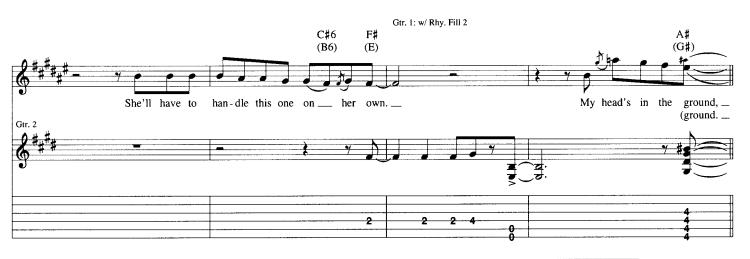








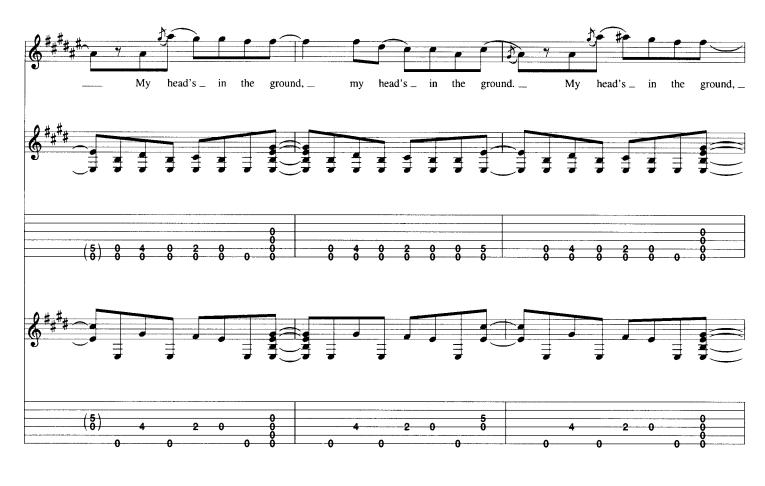


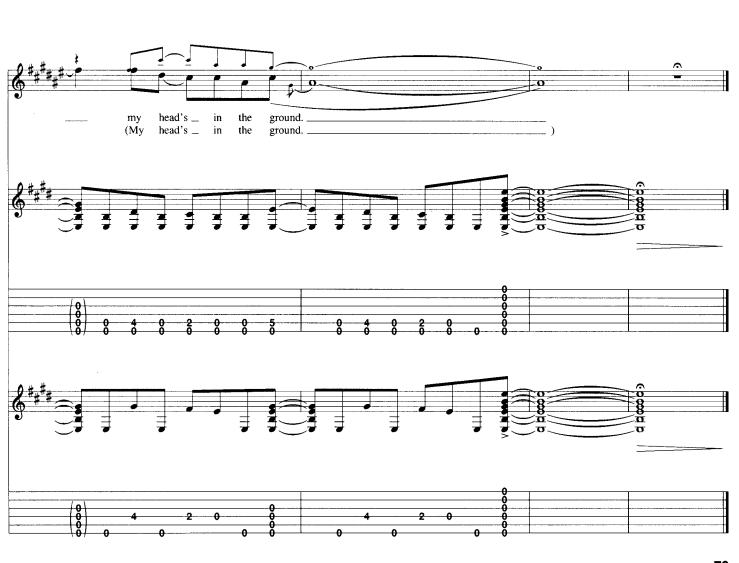












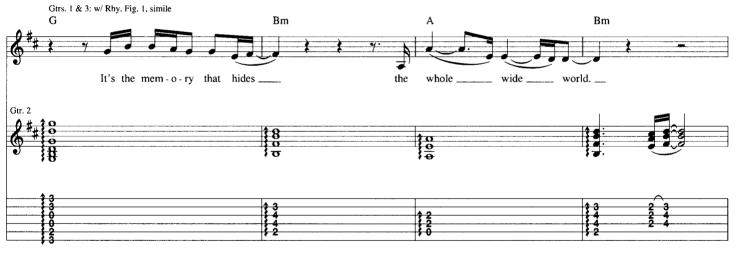
Gas Hed Goes West

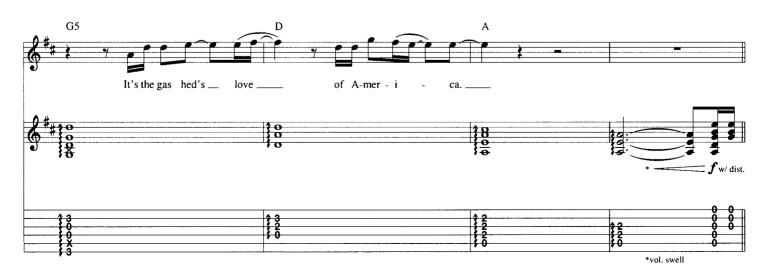
Lyrics by Edward Kowalczyk
Music by Live



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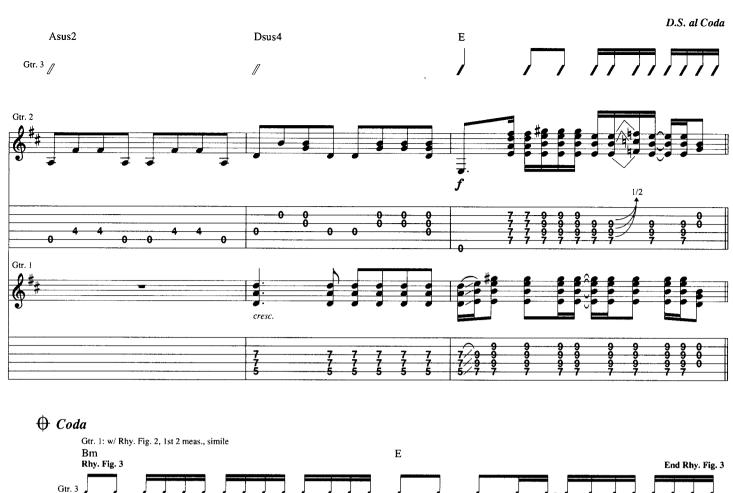


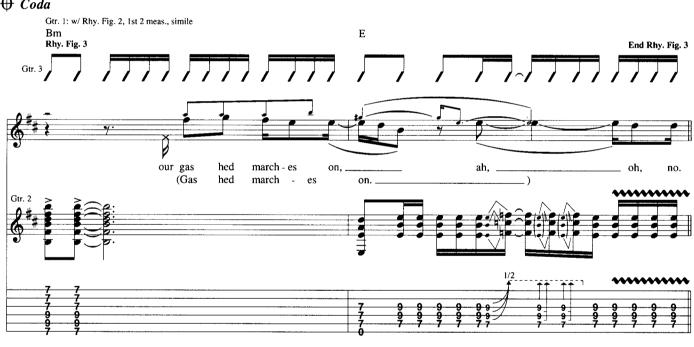


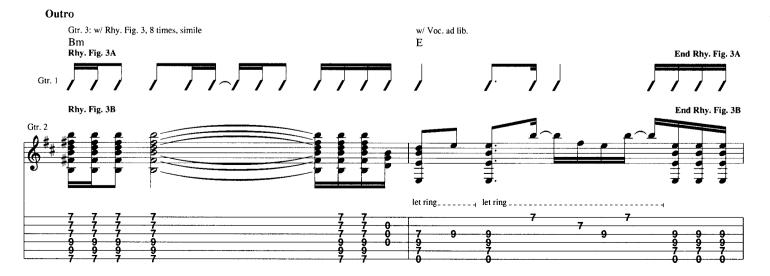


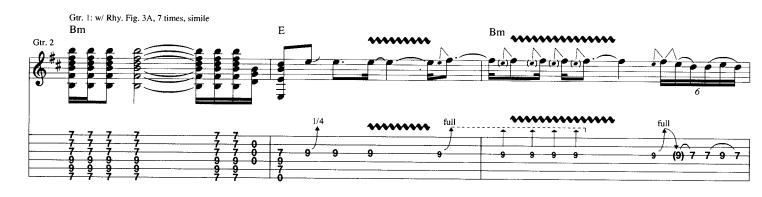








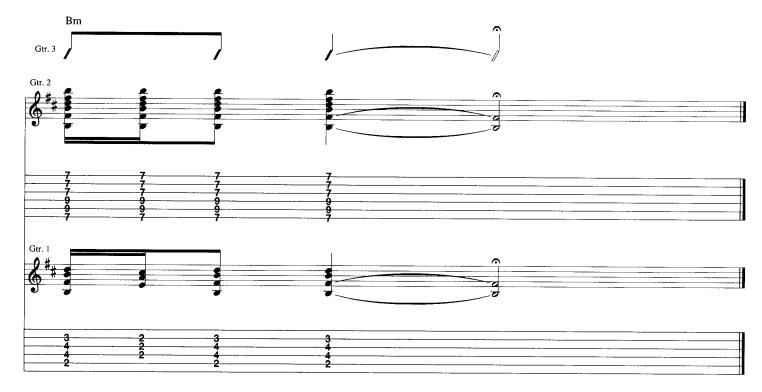












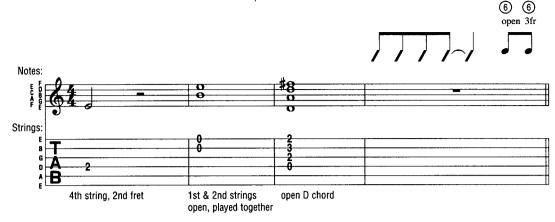
Guitar Notation Legend

Guitar Music can be notated three different ways: on a musical staff, in tablature, and in rhythm slashes.

RHYTHM SLASHES are written above the staff. Strum chords in the rhythm indicated. Use the chord diagrams found at the top of the first page of the transcription for the appropriate chord voicings. Round noteheads indicate single notes.

THE MUSICAL STAFF shows pitches and rhythms and is divided by bar lines into measures. Pitches are named after the first seven letters of the alphabet.

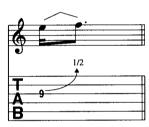
TABLATURE graphically represents the guitar fingerboard. Each horizontal line represents a a string, and each number represents a fret.



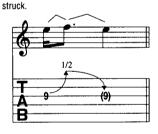
D

Definitions for Special Guitar Notation

HALF-STEP BEND: Strike the note and bend up 1/2 step.



BEND AND RELEASE: Strike the note and bend up as indicated, then release back to the original note. Only the first note is



VIBRATO: The string is vibrated by rapidly bending and releasing the note with the fretting hand.



LEGATO SLIDE: Strike the first note and then slide the same fret-hand finger up or down to the second note. The second note is not struck.



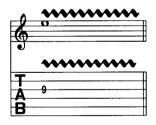
WHOLE-STEP BEND: Strike the note and bend up one step.



PRE-BEND: Bend the note as indicated, then strike it.



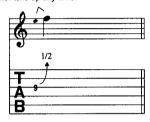
WIDE VIBRATO: The pitch is varied to a greater degree by vibrating with the fretting hand.



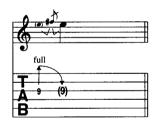
SHIFT SLIDE: Same as legato slide, except the second note is struck.



GRACE NOTE BEND: Strike the note and bend up as indicated. The first note does not take up any time.



PRE-BEND AND RELEASE: Bend the note as indicated. Strike it and release the bend back to the original note.



HAMMER-ON: Strike the first (lower) note with one finger, then sound the higher note (on the same string) with another finger by fretting it without picking.



TRILL: Very rapidly alternate between the notes indicated by continuously hammering on and pulling off.



SLIGHT (MICROTONE) BEND: Strike the note and bend up 1/4 step.

D

 $\mathbf{E} = \mathbf{G}$



UNISON BEND: Strike the two notes simultaneously and bend the lower note up to the pitch of the higher.



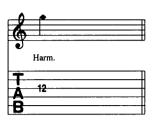
PULL-OFF: Place both fingers on the notes to be sounded. Strike the first note and without picking, pull the finger off to sound the second (lower) note.



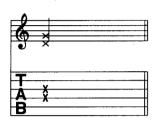
TAPPING: Hammer ("tap") the fret indicated with the pick-hand index or middle finger and pull off to the note fretted by the fret



NATURAL HARMONIC: Strike the note while the fret-hand lightly touches the string directly over the fret indicated.



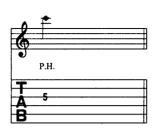
MUFFLED STRINGS: A percussive sound is produced by laying the fret hand across the string(s) without depressing, and striking them with the pick hand.



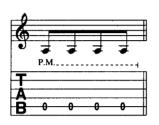
ARPEGGIATE: Play the notes of the chord indicated by quickly rolling them from bottom to top.



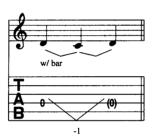
PINCH HARMONIC: The note is fretted normally and a harmonic is produced by adding the edge of the thumb or the tip of the index finger of the pick hand to the normal pick attack.



PALM MUTING: The note is partially muted by the pick hand lightly touching the string(s) just before the bridge.



VIBRATO BAR DIVE AND RETURN: The pitch of the note or chord is dropped a specified number of steps (in rhythm) then returned to the original pitch.



HARP HARMONIC: The note is fretted normally and a harmonic is produced by gently resting the pick hand's index finger directly above the indicated fret (in parentheses) while the pick hand's thumb or pick assists by plucking the appropriate string.



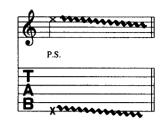
RAKE: Drag the pick across the strings indicated with a single motion.



VIBRATO BAR SCOOP: Depress the bar just before striking the note, then quickly release the bar.



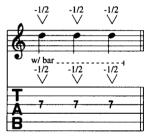
PICK SCRAPE: The edge of the pick is rubbed down (or up) the string, producing a scratchy sound.



TREMOLO PICKING: The note is picked as rapidly and continuously as possible.



VIBRATO BAR DIP: Strike the note and then immediately drop a specified number of steps, then release back to the original pitch.

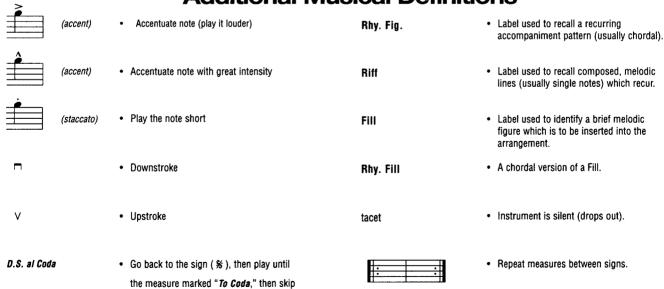


When a repeated section has different

second time.

endings, play the first ending only the first time and the second ending only the

Additional Musical Definitions



NOTE: Tablature numbers in parentheses mean:

Go back to the beginning of the song and

play until the measure marked "Fine" (end).

to the section labelled "Coda."

- 1. The note is being sustained over a system (note in standard notation is tied), or
- 2. The note is sustained, but a new articulation (such as a hammer-on, pull-off, slide or vibrato begins, or

1.

2.

3. The note is a barely audible "ghost" note (note in standard notation is also in parentheses).

D.S. al Fine